

Využití TOF/TOF instrumentace v MS

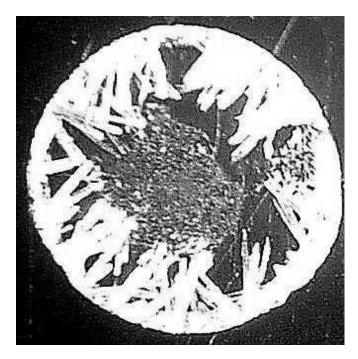
Tomáš Korba Applied Biosystems Česká republika s.r.o.





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MALDI Sample Preparation



Typical DHB dried droplet preparation on a steel target

MALDI preparation protocol:

 Dried droplet preparation: matrix solution mixed with analyte solution on the metal target and dried

Matrices are e.g. 2.5-dihydroxy benzoic acid (DHB) or 4-hydroxy-α-cyanocinnamic acid (CHCA)

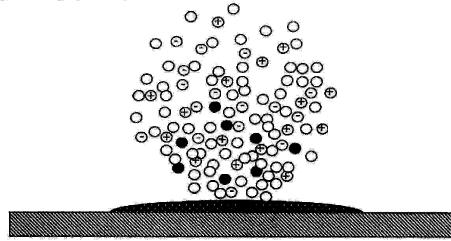
Beavis, Chaudhary, Chait, Org. Mass Spectrom. 1992, 27, 156. Strupat, Karas, Hillenkamp, 1991, 111, 89.





MALDI ionization mechanism

- 1. Laser flash produces matrix neutrals, + and ions, and sample neutrals.
 - $M \rightarrow M^*$, MH^+ , (M-H)⁻



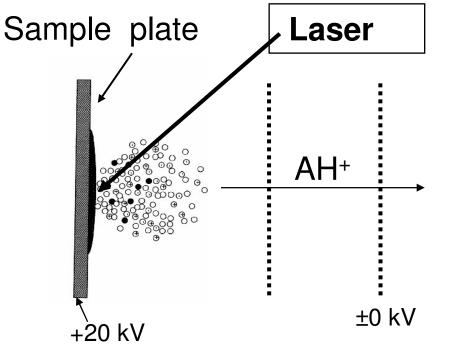
2. Sample molecules are ionized by gas-phase proton transfer. MH⁺ + A → AH⁺ + M (M-H)⁻ + A → (A-H)⁻ + M



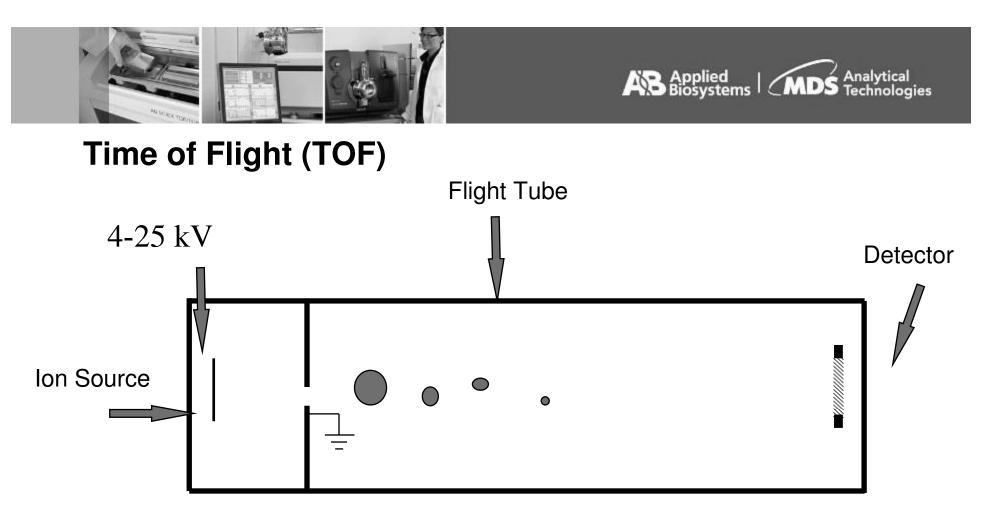


How does MALDI-TOF MS work?

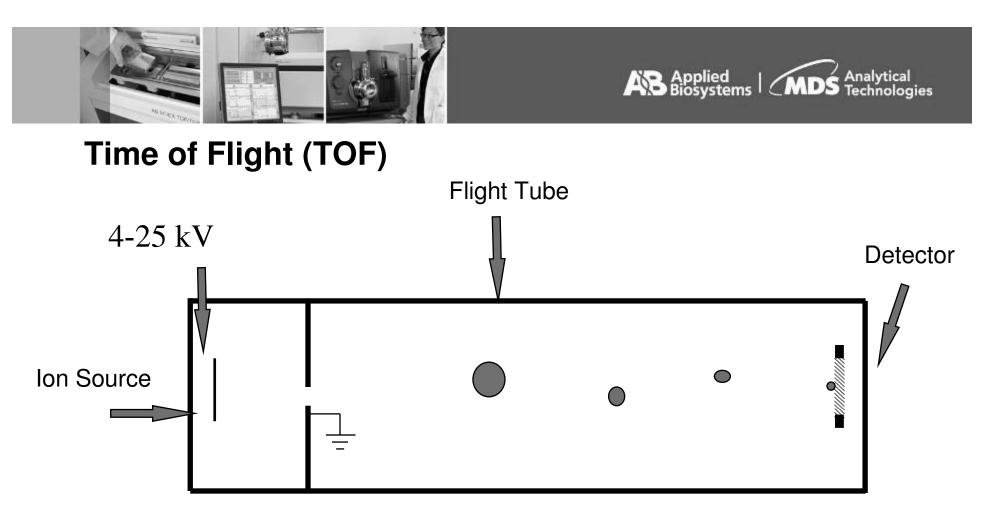
Matrix Assisted Laser Desorption Ionization-Time of Flight Mass Spectrometry



- 1. Sample is mixed with excess matrix and dried on a MALDI plate.
- 2. Laser pulse desorbes matrix molecules and embedded biomolecules.
- 3. Sample molecules are ionized and accelerated in the electric field.
- 4. Mass analysis of ions in TOF-section.



The ions enter the flight tube with the lighter ions travelling faster than the heavier ions

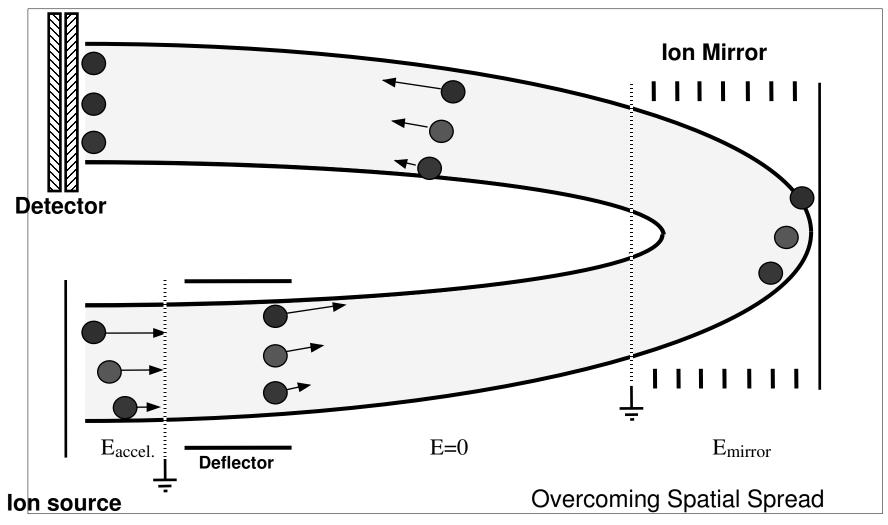


The lighter ions strike the detector before the heavier ions. This "time of flight" can be converted to the mass ($KE=1/2mv^2$)





Reflector TOF



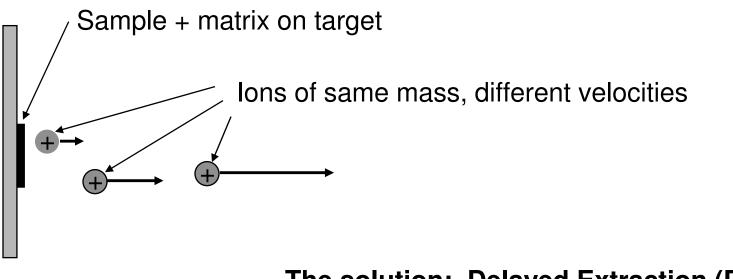




Delayed Extraction (DE)

<u>The problem:</u> Peaks are broad in some MALDI-TOF spectra (poor resolution).

<u>The cause:</u> lons coming from the target have different velocity due to the desorption process.



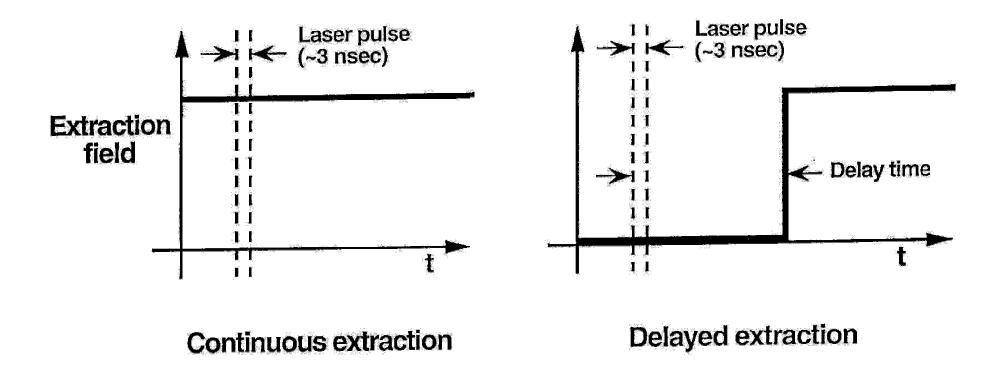
<u>The solution: Delayed Extraction</u> (DE) first commercialized by Perseptive Biosystems in 1996



똜

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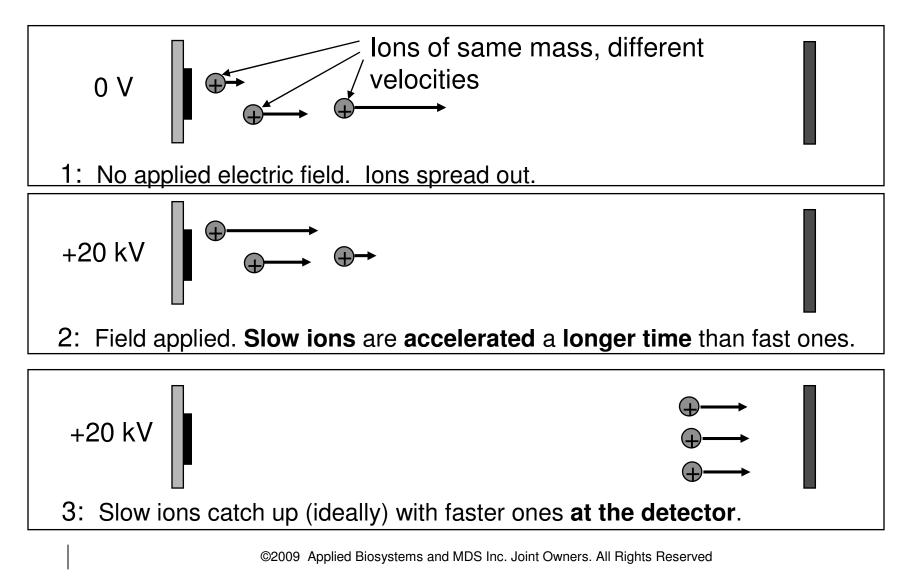
Continuous vs. Delayed Extraction







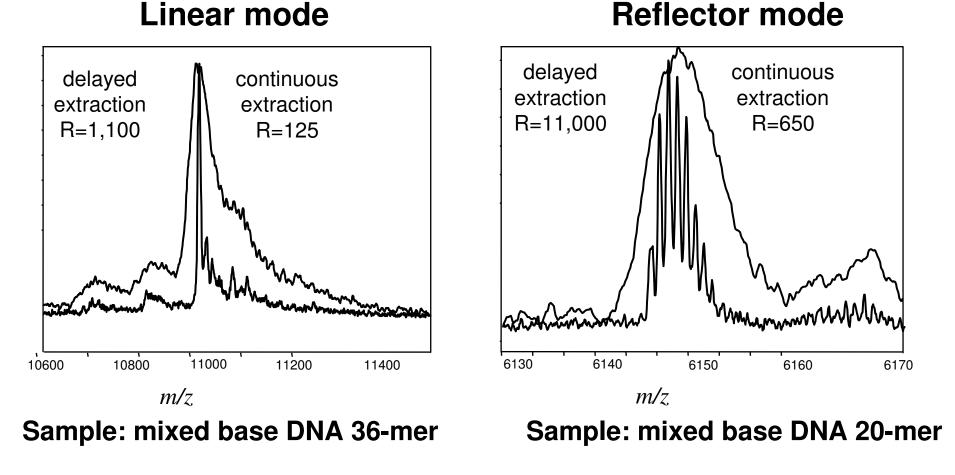
Delayed Extraction (DE)

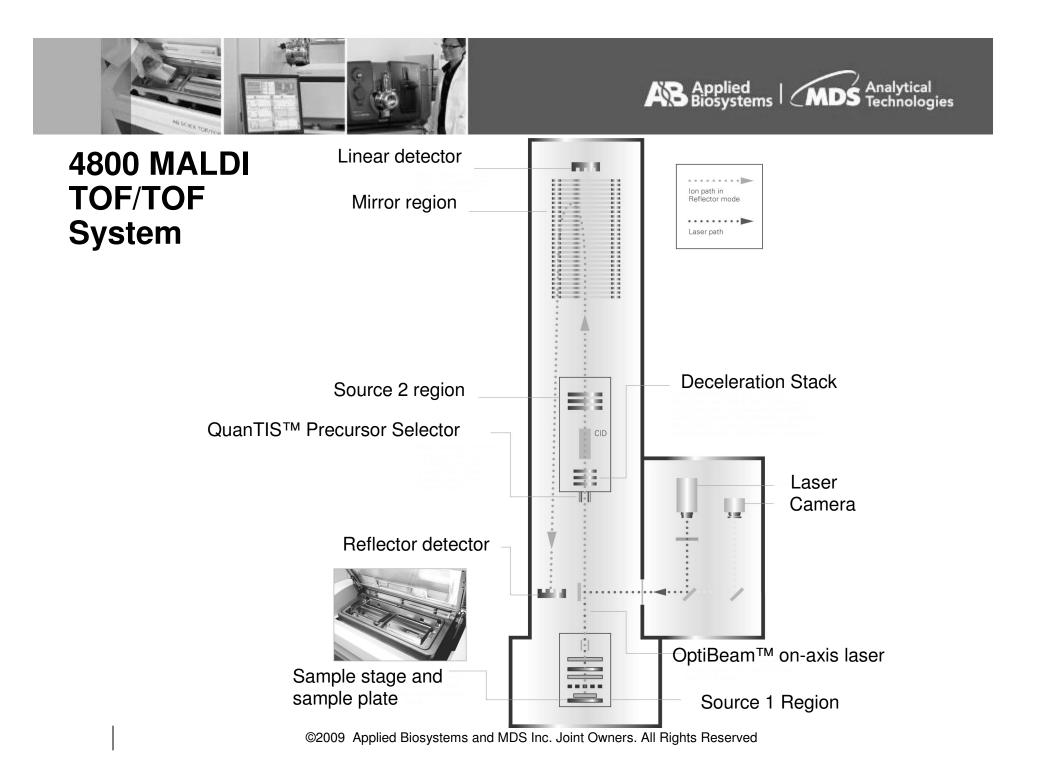






Delayed Extraction (DE): Resolution Improvements

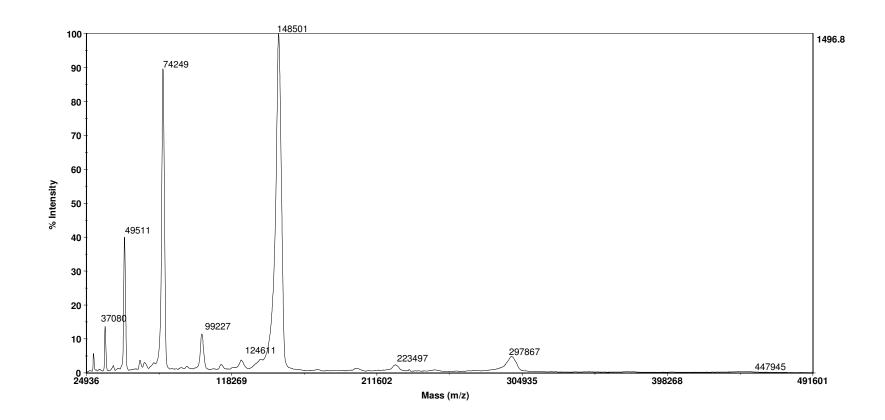








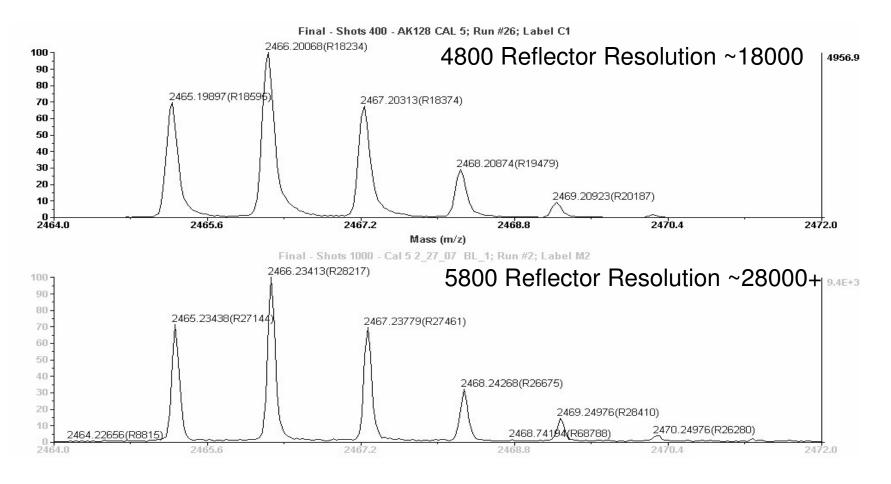
IgG Linear Mode







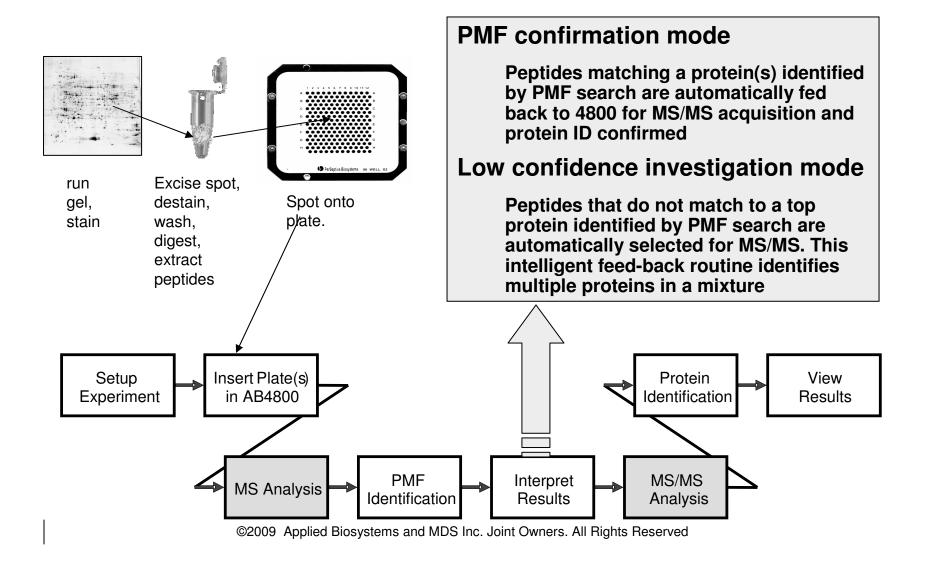
Improved Ion Optics, Detector and Digitizer Faster Acquisition with 50% better MS Resolution





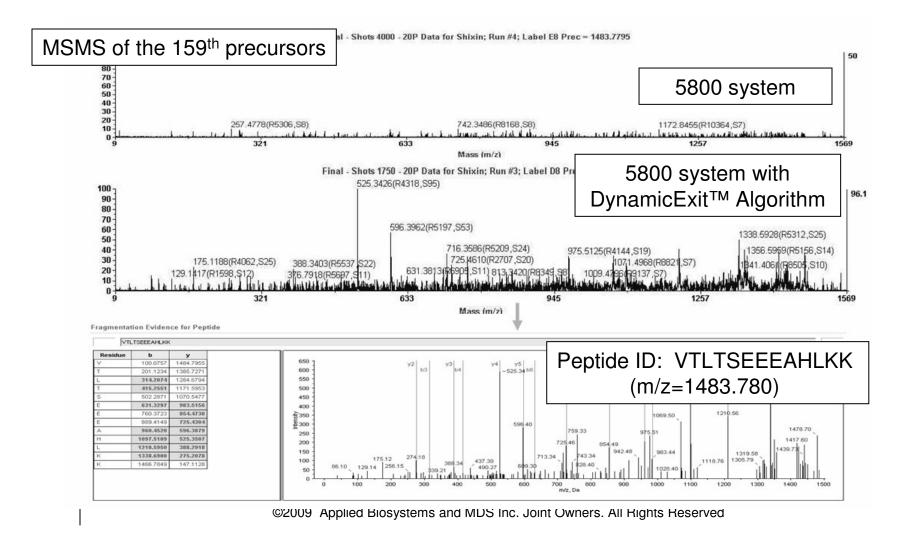
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PMF result dependent analysis





Intelligent MS/MS Acquisition DynamicExit[™] Algorithm

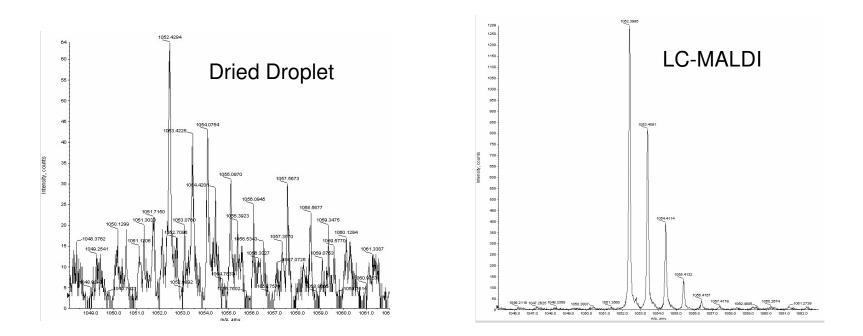


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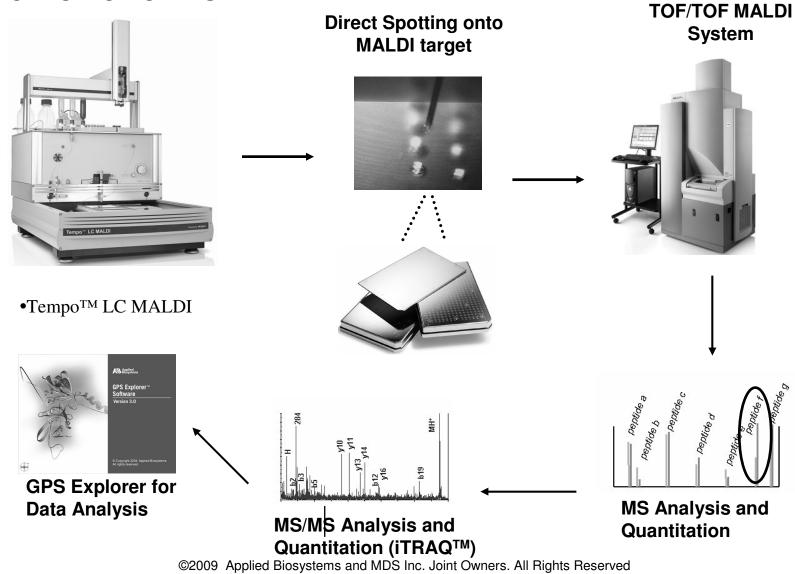
Why LC-MALDI for proteomics ?







The Power of LC-MALDI





The Power of LC/MALDI

match MS/MS analytical power to the LC resolution true "results-dependent" analysis (MS followed by MS/MS) sample is frozen in time – the ultimate "stop-flow" technology

LC-MS/MS LC/MALDI - MS/MS





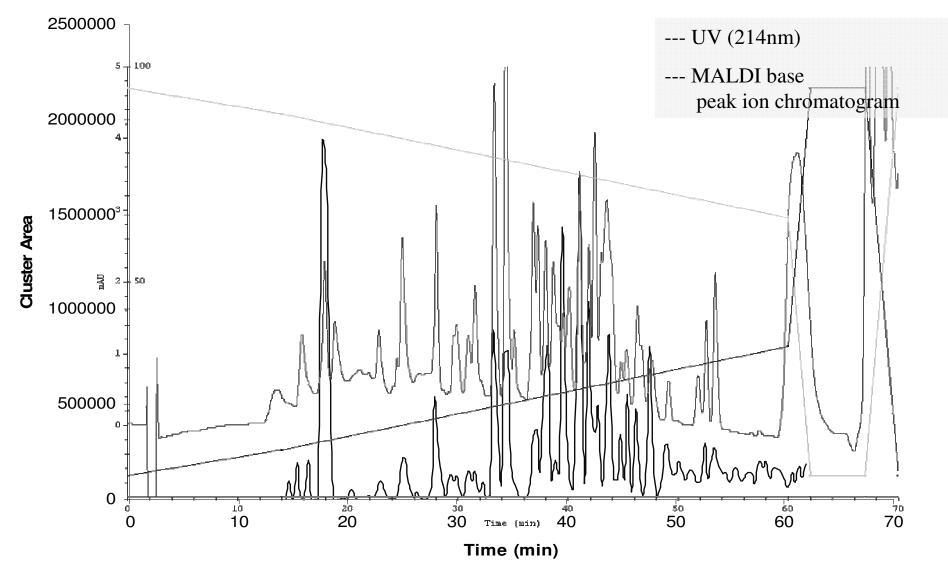
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Technologies





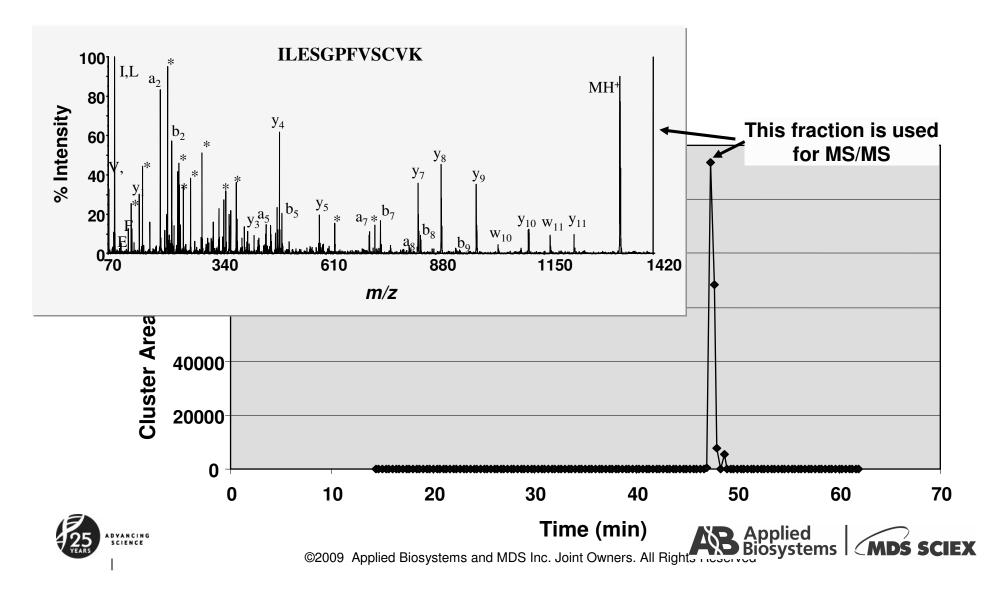
Transferrin 1 hr gradient: Match Resolution of LC and MS







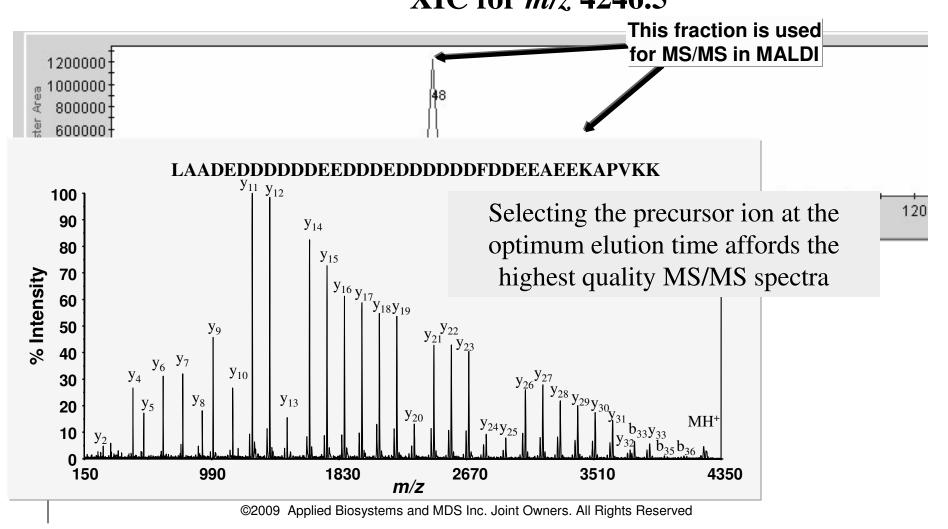
Dynamic Exclusion: Most Intense Signal Chosen







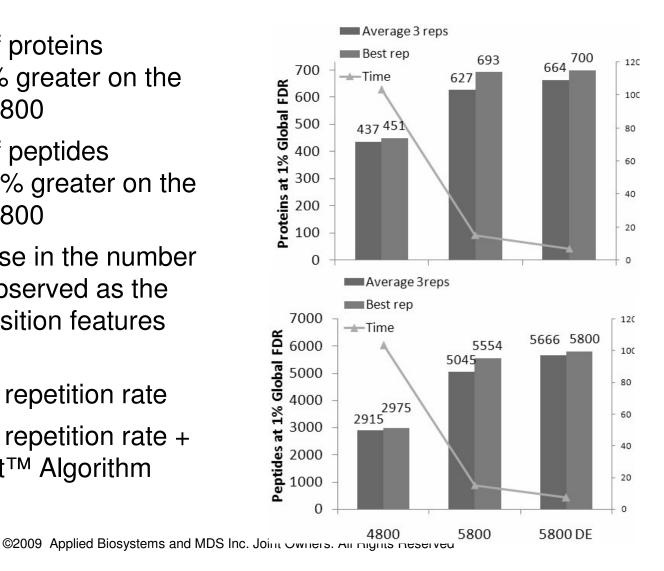
LC/MALDI result dependent experiment: Optimized selection of precursors for MS/MS XIC for *m/z*, 4246.5





Summary of Protein Identification Results

- The numbers of proteins identified is 55% greater on the 5800 over the 4800
- The numbers of peptides identified is 100% greater on the 5800 over the 4800
- A steady increase in the number of peptides is observed as the additional acquisition features are utilized
 - Faster laser repetition rate
 - Faster laser repetition rate + DynamicExit[™] Algorithm







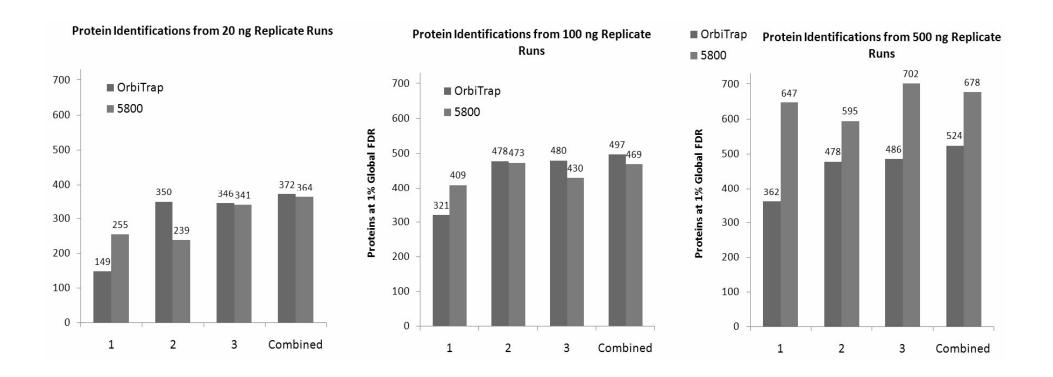
Assessing the Complementarity of ESI and MALDI

- Two dominant 'soft' ionization strategies
- LC MALDI has been more flexible due to decoupling of acquisition and LC, however, the technique has been speed limited.
- 10-15X increase in speed of the AB SCIEX TOF/TOF[™] 5800 System means it is now interesting to re-visit the advantages of the different acquisition strategies
- Previous work has suggested a complementarities in information
- Here, we wanted to assess the complementarities vs. random acquisition variation of ESI vs MALDI



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5800 vs OrbiTrap: *E. coli* Total Cell Lysate 500,100, 20 ng Extending the limits of protein discovery







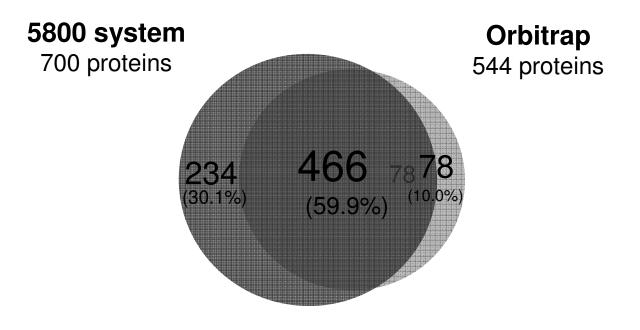
851

(15.3%)

Protein / Peptide Intersection

500 ng Loading Level – Comparison of Single Best Replicates

- ESI with MALDI acquisitions appear complementary and suggest greater depth of coverage from combination than a signal technique alone.
- But how similar are replicates from the same instrument?





Peptide Level Intersection of Replicates

- Average intersection at the peptide level between 500 ng replicates:
 - For 5800 system: 64% (Sample 1-3)
 - For Orbitrap: 61% (Samples 4-6)
 - Between instruments: 25% (red boxes)
- This clearly shows that intra-instrument replicates are more similar than inter-instrument replicates

4-6)		Sample Index							
(red		1	2	3	4	5	6		
5800 500ng R1	1	1							
5800 500ng R2	2	0.645	1						
5800 500ng R3	3	0.633	0.628	1					
Orbi 500 ng R1	4	0.24	0.251	0.248	1				
Orbi 500 ng R2	5	0.253	0.263	0.265	0.614	1			
Orbi 500 ng R3	6	0.25	0.257	0.261	0.59	0.616	1		

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Protein Level Intersection of Replicates

- Average intersection at the protein level between 500 ng replicates:
 - For 5800 system: 78% (Sample 1-3)
 - For Orbitrap: 74% (Samples 4-6)
 - Between instruments: 60% (red boxes)
- Even at the protein level, differences are apparent

4-6)	Sample Index							
red		1	2	3	4	5	6	
5800 500ng R1	1	1						
5800 500ng R2	2	0.792	1	6) (A		()		
5800 500ng R3	3	0.777	0.774	1		10	-65 G-	
Orbi 500 ng R1	4	0.6	0.622	0.613	1			
Orbi 500 ng R2	5	0.599	0.623	0.617	0.732	1		
Orbi 500 ng R3	6	0.604	0.611	0.609	0.753	0.738	1	

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Assessing Peptide Level Differences

Peptide C-Termini

- Peptide level comparison was done at the 500ng sample loading level
- There is a slightly higher proportion of Arginineterminating peptides detected in LC MALDI
- This difference is consistent across replicates

100% 90% 80% 70% Other 60% Lys 50% ■ Arg 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2 1 2 3 1 3 Orbitrap 5800

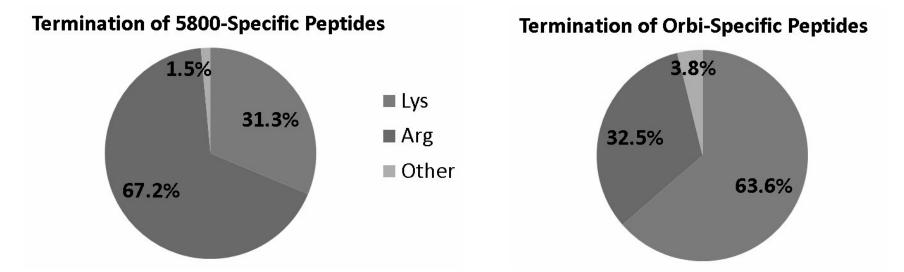
Termination Differences in Replicates





Assessing Peptide Level Differences Peptide C-Termini

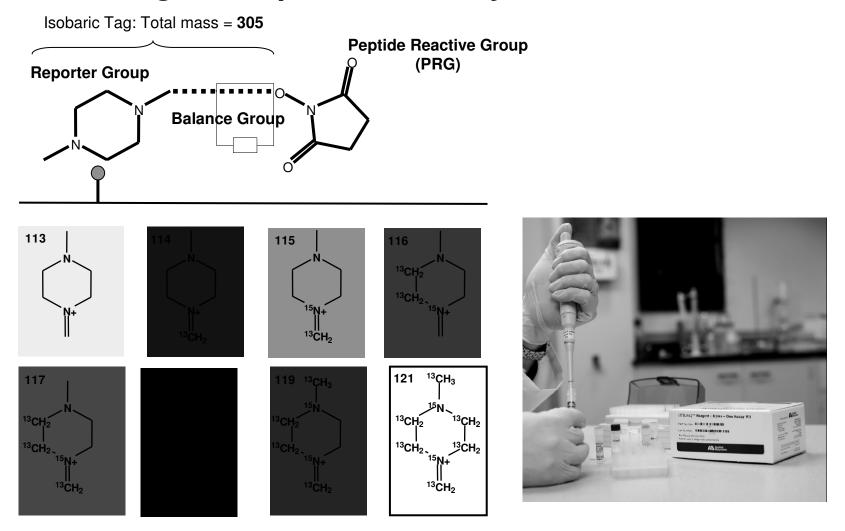
- Focusing on peptides UNIQUE to each instrument shows the effect clearly.
- The peptides only found by MALDI were Arg-terminating more often than Lys.
- The peptides only found by ESI were Lys-terminating more often than Arg.







iTRAQ™ Reagents 8-plex Chemistry





8 samples *identical m/z*

Mass (m/z)

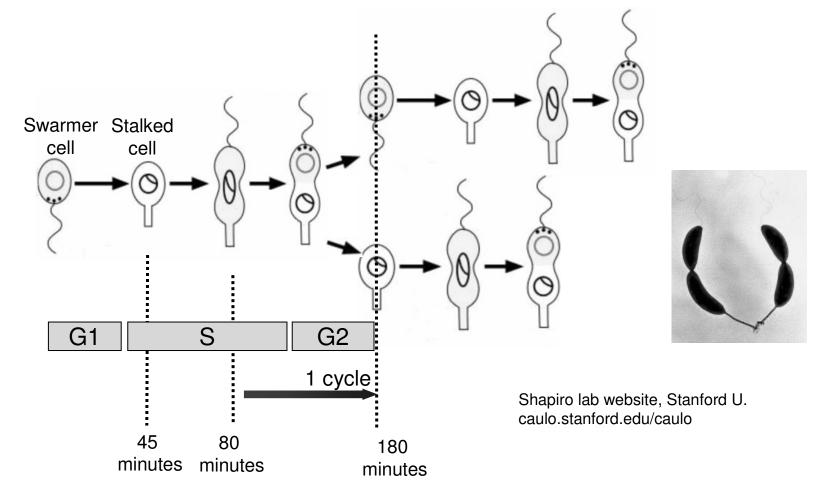
iTRAQ™ Reagents 8-plex Workflow

113-1 1197.61 113 -192 -PRG & Digest Mix MS 14 -191 -PRG S1 **S**4 -190 – PRG Denature 116 - 189 - PRG 0 117 -188 -- PRG Mass (m/z) Parallel 18 –187 –PRG **S**2 **S**3 MS/MS -**186** - PRG 19 121 - 184 - PRG 8 tubes labelled 1 thru 8 Identification 100 Quantitation 90 R Α ν н V 80 iTRAQ[™] Reagents 70 121 113 114 116 60 Intensity 50 116 118 % 40 115 30 121 y5 113 20 v4 114 10 v10 117 0 260.4 9.0 511.8 763.2 1014.6 1266.0 119





Caulobacter crescentus Cell Cycle

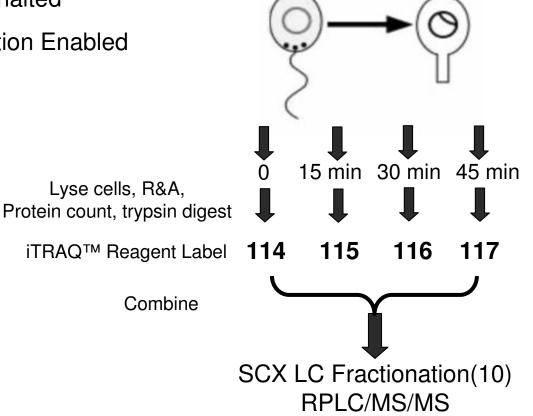




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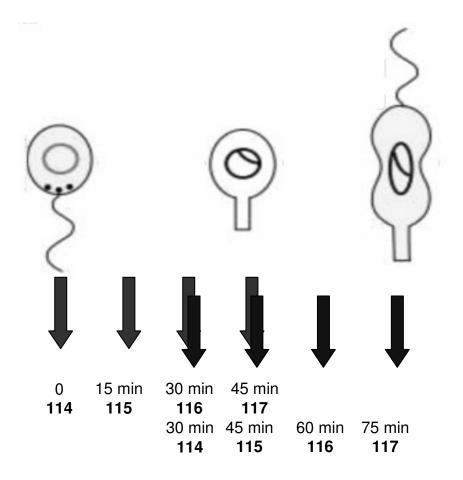
First Experiment – Cellular Differentiation

- · Ejection of flagellum and pilli
- Motility halted
- Replication Enabled





Second Experiment – Cellular Differentiation



Replicate time course experiments using 4 plex reagents

- Data Set A 0 45 minutes
- Data Set B 30 75 minutes

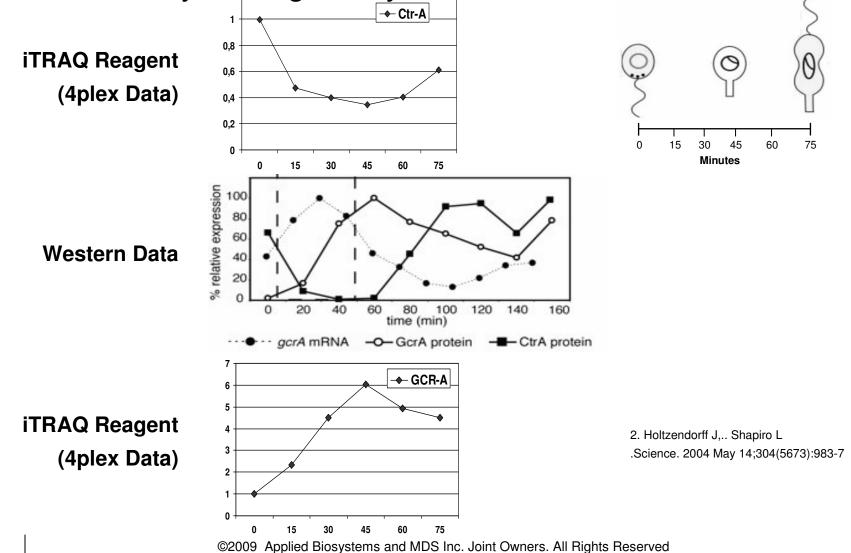
Phenotypic changes during this phase include:

- Ejection of flagellum, formation of stalk
- Loss of motility/chemotaxis
- Initiation of replication •
- Observed 20% SD in each 4-plex experiment



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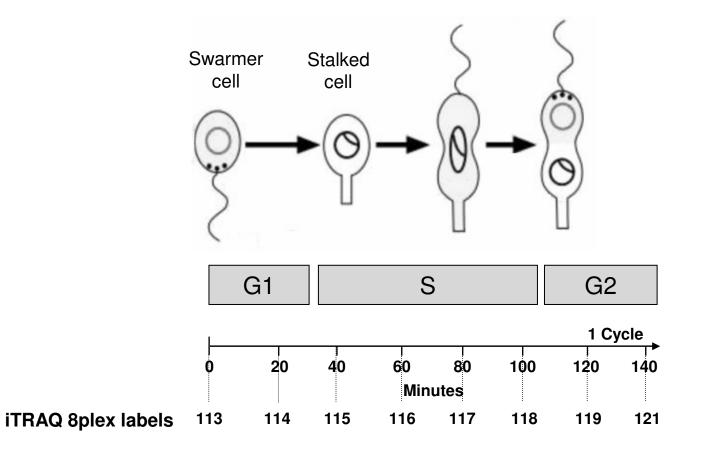
Global Cell Cycle Regulatory Proteins Ctr-A and Gcr-A







Caulobacter crescentus Cell Cycle Can now expand the Time Course Study to 8 time points!

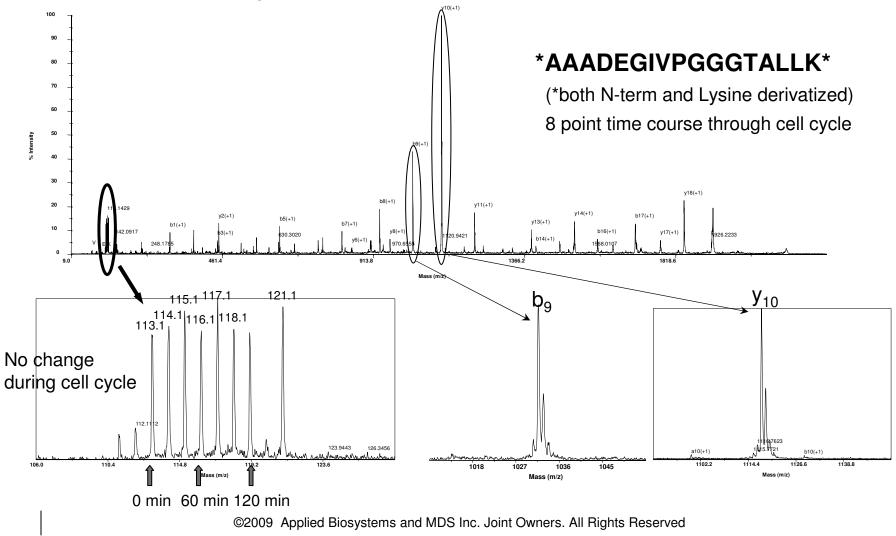






MS/MS ID of 60 kDa Chaperone B82334

C. Crescentus cell cycle time course

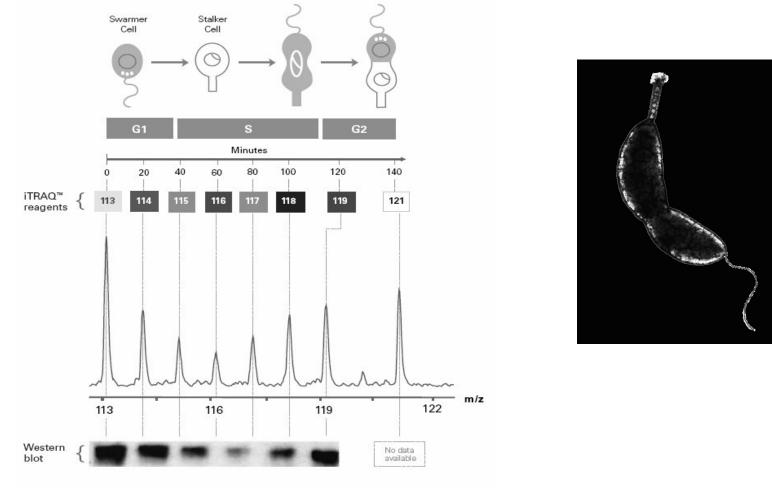






Quantitation of Cell Division protein Fts-Z

8 Point Cell Cycle Time Course of C. crescentus







Selected 8-plex iTRAQ Applications (submitted or in press)

- Evaluation of Fluoromethyl-2,2-difluoro-1-(trifluoromethyl)vinyl Ether ("compound A") Effects on Urine Protein Excretion in Rats
- Differential Protein Expression of Human Vitreous Fluids with Melanoma Disease Using iTRAQ[®] Reagents-8plex
- Comprehensive Quantitative Analyses on Protein Dynamics of the Human Pathogen Staphylococcus aureus by the Implementation of an 8-plex iTRAQ[™] Labeling
- Utilizing Isobaric Tagging Reagents to Screen Cerebral Spinal Fluid Samples for Potential Alzheimer's Biomarkers
- Quantitative Analysis of Mice Synaptic Membranes with 8-plex iTRAQ[™] reagents



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4800 MALDI TOF/TOF™ Analyzer



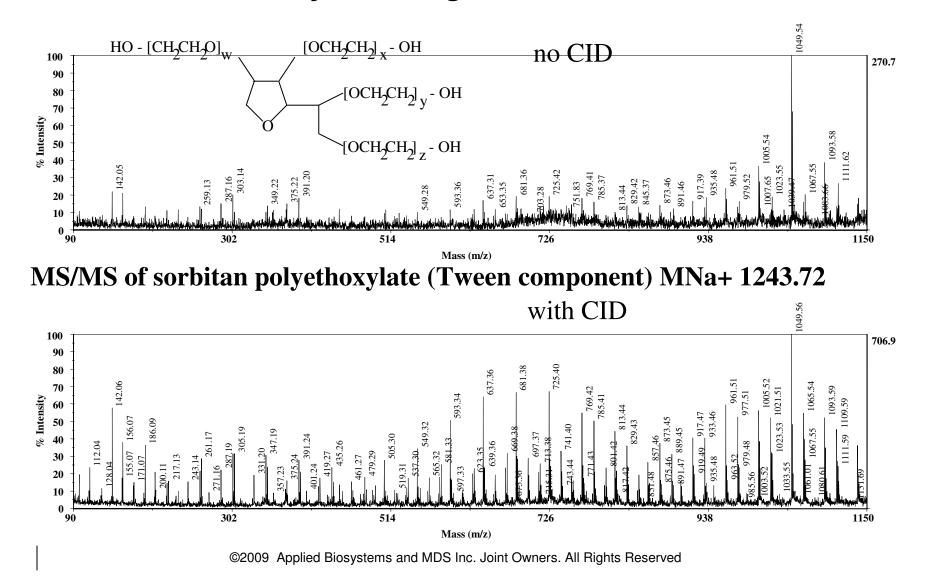
Other Unique Applications:

- Polymers
- Fatty Acids
- Carbohydrates
- Imaging





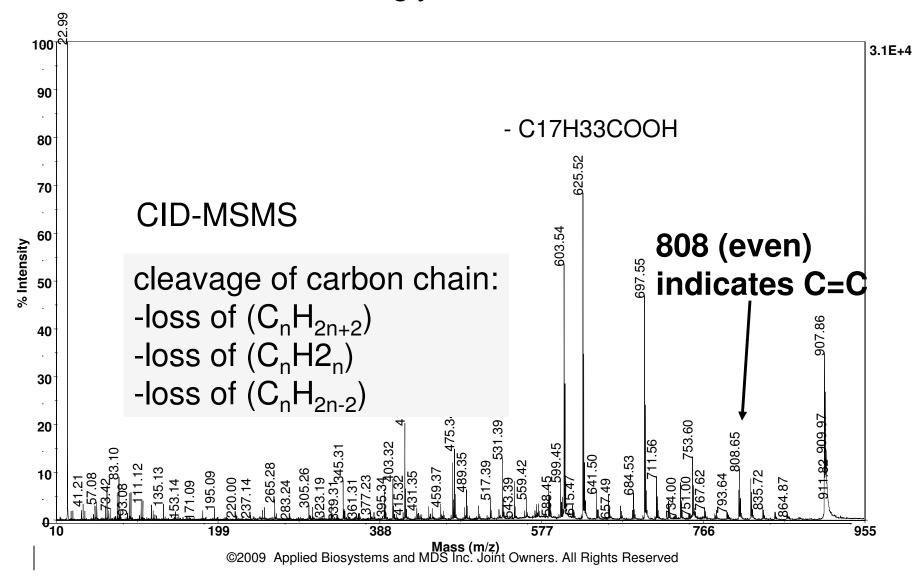
4800 TOF/TOF: Polymer Fragmentation







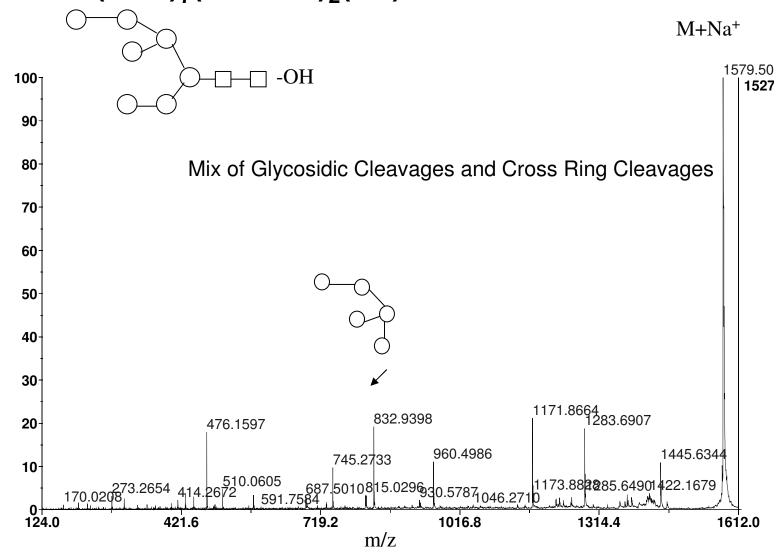
TOF/TOF: MS/MS of a Triglycerid





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MSMS of (Man)₇(GlcNAc)₂(D3)





MALDI-MS/MS Summary

- Complementarity to ESI
- Time independent
 - sample "frozen" on plate until spent
 - MS decoupled from LC
 - MS/MS decoupled from MS

MALDI and ESI necessary for compehensive proteomics laboratory





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