

Project of the mires inventory in the Karkonosze National Park as the basis for their monitoring and protection



Třeboň, 4-10 June 2007

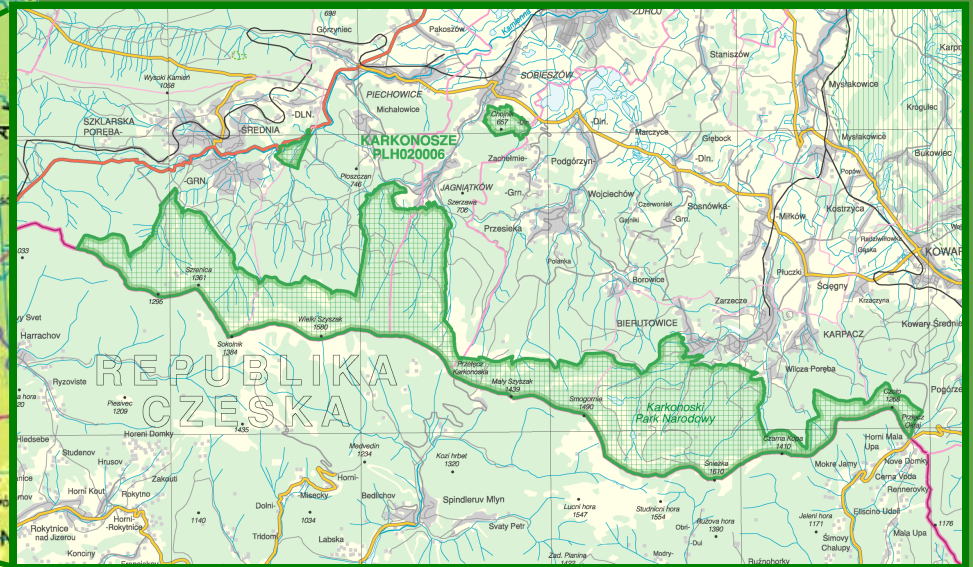
Mires in the mountains?

- ▶ **landscape features**
- ▶ **precipitation**

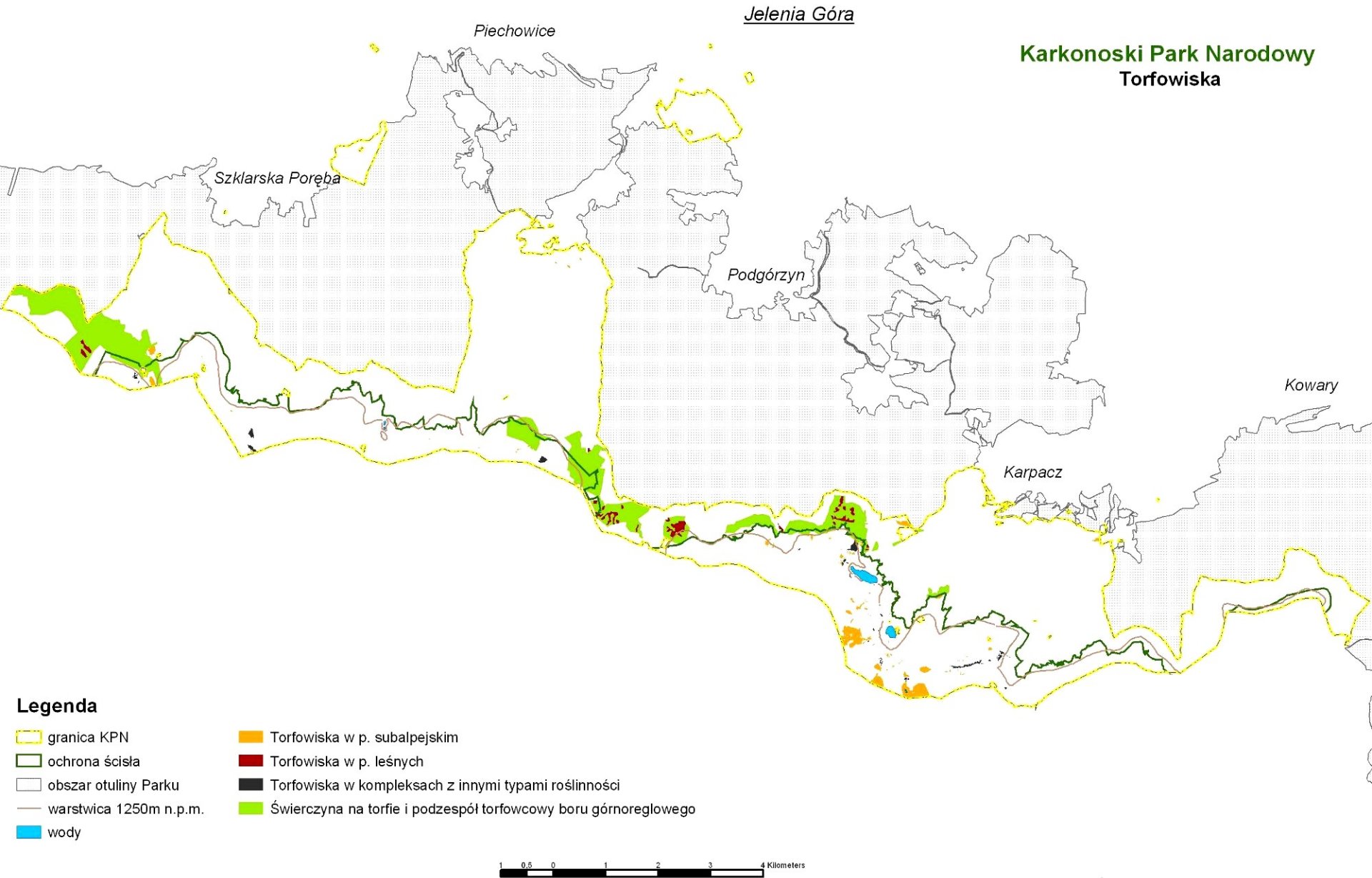


KARKONOSZE NATIONAL PARK

- ▶ established on 16th January 1959
- ▶ covers area of 5,585 ha

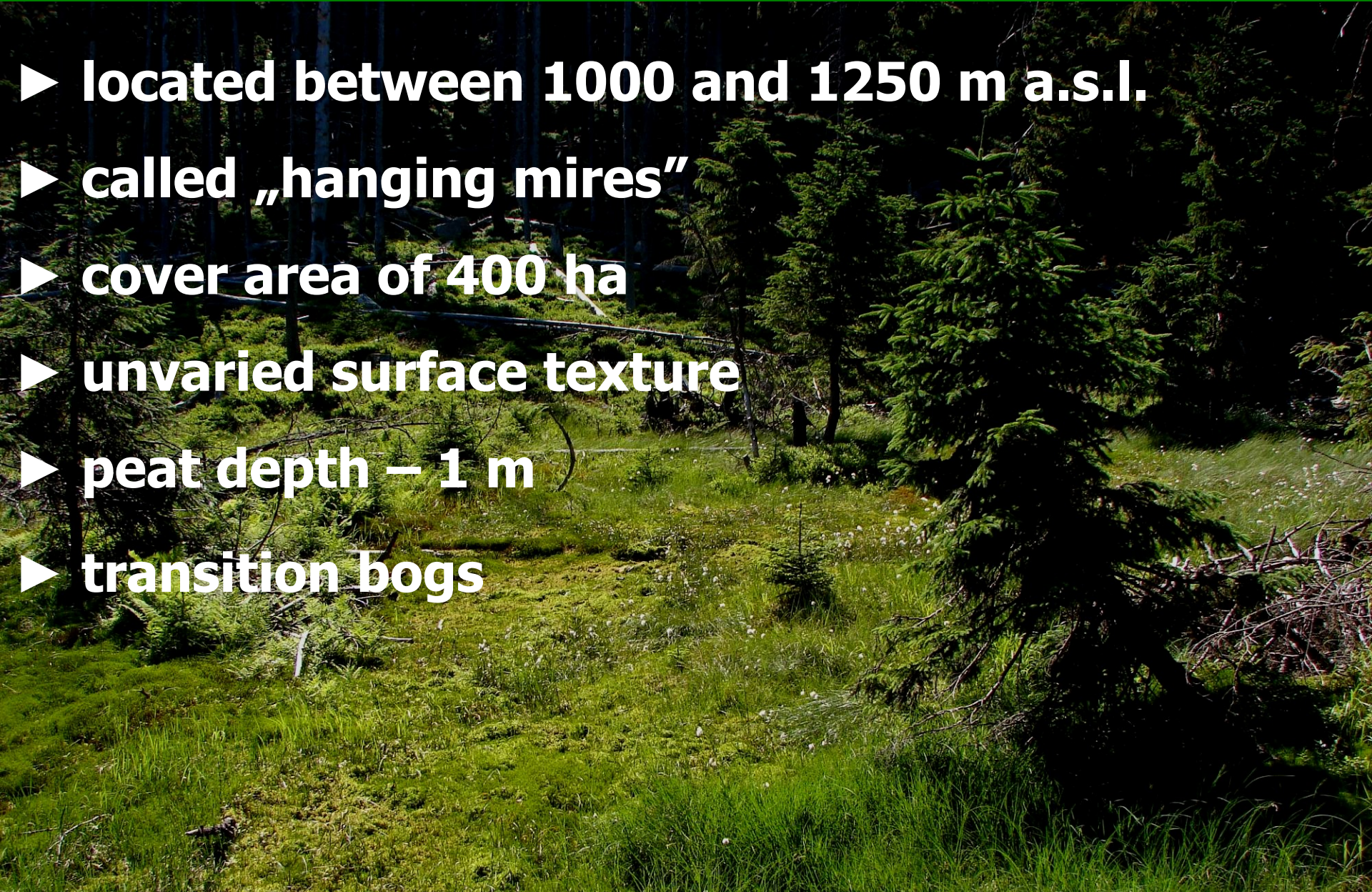


Mires in the Karkonosze National Park



Mires of the upper forest zone

- ▶ located between 1000 and 1250 m a.s.l.
- ▶ called „hanging mires“
- ▶ cover area of 400 ha
- ▶ unvaried surface texture
- ▶ peat depth – 1 m
- ▶ transition bogs



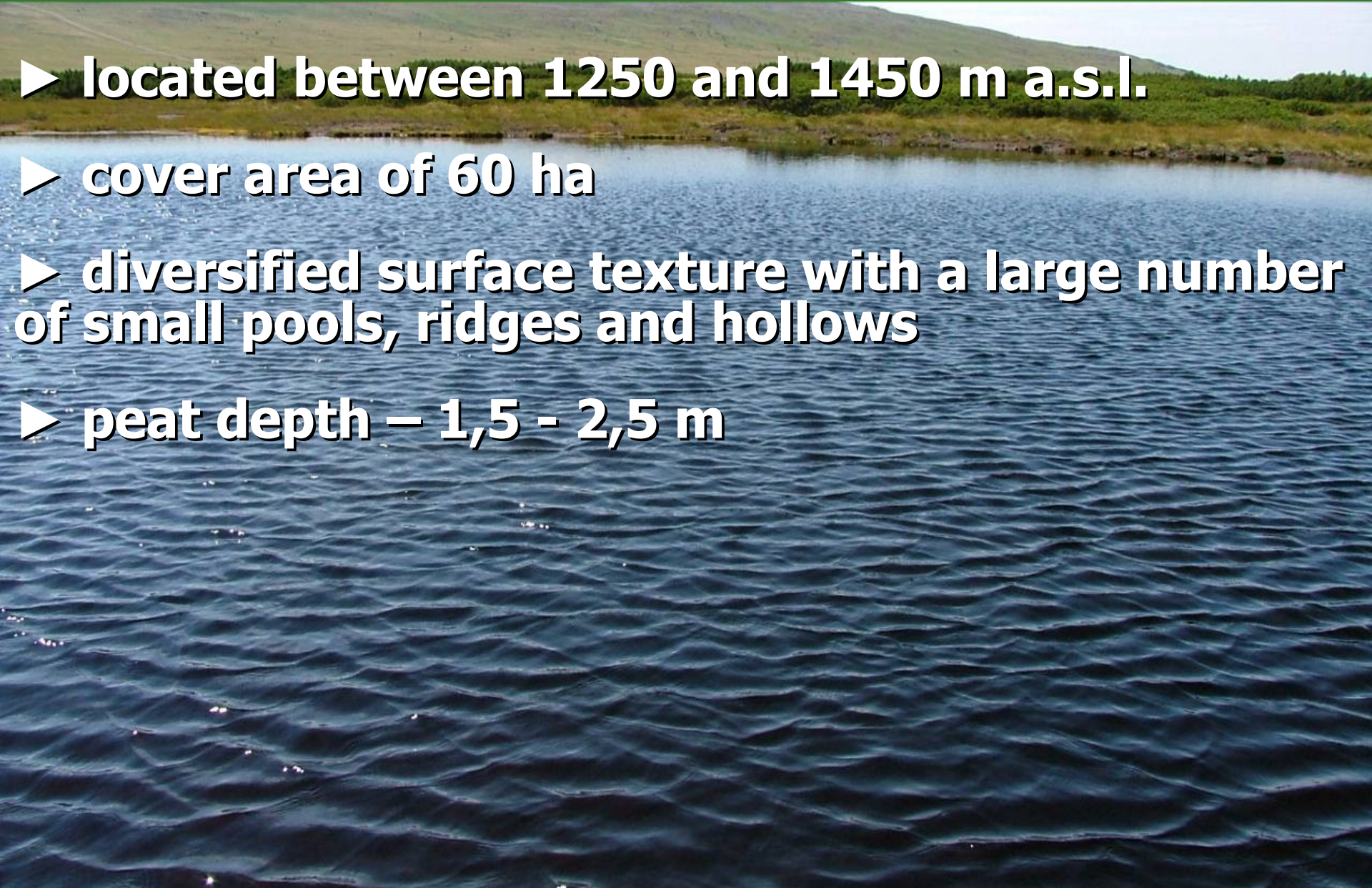








Mires of the subalpine zone

- ▶ located between 1250 and 1450 m a.s.l.
 - ▶ cover area of 60 ha
 - ▶ diversified surface texture with a large number of small pools, ridges and hollows
 - ▶ peat depth – 1,5 - 2,5 m
- 









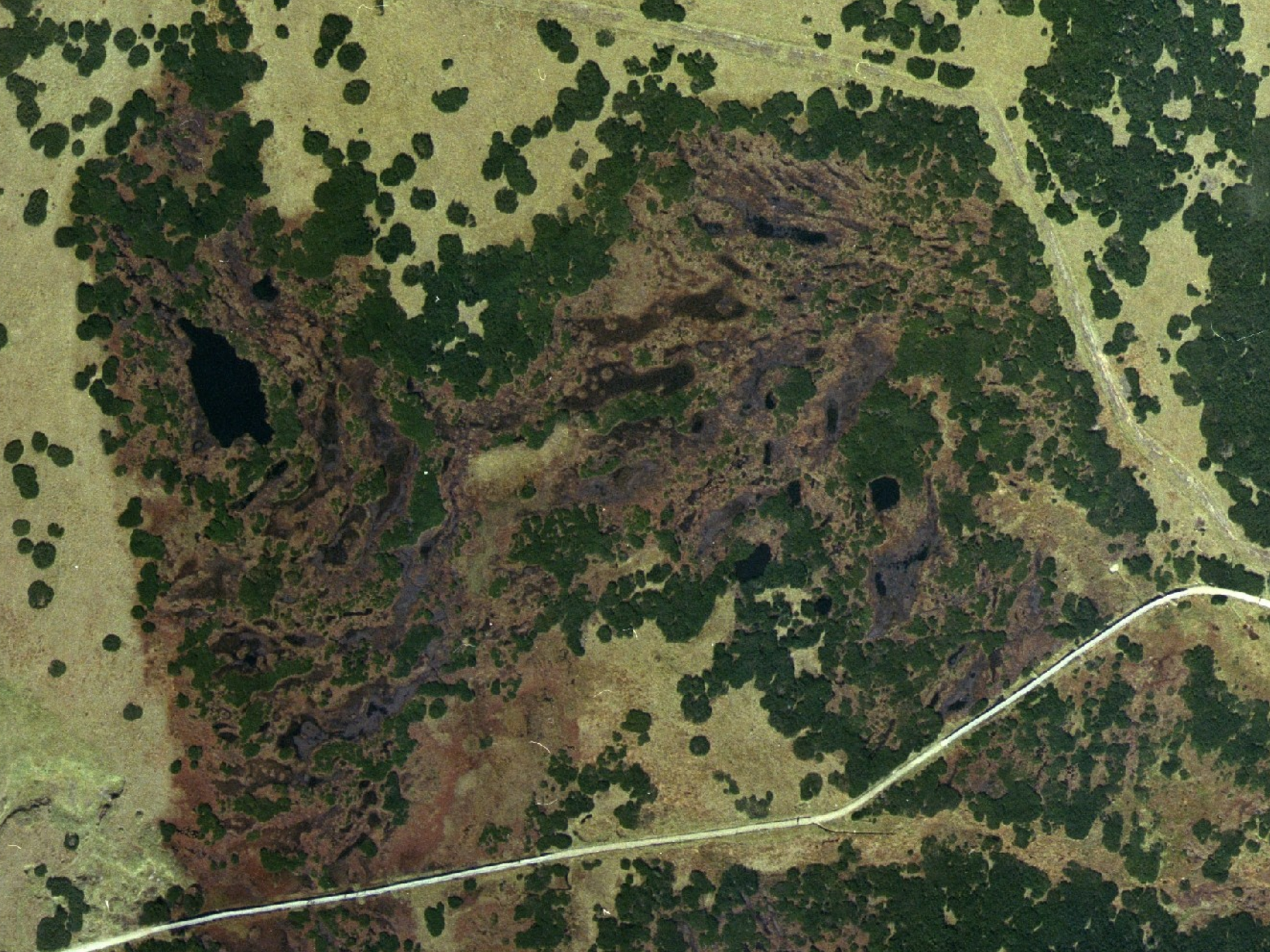




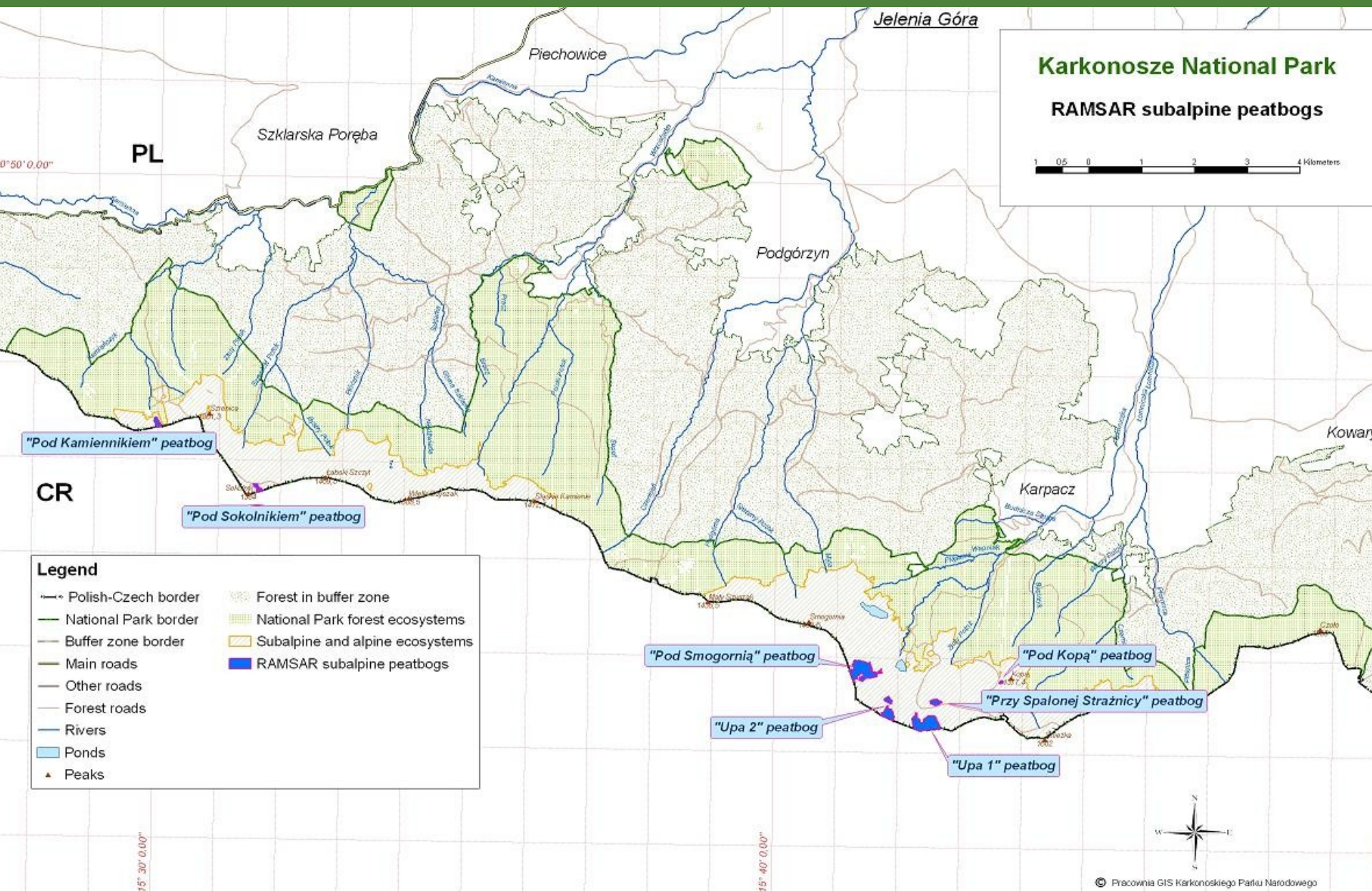












Karkonosze National Park

RAMSAR subalpine peatbogs



- Legend**
- Polish-Czech border
 - National Park border
 - Buffer zone border
 - Main roads
 - Other roads
 - Forest roads
 - Rivers
 - ▒ Ponds
 - ▲ Peaks
 - ▒ Forest in buffer zone
 - ▒ National Park forest ecosystems
 - ▒ Subalpine and alpine ecosystems
 - RAMSAR subalpine peatbogs



Mires inventory

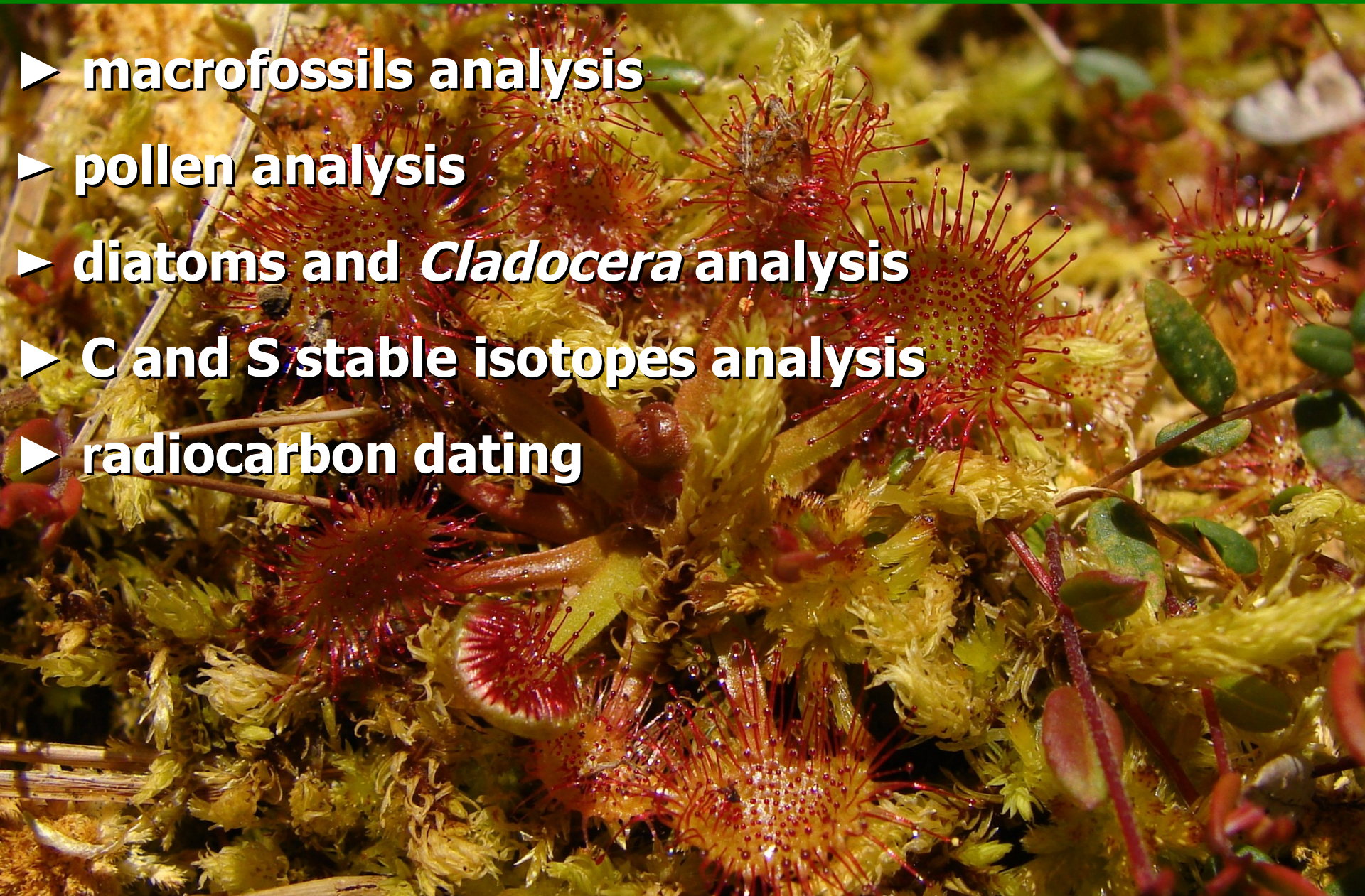
- ▶ **lack of monitoring :-)**
- ▶ **detailed inventory as the basis for the planning of the monitoring**
- ▶ **results of inventory as the key for the monitoring data analysis**
- ▶ **PALAEOECOLOGY!!!**

Mires inventory – first step

- ▶ **location**
 - ▶ **peat thickness measurement**
 - ▶ **plant communities map**
 - ▶ **lithological description of the profiles and construction of the mire cross-section**
- 

Mires inventory – second step

- ▶ **macrofossils analysis**
- ▶ **pollen analysis**
- ▶ **diatoms and *Cladocera* analysis**
- ▶ **C and S stable isotopes analysis**
- ▶ **radiocarbon dating**



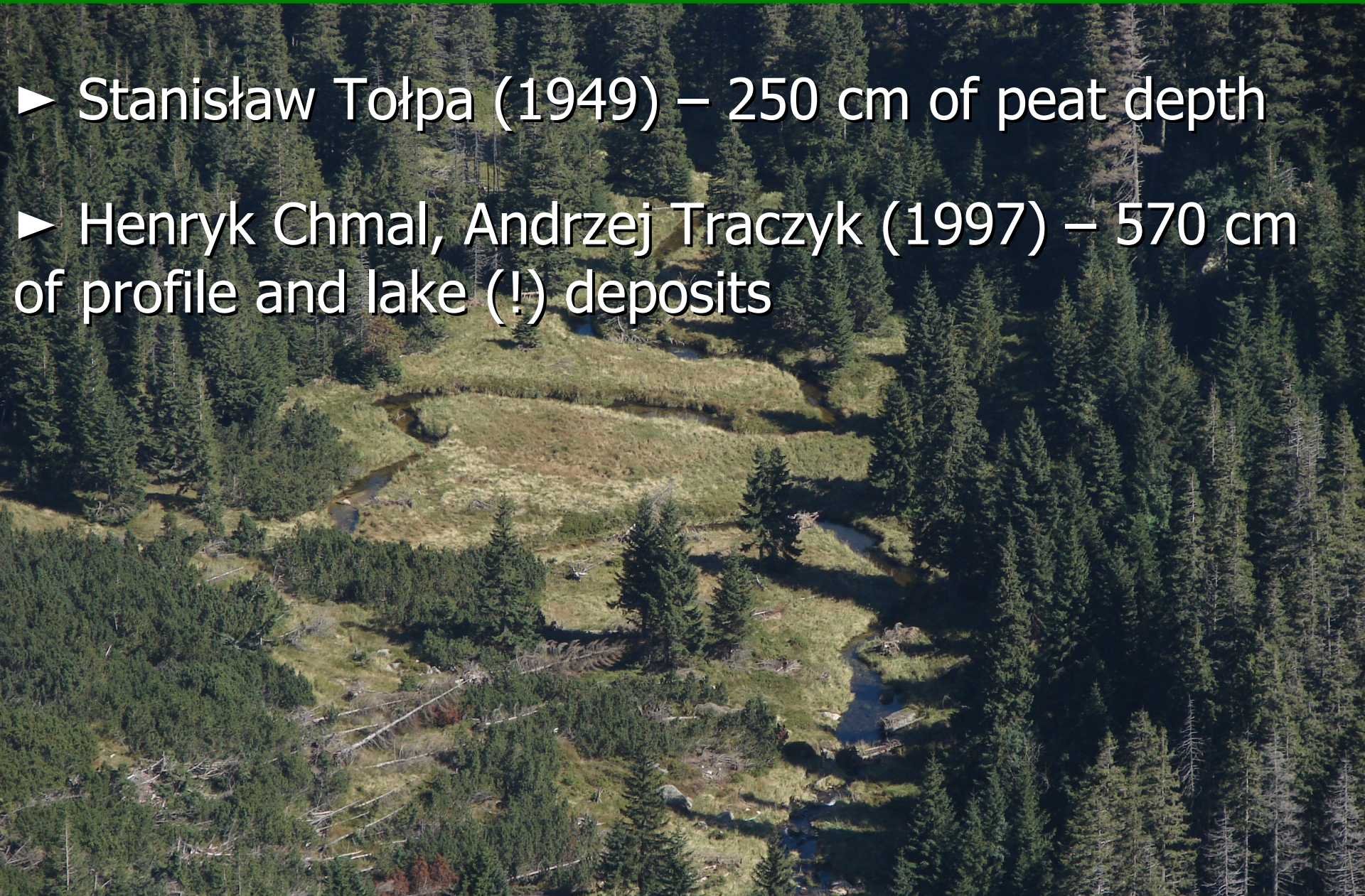
The Łomnica Valley Peatland

first step of the inventory



The Łomnica Valley Peatland

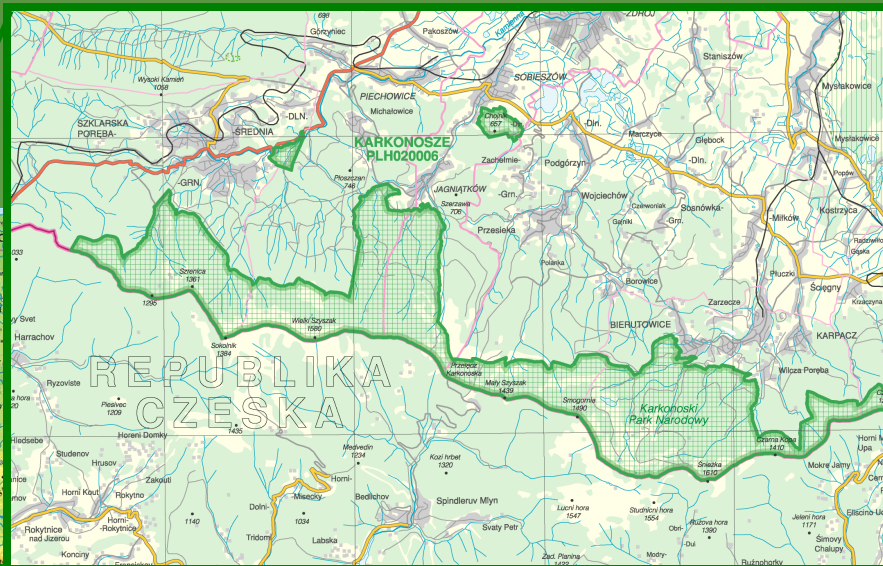
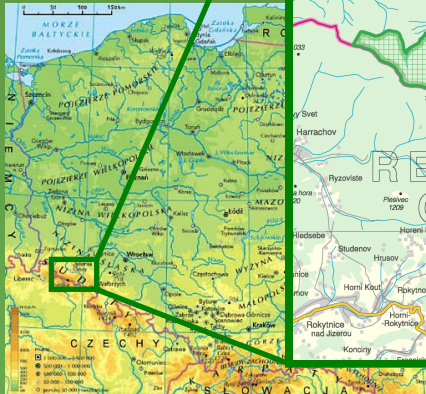
- ▶ Stanisław Tołpa (1949) – 250 cm of peat depth
- ▶ Henryk Chmal, Andrzej Traczyk (1997) – 570 cm of profile and lake (!) deposits



The Łomnica Valley Peatland

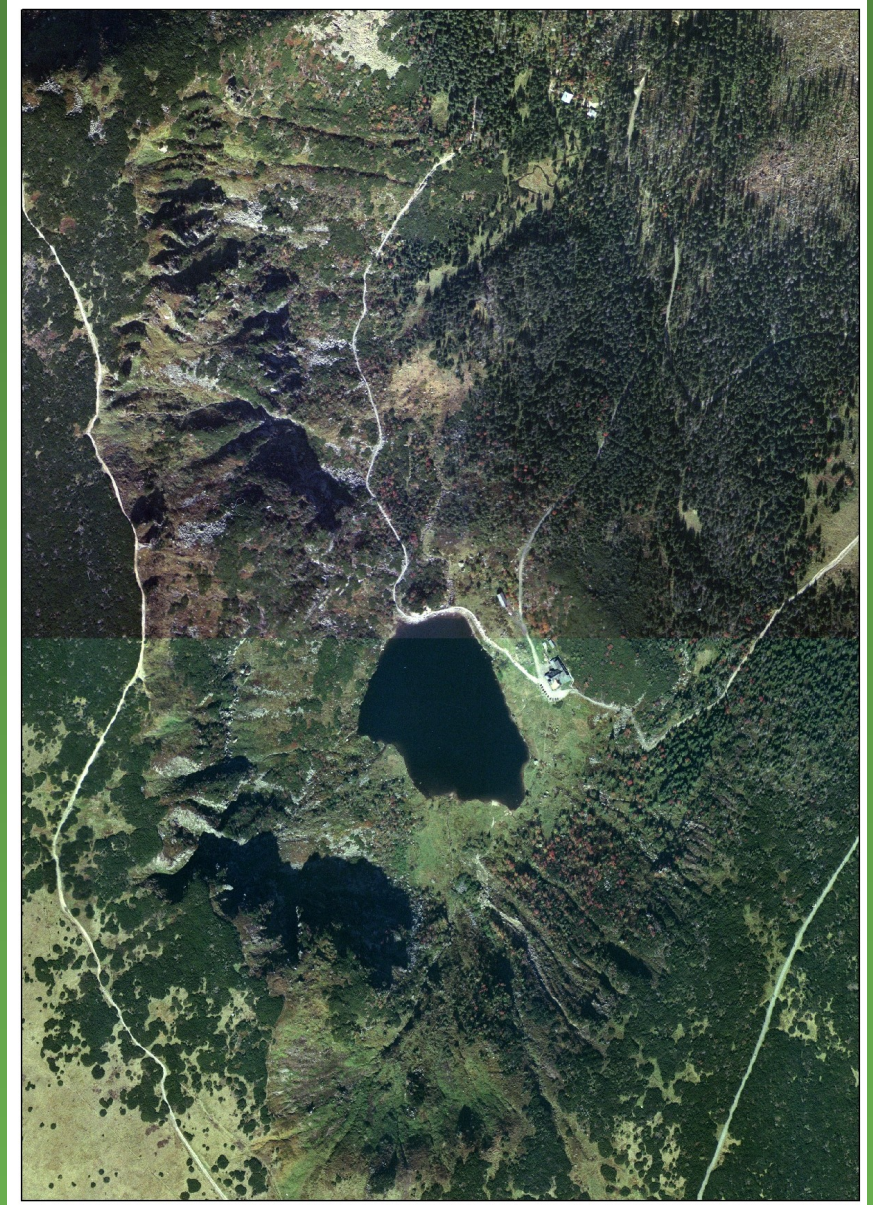
► located in the northern part of the Small Lake Cirque (Kocioł Małego Stawu) in the eastern Karkonosze

50°45'17"N, 15°42'09"E



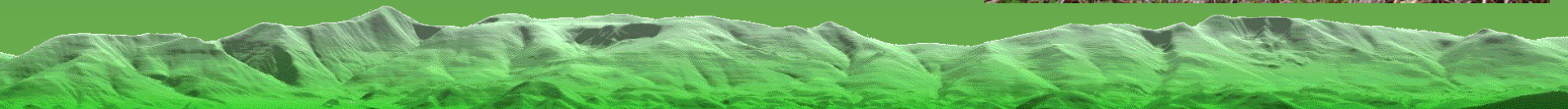
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► The Small Lake Cirque (Kocioł Małego Stawu)



The Łomnica Valley Peatland

- ▶ the depth of the deposits measurement



The Łomnica Valley Peatland



field work...

The Łomnica Valley Peatland

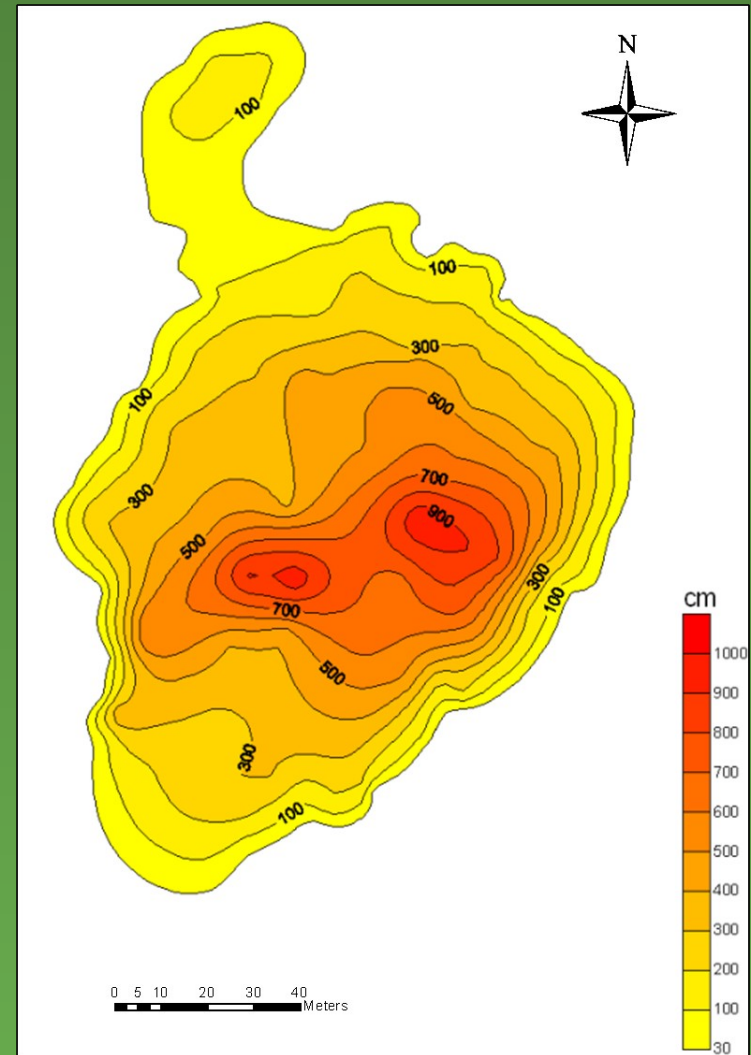
- ▶ peatland's border
– 30 cm

- ▶ peatland's area
– 1,29 ha



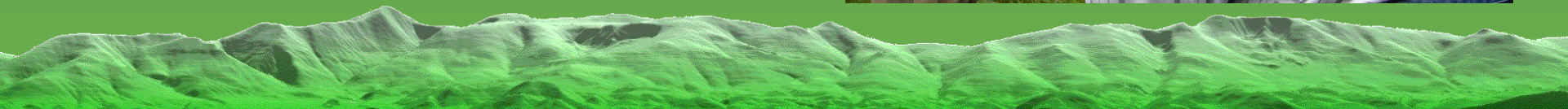
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- ▶ map of the depth of the deposits
- ▶ maximum depth of the organic deposits in polish part of the Karkonosze Mts. – 987 cm!!!



The Łomnica Valley Peatland

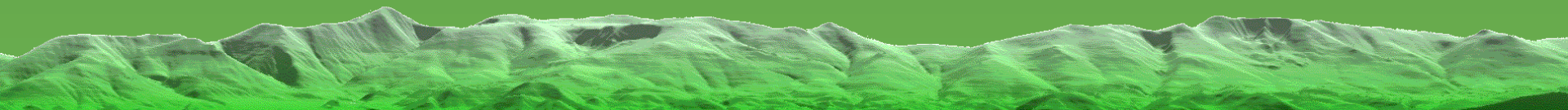
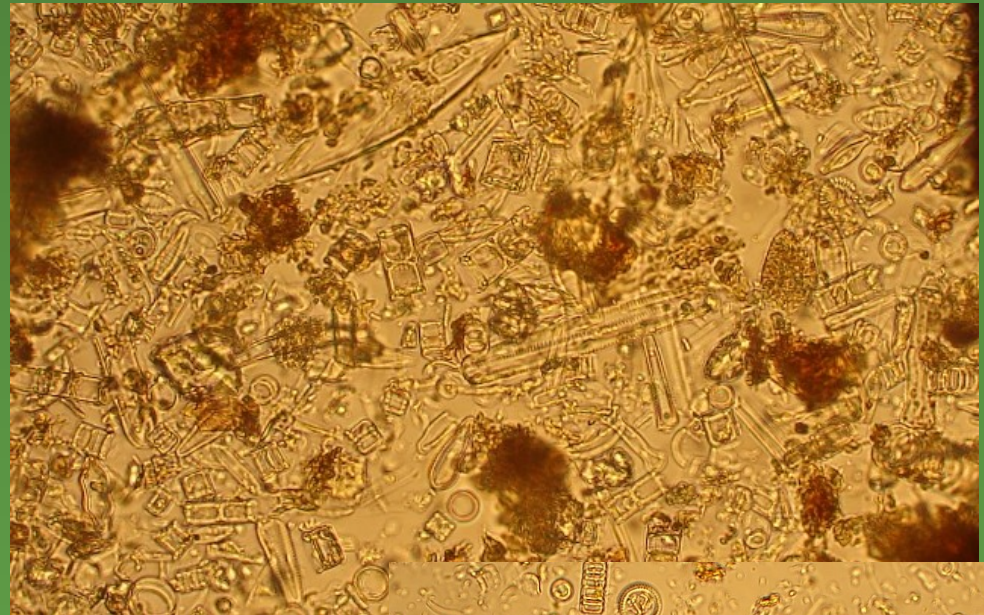
- ▶ taking a peat core...



The Łomnica Valley Peatland

▶ the profile -
7,75 m

- ▶ 0,00 – 1,75 m sedge peat
- ▶ 1,75 – 6,70 m gyttja
- ▶ 6,70 – 7,50 m gyttja with macrofossils
- ▶ 7,70 – 7,75 m clay



The Łomnica Valley Peatland

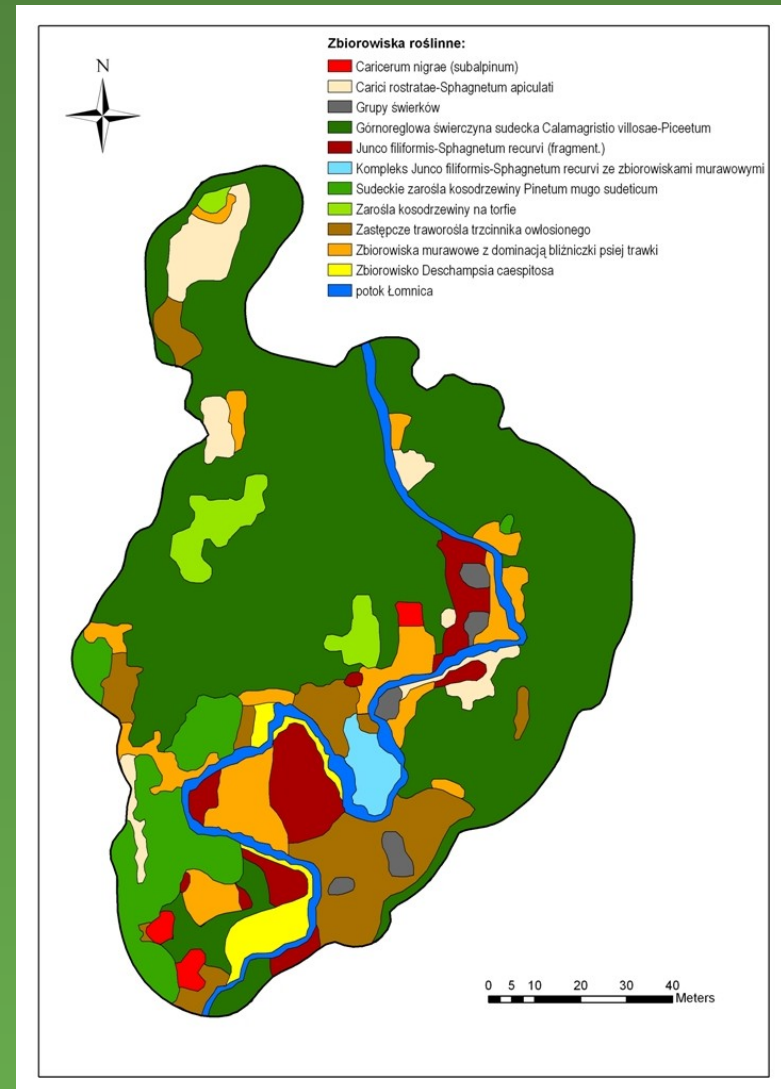
► plant communities



The Łomnica Valley Peatland

► map of plant communities

► only few patches of peat forming plant communities...

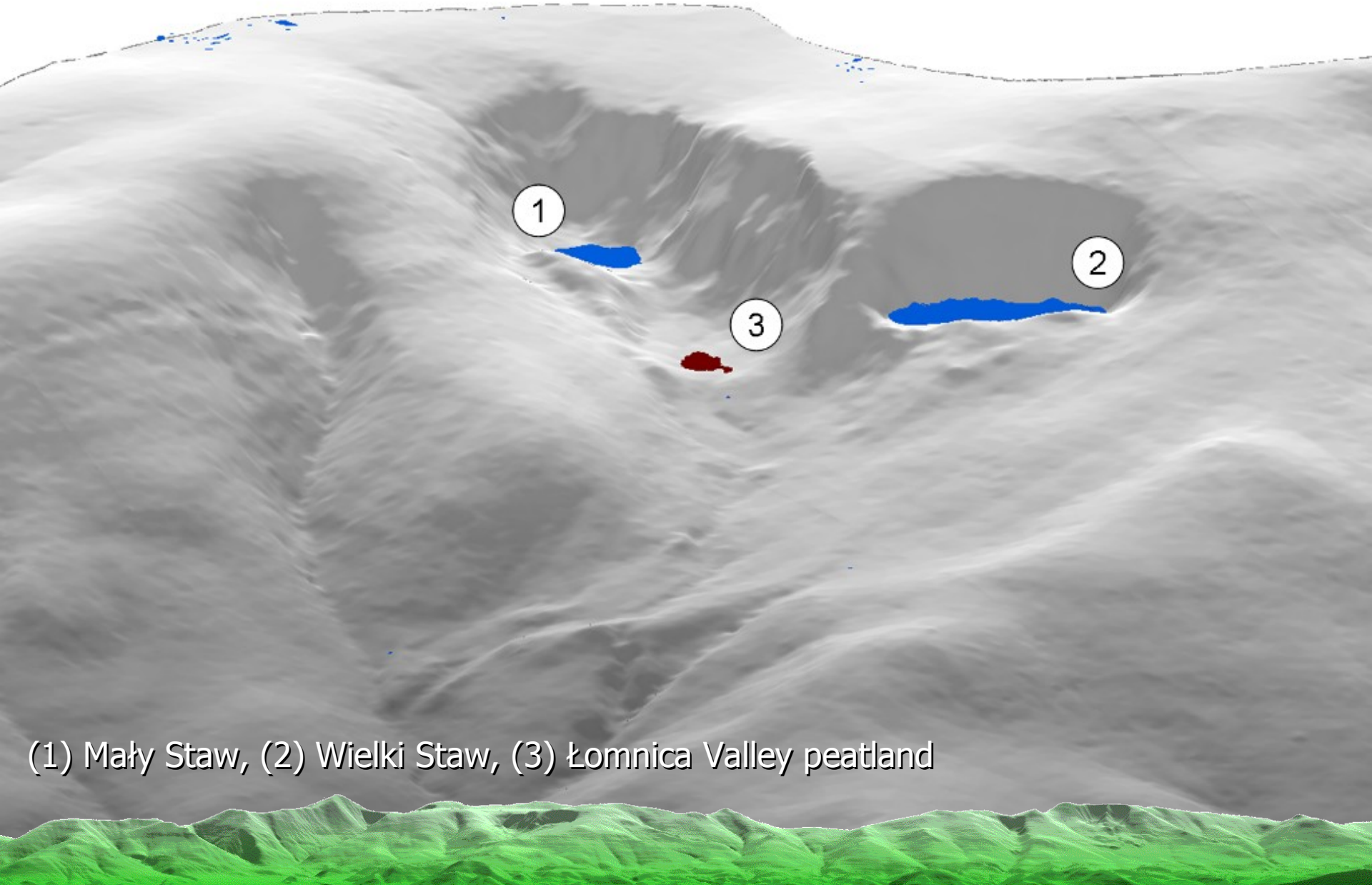


The Łomnica Valley Peatland

► what do we know about it now ???



The Łomnica Valley Peatland



(1) Mały Staw, (2) Wielki Staw, (3) Łomnica Valley peatland

Mires inventory

- ▶ **Polish - Czech cooperation**
- ▶ **new methods of mires inventory development**
- ▶ **new geological data about Holocene in the Karkonosze Mts.**



Thank you!!!

