Table 10: Average credit repayment-to-income ratio

| Table 10. Average dedictepayment-to-income ratio | 1991 | 1993 | 1995 | 1997 | | 1999 | | | 2001 | | |
|--|------|------|----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (2) | (1) | (2) | (3) | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Average for all households | 20.3 | 21.8 | 30.8 | 33.1 | 29.4 | 32.7 | 29.1 | 27.1 | 29.9 | 28.4 | 26.7 |
| Social status of the head of the household | | • | | , | | , | | • | | | |
| manual worker | 19.4 | 21.6 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 27.2 | 33.1 | 29.0 | 27.1 | 29.6 | 28.3 | 26.6 |
| entrepreneur | - | 21.0 | 30.4 | 33.2 | 29.6 | 31.9 | 28.9 | 26.9 | 31.6 | 30.2 | 28.4 |
| employee | 20.5 | 22.1 | 31.7 | 34.9 | 30.5 | 32.8 | 29.2 | 27.0 | 29.5 | 27.8 | 26.0 |
| farmer | 22.1 | 23.6 | 27.1 | 30.5 | 30.7 | 33.2 | 30.7 | 29.0 | 28.5 | 29.9 | 28.2 |
| Size of the household | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1-memberhousehold | 22.5 | 25.2 | 33.5 | 34.1 | 30.7 | 33.0 | 30.5 | 28.3 | 30.2 | 30.2 | 28.2 |
| 2-member household | 21.9 | 22.3 | 32.0 | 34.1 | 30.3 | 33.1 | 29.9 | 27.8 | 31.1 | 29.6 | 27.8 |
| 3-member household | 18.4 | 21.8 | 31.0 | 33.0 | 29.0 | 34.3 | 30.1 | 28.0 | 30.9 | 29.4 | 27.6 |
| 4-member household | 18.6 | 20.4 | 29.5 | 32.6 | 28.9 | 31.5 | 27.5 | 25.6 | 28.5 | 26.8 | 25.1 |
| Age of the head of the household | | | | | | | | | | | |
| age 18 – 24 | 19.6 | 20.9 | 32.7 | 34.7 | 29.0 | 30.9 | 27.5 | 25.7 | 31.2 | 29.1 | 27.4 |
| age 25 – 34 | 20.3 | 21.9 | 29.4 | 32.0 | 28.4 | 31.6 | 28.4 | 26.4 | 29.6 | 28.2 | 26.4 |
| age 35 – 44 | 20.7 | 21.7 | 31.5 | 33.7 | 30.4 | 33.7 | 29.9 | 27.8 | 30.0 | 28.6 | 26.8 |
| Size of the municipality | | | | | | | | | | | |
| population of less than 9,999 | 21.3 | 22.9 | 29.9 | 35.0 | 31.2 | 36.1 | 32.1 | 30.0 | 31.6 | 30.5 | 28.7 |
| population of 10,000 to 19,999 | 20.9 | 22.8 | 31.7 | 31.2 | 28.7 | 33.5 | 29.1 | 27.0 | 30.6 | 28.8 | 26.9 |
| population of 20,000 to 49,999 | 20.4 | 21.5 | 30.0 | 36.0 | 29.9 | 32.4 | 29.3 | 27.2 | 29.9 | 28.2 | 26.5 |
| population of 50,000 to 99,999 | 19.0 | 21.7 | 32.9 | 33.6 | 29.4 | 30.8 | 27.9 | 26.0 | 29.4 | 27.6 | 25.9 |
| population of 100,000 and more | 22.2 | 22.2 | 31.7 | 32.0 | 28.8 | 32.2 | 28.5 | 26.5 | 30.3 | 28.8 | 27.0 |
| Prague | 19.5 | 20.9 | 30.0 | 31.3 | 28.4 | 31.2 | 27.0 | 25.0 | 27.6 | 26.4 | 24.7 |
| Quintiles of total net monthly incomes of households | | 1 | <u> </u> | I | ·- | I | ·- | | u- | ·- | 1 |
| 1. quintile | 16.7 | - | - | - | 31.8 | - | 26.1 | 24.6 | - | 30.4 | 28.6 |
| 2. quintile | 23.4 | 25.8 | 34.1 | 32.0 | 29.6 | 37.6 | 36.3 | 33.8 | 29.6 | 31.0 | 29.0 |
| 3. quintile | 19.6 | 23.4 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 27.4 | 30.7 | 26.6 | 24.7 | 29.0 | 27.5 | 25.8 |
| 4. quintile | 22.1 | 22.0 | 31.4 | 31.7 | 28.4 | 33.1 | 30.6 | 28.5 | 31.0 | 29.6 | 27.9 |
| 5. quintile | 19.0 | 20.8 | 30.5 | 33.8 | 29.8 | 32.9 | 28.5 | 26.4 | 29.6 | 27.8 | 26.0 |

Source: FBS 1991 – 2001.

Notice: (1) – average credit repayment-to-income ratio of households with at least one economically active member that would qualify for a mortgage credit in a given year without taking into account the state subsidies.

^{(2) –} average credit repayment-to-income ratio of households with at least one economically active member that would qualify for a mortgage credit in a given year with taking into account the interest subsidy.

^{(3) –} average credit repayment-to-income ratio of households with at least one economically active member that would qualify for a mortgage credit in a given year with taking into account the interest subsidy and tax relief.