



United Nations Educational,
Scientific and Cultural organization



International Co-operation in the field of conservation and wise use of wetlands UNESCO IHP





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IHP-V



UNESCO MAB Sub-programme: „Role of Land/Inland Water Ecotones in Water Management and Restoration”

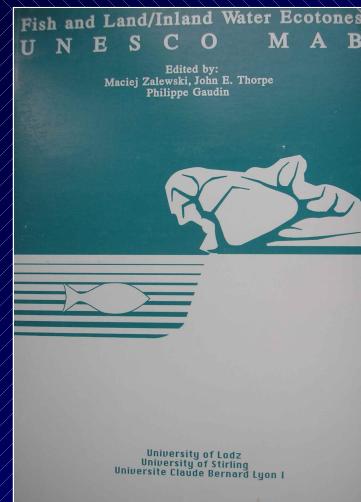
Naiman R.J., H. Decamps, F. Fournier (red.). 1989. The role of land/inland water ecotones in landscape management and restoration: a proposal for collaborative research. MAB Digest 4. UNESCO. Paris.

Schiemer, F., M. Zalewski, J.H. Thorpe (eds.) 1995. The Importance of Aquatic-Terrestrial Ecotones for Freshwater Fish. "Developments in Hydrobiology" 105 ; Hydrobiologia 303: 1-3. 278 pp.

Zalewski, M., W. Puchalski, P. Frankiewicz, B. Bis. 1994. Riparian ecotones and fish communities in rivers - intermediate complexity hypothesis. In: I. Cowx, ed. Rehabilitation of Freshwater Fisheries. Fishing New Books, Blackwell. Oxford, 152-160.

Schiemer, F., M. Zalewski. 1992. The importance of riparian ecotones for diversity and productivity of riverine fish communities. Netherlands Journal of Zoology. 42: 323-335.

Zalewski, M., J.E. Thorpe, P. Gaudin.(eds.) 1991. Fish and Land/inland Water Ecotones UNESCO MAB. Univ. Lodz, Stirling & Lyon. 102 pp.





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IHP-VI, 2002-2007

Water Interactions: Systems at Risk and Social Challenges

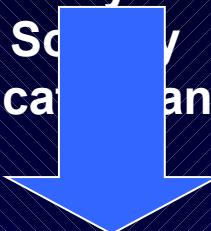
Theme 1 - Global Changes and Water Resources

Theme 2 - Integrated Watershed and Aquifer Dynamics

Theme 3 - Land Habitat Hydrology

Theme 4 - Water and Society

Theme 5 - Water Education and Training



Wetlands are identified as particular areas of concern, because they play an essential ecological role in a predominantly water-determinated environment. Wetlands are increasingly endangered by both pollution and land reclamation. Water interactions are not well known in wetlands, thus additional efforts are needed both for preservation and rehabilitation purposes.



IHP-VII (2008 – 2013) Water Dependencies: Systems under Stress and Societal Responses

**Theme 1 – Adapting to the impacts of global changes on river basins
and aquifer systems**

Theme 2 - Strengthening water governance for sustainability

Theme 3 - Ecohydrology for sustainable development

Theme 4 - Water and life support systems

Theme 5 - Water education for sustainable development

F Focal area 1.4 - Managing groundwater systems' response to global changes
F Objectives
Solutions with ecological biotechnologies S

Focal area 3.3 - Risk-based environmental management and accounting

**Focal area 3.4 - Groundwater-dependent ecosystems identification, inventory
and assessment**



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Demonstration Projects on ECOHYDROLOGY UNESCO IHP





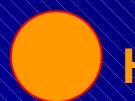
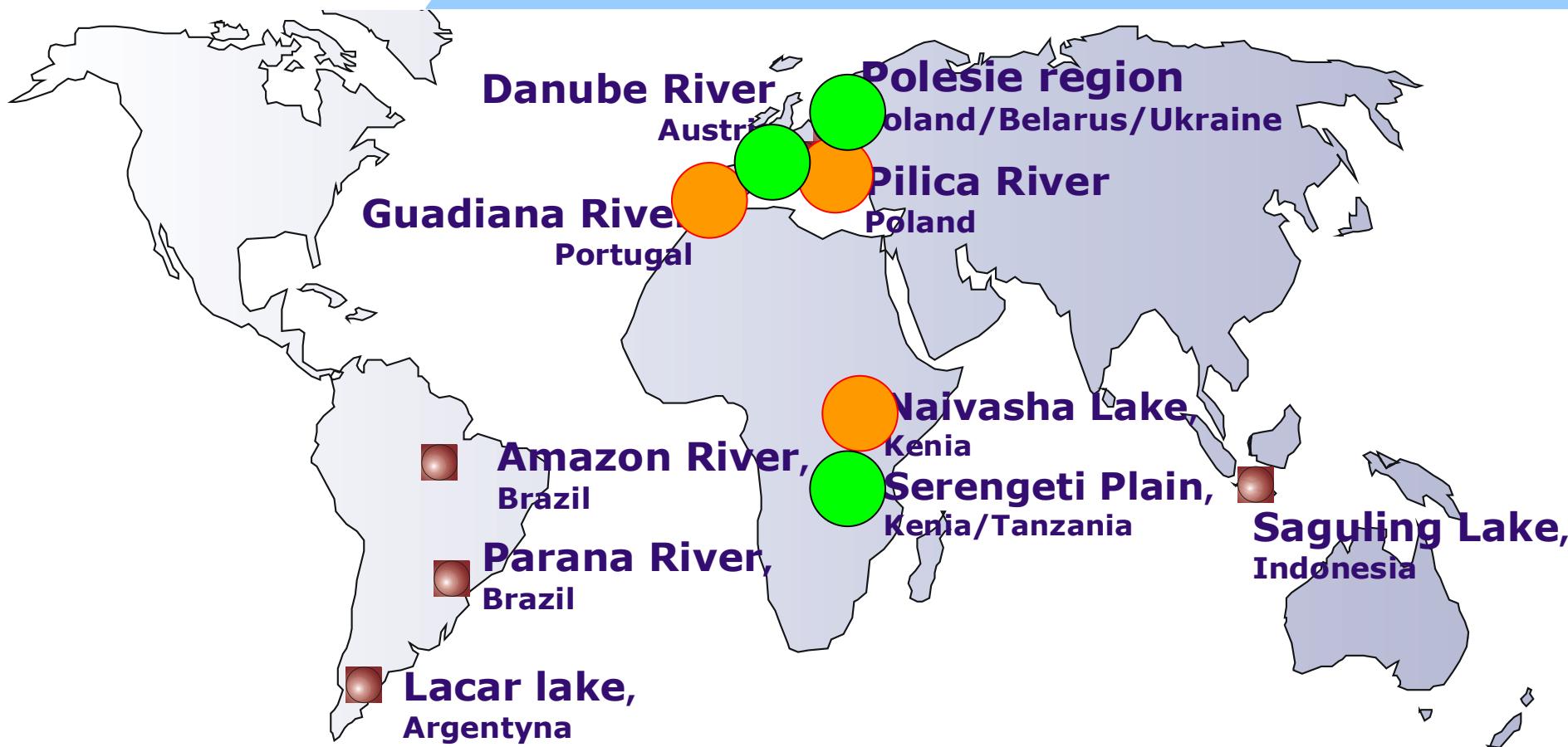
GOALS ADDRESSED

- demonstrating the application of the ecohydrology approach to solve issues surrounding water, environment and people;
- contributing to the development of research on ecohydrology and to the increase in scientific knowledge to implement integrated watershed management and identify solutions to sustainable development in ecological and social systems in which water acts as a main driver; and
- validation, both in qualitative and quantitative terms, of the effectiveness of the ecohydrology approach in practice, based on the Ecohydrology Project SAC and IHP recommendations.

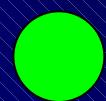
Joint IHP-MAB Main Line of Action 4 for 2004 – 2005 of Subprogramme II.1



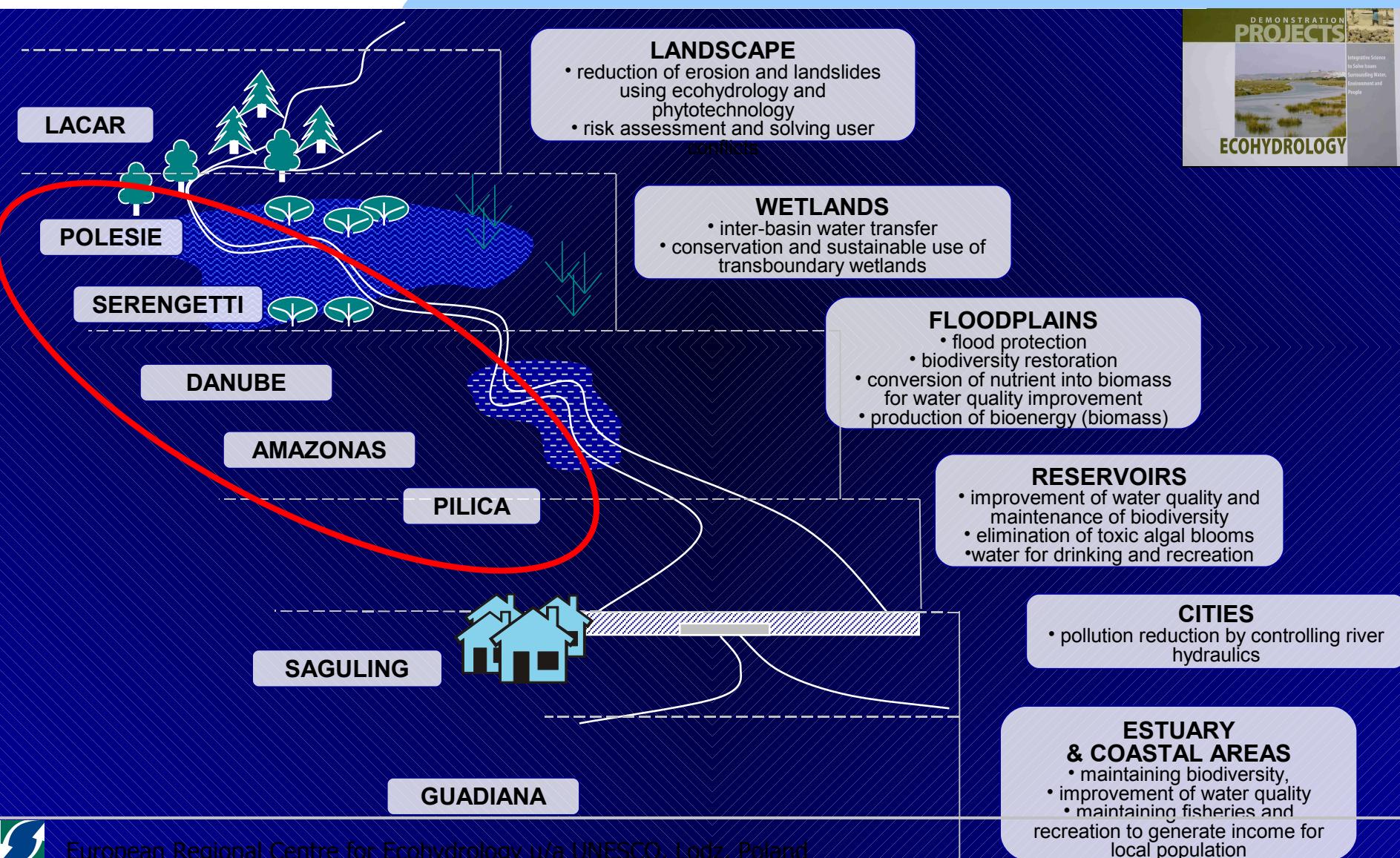
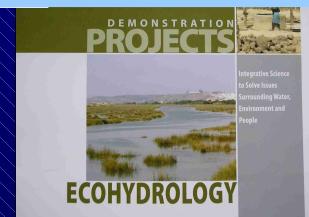
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HELP BASINS



MAB RESERVES





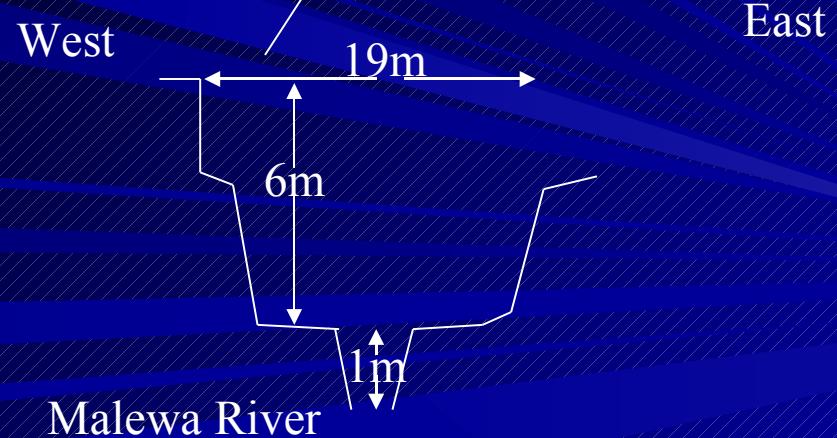
IMPACTS

KENIA

In the inflow delta the Malewa has cut down through alluvial sediments as the water table remains at lake level, *C. papyrus* dries as river no longer spreads out.

Earlier channels as river branched through papyrus swamp

Malewa is 4-6 m below land surface in areas that used to be Swamp

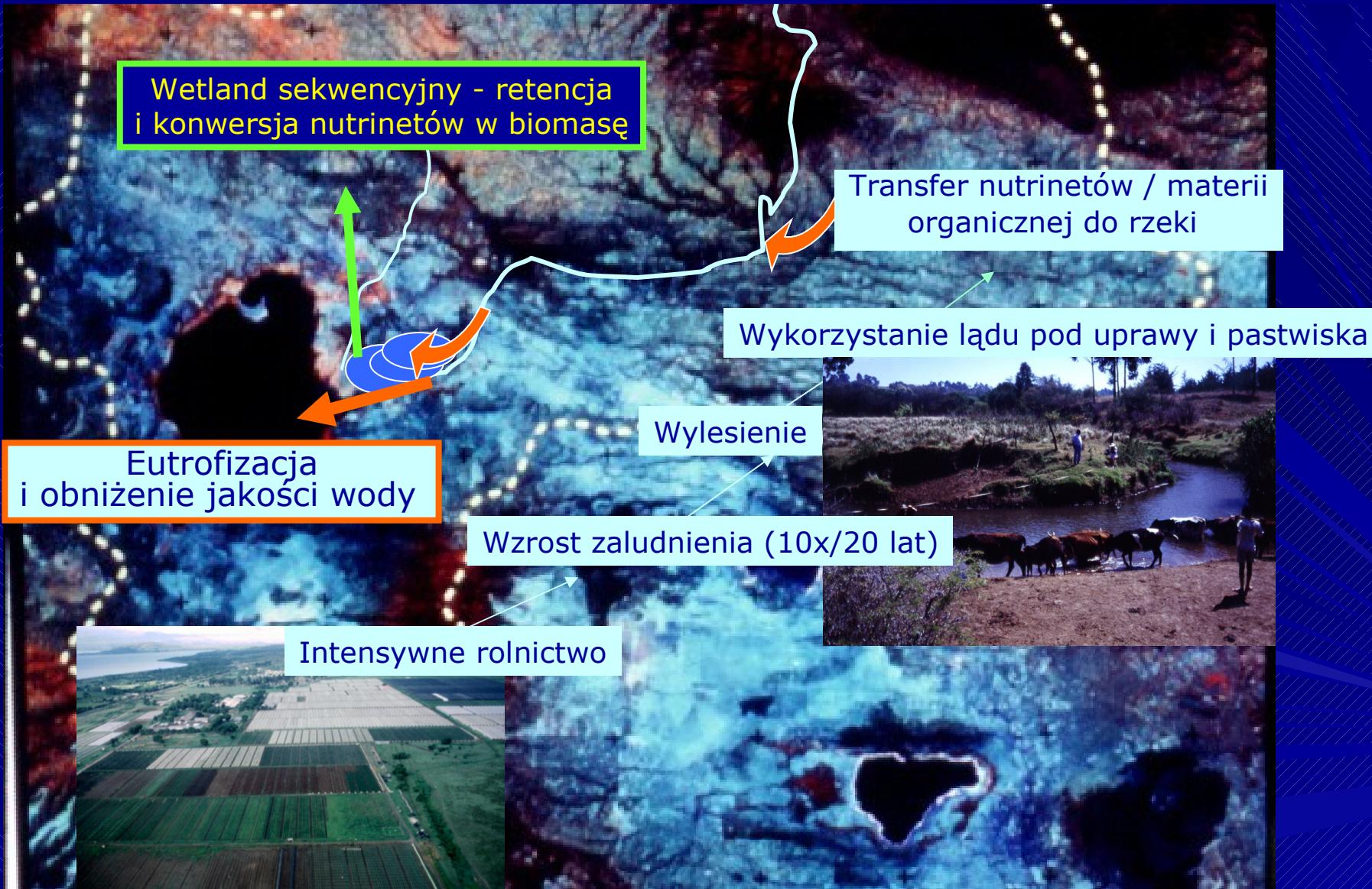




KENIA

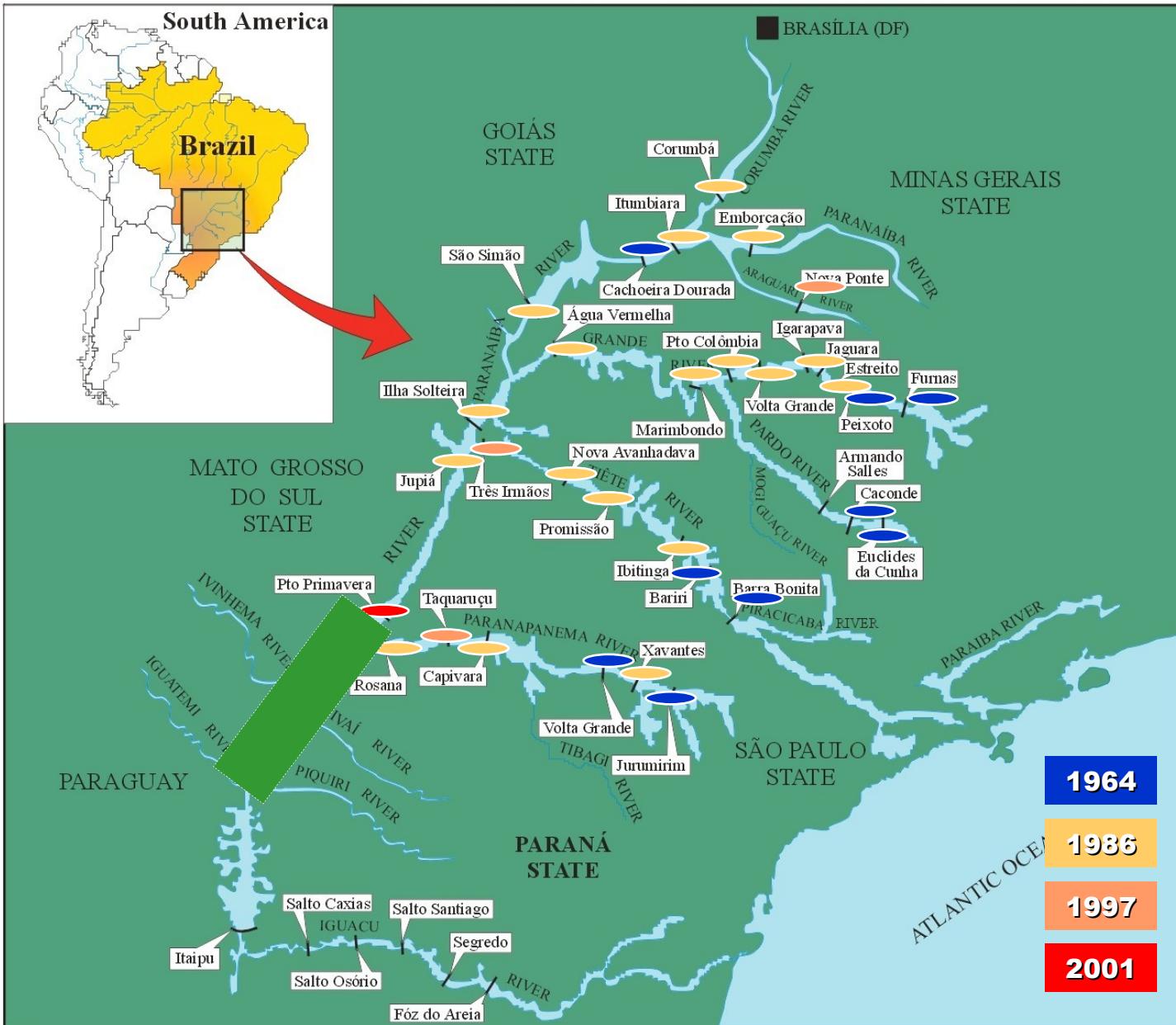
Reduction of eutrophication by conversion of nutrients and sediment into biomass for sustainable use and biodiversity restoration

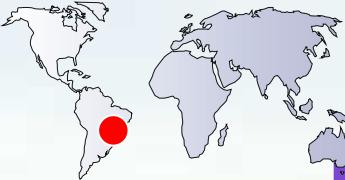
Naivasha Lake





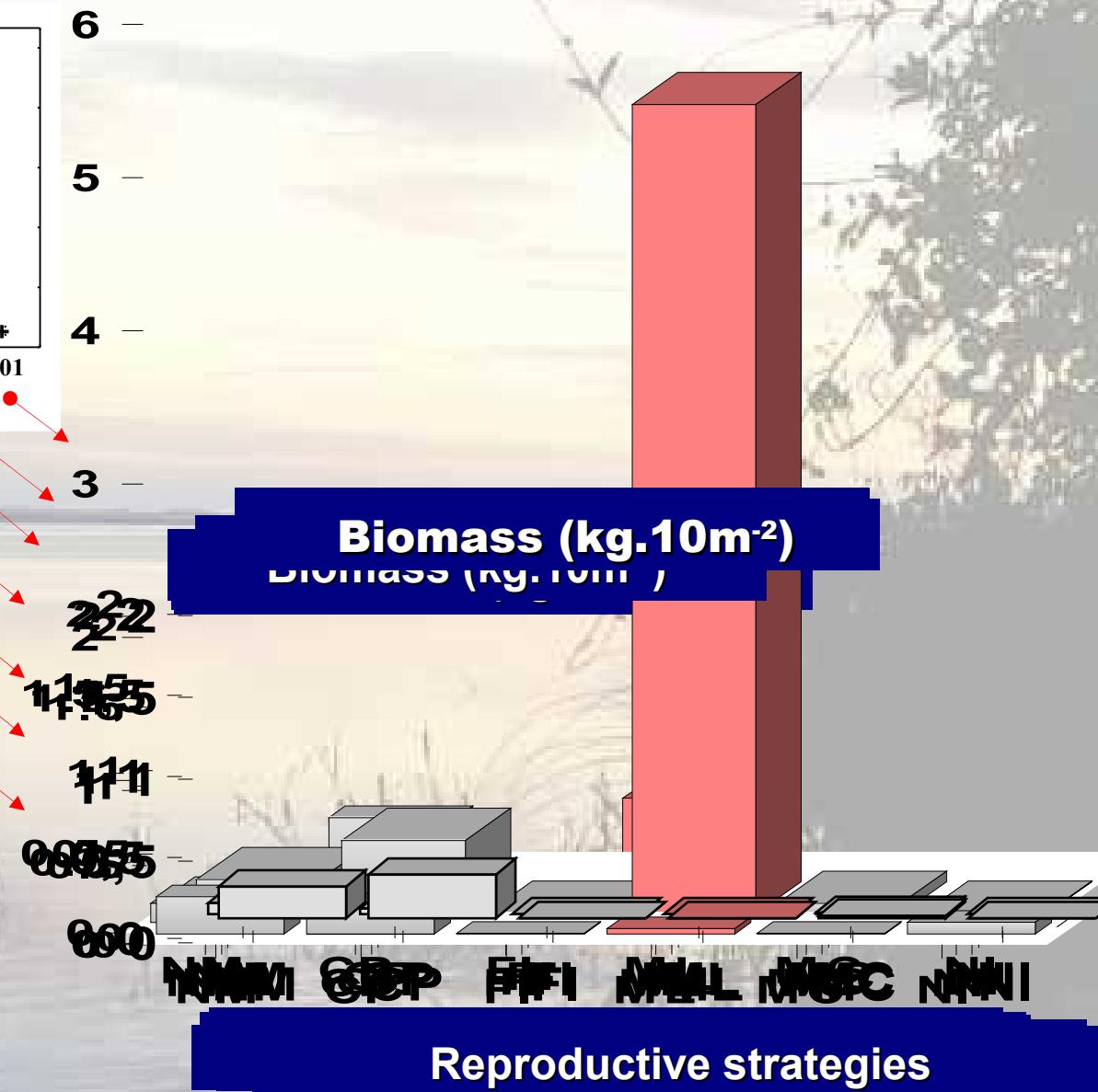
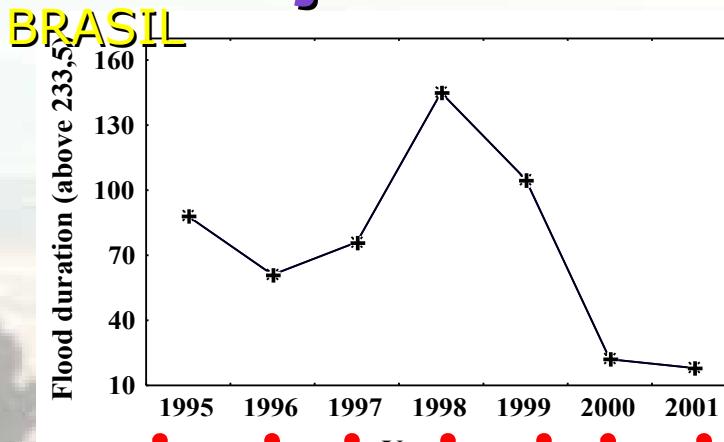
BRASIL





Flood duration x juveniles abundance

Biomass (kg.10m⁻²)





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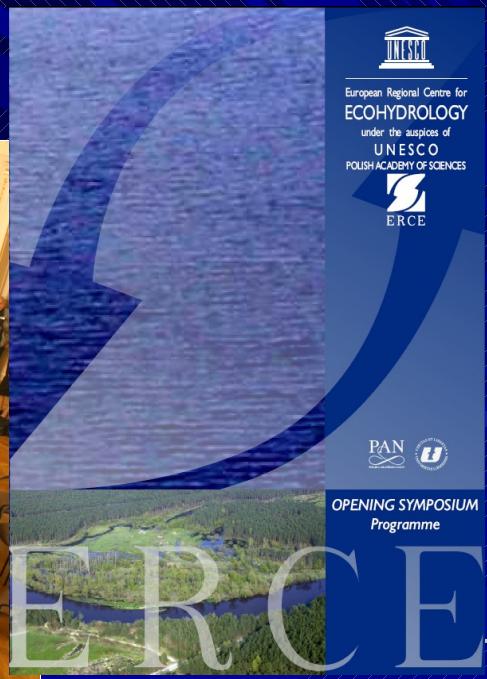


ERCE Opening Symposium



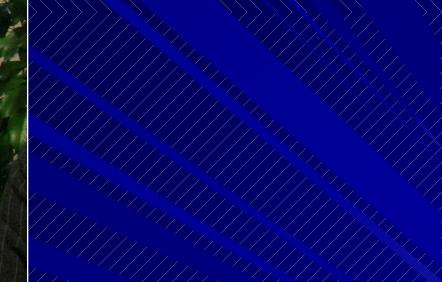
Opening Symposium of the
European Regional Centre for Ecohydrology
under the auspices of UNESCO

31st May 2006
ERCE, Poland





Education and Training



- Advance Study Courses

(Austria, Croatia, Hungary, Italy, Poland, Portugal)

- Scholarships and students exchange, post-graduate scholarships

(Australia, Belarus, Brazil, Ethiopia, France, Greece, Ireland, Kenya, DR Congo, Mali, Morocco, Nigeria, Portugal, Turkey, UK, Ukraine and others);

- University Curriculum

(classes for students of the University of Lodz, Faculties of: Geography, Biology, Environment Protection)



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The image shows the front cover of a publication. At the top left is the UNEP logo. The title 'Guidelines for the Integrated Management of the Watershed - Phytotechnology and Ecohydrology' is centered. Below the title is a photograph of a river flowing through a landscape. The right side of the cover has vertical text: 'INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CENTRE' and 'INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION'. The bottom left corner contains text: 'United Nations Environment Programme Division of Technology, Industry and Economics'. The bottom right corner features a diagram illustrating the relationship between Biota, Regulation, and Hydrology, with a photograph of a wetland area below it.

INTERNATIONAL EDUCATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CULTURAL ORGANIZATION
INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CENTRE
INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENT PROGRAMME
THE UNITED NATIONS ENVIRONMENT PROGRAMME
INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY CENTRE

United Nations Environment Programme
Division of Technology, Industry and Economics

BIOTA
REGULATION
HYDROLOGY

Integrated Watershed Management
- Ecohydrology & Phytotechnology -
- Manual -

Guidelines for the Integrated Management of the Watershed -Phytotechnology and Ecohydrology", UNEP/UNESCO 2002

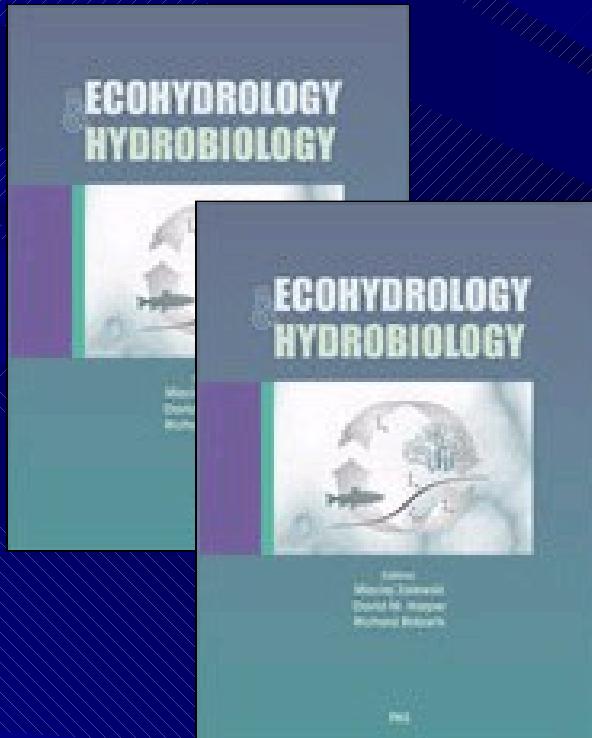
<http://www.unep.or.jp/ietc/publications/Freshwater/FMS5>

Integrated Watershed Management - Ecohydrology & Phytotechnology - Manual UNESCO/UNEP, 2004

http://www.unep.or.jp/ietc/Publications/Water_Sanitation/integrated_watershed_mgmt_manual



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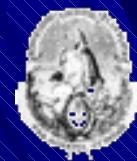


International Journal Ecohydrology & Hydrobiology

Launched in 2001
PL ISSN 1642-3593

A screenshot of a Microsoft Internet Explorer browser window displaying the website for the International Journal of Ecohydrology & Hydrobiology. The page shows an aerial photograph of a river and its surroundings. Below the image, there are sections for 'Home - archives' and 'Archives'. Under 'Archives', two volumes are listed: 'Vol 1, No 1-2, Year 2001' and 'Vol 1, No 3, Year 2001'. Each volume entry includes a list of download links for PDF and ZIP files related to the special issue, abstracts, and workshop proceedings.

<http://www.ecohydro.pl/>



"Masters Course in Environmental Evaluation of Hydrologic Systems – Ecohydrology"

Universidad Nacional de La Plata
Facultad de Ciencias Naturales y Museo
y Facultad de Ingeniería

home - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Plik Edycja Widok Ulubione Narzędzia Pomoc

Wstecz Wyszukaj Ulubione AutoLink AutoFill Options

Adres http://www.ing.unlp.edu.ar/eco hidrologia/home.htm

Google Search 52 blocked ABC Check AutoLink AutoFill Options Norton AntiVirus

eco hidrología/

Maestría en evaluación ambiental
de sistemas hidrológicos

Universidad Nacional de La Plata
Facultad de Ciencias Naturales y Museo
y Facultad de Ingeniería

/home/ directivos docentes módulos tesis contenidos programas calendario requisitos

Fundamentos

Es escasa en Argentina y Latinoamérica en general la actividad de formación de postgrado en el tema específico que suscita esta propuesta.

En nuestro país se asiste hoy en día a una profusa oferta de especializaciones y maestrías en los temas ambientales, en su mayoría carente de contenido académico o a cargo de instituciones sin trayectoria en las actividades de postgrado.

Suele suceder entonces que los egresados de un maestría reciben un diploma que en la práctica real no es reconocido o apreciado por su capacitación.

Una verdadera Maestría tiene como objetivo proporcionar formación superior en el área de una disciplina científica o en interdisciplina, profundizándola en el desarrollo teórico, tecnológico, profesional, para la investigación, el estudio y adiestramiento en los temas involucrados.

La formación debe completarse con la presentación individual de un trabajo de Tesis, creativo y que demuestre la destreza en el manejo conceptual y metodológico correspondiente al estado actual del conocimiento en las áreas disciplinarias o interdisciplinarias del caso. Conduce al otorgamiento de un título Académico de Magíster con especificación precisa del área disciplinaria o interdisciplinaria que incluye.

En nuestro caso específico, se trata indudablemente de una capacitación de interdisciplina, necesaria para un país altamente dependiente de sus recursos hídricos. El ordenamiento hidráulico, la construcción de obras civiles e hidráulicas, la explotación de los recursos subterráneos para abastecimiento público, industria o agricultura no pueden prescindir en el mundo moderno de la necesaria componente ambiental, en la fase preventiva o de proyectos.

Por otra parte el agua es receptor universal de la contaminación

University of La Plata, Argentina



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UNESCO IHP HEADQUARTER

International Hydrological Programme (IHP)
UNESCO/Division of Water Sciences (SC/HYD)

1 rue Miollis
75732 Paris Cedex 15
FRANCE

Tel : +33 1 45 68 40 01
Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 11
Email: ihp@unesco.org

Programme officer: Mrs Lisa Hiwasaki

<http://www.unesco.org/water/>



United Nations Educational,
Scientific and Cultural organization



Regional Offices for UNESCO

Africa

UNESCO Nairobi Office
Mr. Emmanuel Naah
PO Box 30592
Nairobi, Kenya
Tel.: + 254 20 62 23 51
Fax: + 254 20 21 59 91
e.naah@unesco.org

Europe

UNESCO Venice Office
Mr. Philippe Pypaert
Castello 4930
Palazzo Zorzi
30122 Venice, Italy
Tel.: + 39 41 520 07 97
Fax: + 39 41 528 99 95
p.pypaert@unesco.org

South and Central Asia

UNESCO New Delhi Office
Mr. Bhanu Neupane
B 5/29 Safdarjung Enclave
New Delhi 110029, India
Tel.: + 91 11 671 3000
Fax: + 91 11 671 3001 / 3002
b.neupane@unesco.org

Arab States

UNESCO Cairo Office
Mr. Radwan Al-Weshah
8 Abdel Rahman Fahmy St
Garden City
Cairo 11511, Egypt
Tel.: + 202 794 30 36 / 5599
Fax: + 202 794 52 96
r.weshah@mail.unesco.org.eg

Latin America and the Caribbean

UNESCO Montevideo Office
Ms. María Concepción Donoso
Edificio MERCOSUR
Calle Dr. Luis Piera 1992, 2° piso
PO Box 859
11200 Montevideo, Uruguay
Tel.: + 598 2 413 20 75
Fax: + 598 2 413 20 94
phi@unesco.org.uy

Southeast Asia and the Pacific

UNESCO Jakarta Office
Mr. Giuseppe Arduino
UNESCO House
Jalan Galuh (II), No. 5
Kebayoran Baru
P.O. Box 1273/JKT
Jakarta Selatan 12110, Indonesia
Tel.: + 62 21 739 9818
Fax: + 62 21 7279 6489
garduino@unesco.org



United Nations Educational,
Scientific and Cultural organization



**European Regional Centre for Ecohydrology
3, Tylna Str
90-364 Lodz, Poland
+48 (42) 681 70 07
mcepan@mcepan.lodz.pl
www.mcepan.lodz.pl**

www.erce.unesco.lodz.pl



under the auspices of
International Hydrological Programme
UNESCO

19-23 MAY 2008, LODZ, POLAND

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

Ecohydrological Processes and Sustainable Floodplain Management

Opportunities and Concepts for
Water Hazard Mitigation,
and Ecological and Socioeconomic
Sustainability

