

ACADEMY OF SCIENCES OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC

Based upon Act No. 283/1992 Coll., on the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, as subsequently amended, and upon Act No. 341/2005 Coll., on public research institutions, and in accordance with the Statutes of the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic issued on 24 May 2006, the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic (hereinafter ASCR) hereby issues

the Foundation Deed of the Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the ASCR, v. v. i.

I.

- (1) The Institute was established by a resolution of the third session of the Presidium of the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences (hereinafter CSAS) held on 30 January 1960 under the name the Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the CSAS. Under section 18 (2) of Act No. 283/1992 Coll., the Institute became an entity of the ASCR as of 31 December 1992.
- (2) Under Act No. 341/2005 Coll., the legal status of the Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the ASCR will be transformed from a state contributory organisation into a public research institution (abbreviated as v. v. i.) from 1 January 2007.

П.

- (1) The Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the ASCR, v. v. i., (hereinafter IOCB) is established for an indefinite period as a legal entity with identification number 61388963, and is located in Prague 6, Flemingovo nám. 542/2, Postal Code 166 10.
- (2) The founder of the IOCB is the ASCR, an organisational body of the state, identification number 60165171, headquartered in Prague 1, Národní 1009/3, Postal Code 117 20.

III.

- (1) The purpose for which the IOCB has been established is to carry out scientific research in the fields of organic chemistry and biochemistry and related scientific disciplines, to contribute to the utilisation of its research results, and to provide a research infrastructure.
- (2) The principal activity of the IOCB is scientific research in the fields of organic chemistry, biochemistry, molecular and cellular biology, computational chemistry, physico-organic chemistry and biochemistry and in related disciplines, i.e., medicinal chemistry, bioorganic chemistry, bioinorganic chemistry and molecular pharmacology. Research is focused especially on medicinal applications and those aimed at plant and animal protection, the development of new synthetic, biotechnological, analytical and computational procedures, the development of functional molecules, the study of the structure, properties and biological activity of substances, chemistry and biochemistry of peptides, proteins, nucleic acids, natural materials and their components and analogues. The IOCB creates and maintains selected collections of reference standards for chemical substances and makes them available to the professional public. Within the domains of its scientific activities, the IOCB develops special and unique substances including methods for their preparation or isolation from natural materials and for their analysis and characterisation. It synthesises special chemical substances, prepares pure solvents and solutions for special purposes, develops and uses procedures for regeneration and liquidation of solvents and other chemicals. Within the scope



of its scientific research, it performs measurements, analyses and testing of chemical and biological specimens, develops software and is engaged in the development, manufacture, repair and maintenance of unique scientific instruments and equipment. The IOCB contributes to raising the level of knowledge and education and to utilising the results of scientific research in practice. It acquires, processes and disseminates scientific information and issues scientific publications (monographs, journals, proceedings, etc.). It provides scientific assessments, professional opinions and recommendations, consulting and advisory services, and promotes science popularisation. In cooperation with universities, the IOCB carries out doctoral study programmes and provides training for young scientists. Within the scope of its activity, the IOCB promotes international cooperation, including the organisation of joint research projects with foreign partners, participation in exchange programmes for scientists and the exchange of scientific information, as well as the preparation of joint publications. The IOCB organises scientific meetings, conferences and seminars at the national and international levels and provides the infrastructure for research including accommodation for its employees and guests. It pursues its aims both independently and in cooperation with universities and other research and professional institutions.

(3) The other activity of the IOCB includes operating a non-state health care facility to the extent specified by the decision on the registration, i.e., a consulting room for the general practitioner and the dentist's office, and, further producing, installing and repairing electric and electronic machines, instruments and equipment. The total extent of the other activity may not exceed 20 percent of the working capacity of the IOCB. Conditions of the other activity are determined by the respective entrepreneurial authorisations and the Act on Public Research Institutions.

IV.

- (1) The director, the Board and the Supervisory Board are the bodies of the IOCB. The director is the statutory body of the IOCB and is entitled to act on behalf of the IOCB.
- (2) Basic organisational units of the IOCB are scientific groups responsible for research and development, scientific service groups responsible for provision of the infrastructure and for research and development concerning the advancement and application of the respective method, and service groups responsible for provision of the infrastructure.
- (3) The detailed organisational structure of the IOCB is regulated by rules of organisation issued by the director after being approved by the Board.

V.

The foundation deed will become effective on 1 January 2007 and will supersede the foundation deed of the Institute of Organic Chemistry and Biochemistry of the ASCR dated 1 September 1993, as subsequently amended by the Addendum dated 15 December 1994, a modification dated 23 January 1995, Addendum No. 1 dated 26 February 2001 and Addendum No. 2 dated 25 January 2005 (the full text having been issued on 26 January 2005).

Prague, 20 December 2006

Ref. No.: K-560/P/06

Prof. Václav Pačes President of the ASCR