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OF CZECH SOCIOLOGY
IN SCIENTIFIC JOURNALS
WITHIN THE LAST DECADE

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Publication Productivity of Czech Sociology in Scientific Journals Within the Last Decade*

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Abstract

The paper maps publication outcomes of Czech sociologists in journals with impact factor within the last decade. The methodology we employ is similar to that used in recently published work analyzing the productivity of Czech economists. Our work is based on data from the Web of Science and covers the 1998 to 2007 period. Publication outcomes for sociology are presented within the context of the whole field of social sciences. The productivity of individual authors is based on data about published articles, impact factors of journals, and co-author shares and citations. Our analysis does not provide detailed insight on publications in another most important publication channel – scientific monographs – due to non-existence of suitable quality indicators. Our analysis shows that similar authors rank among the first fifty using the selected indicators of impact factor and citation indexes. The order differs fairly strongly according to the indicator selected, however. It turns out that publication-wise, there are rather strongly differentiated groups of sociologists also in the Czech Republic.

Key words: sociology, impact factor, citation, Czech Republic, articles, research

JEL classification: A10, A12, I2

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Abstrakt

Článek mapuje publikační výsledky českých sociologů v impaktovaných odborných časopisech v posledních deseti letech. Práce vychází z údajů Web of Science. Metodologicky navazuje na nedávno publikovanou analýzu pro oblast české ekonomie. Publikační výsledky v oblasti sociologie jsou zasazeny do rámce situace v celé oblasti společenských věd. Na základě bibliometrických údajů o počtech publikovaných článků, impakt faktorech časopisů, autorských podílech a citacích jsou prezentovány výsledky jednotlivých autorů. Studie neposkytuje vhled do publikační produkce v dalším významném segment – vědeckých monografiích – protože pro ně dosud nejsou k dispozici použitelné ukazatele kvality. Analýza ukazuje, že mezi nejlepšími padesáti sociology se většina vyskytuje bez ohledu na zvolený ukazatel založený na impakt faktorech nebo citacích. Jejich pořadí se však v závislosti na zvoleném indikátoru nezdá výrazně lišit. Ukazuje se, že i v České republice existují různé skupiny sociologů podle formy publikování.

Introduction

In developed countries, the evaluation of the volume and above all the quality of basic research outcomes has been common for decades (Fox 1983; Morley, Ferrucci 2008). This has also been evidenced in the development of scientometrics as an independent academic discipline (Kademani, Kalyane 1996). It has been developing rapidly not only due to computer and internet tools development, the primary stimulus has been the increased interest in research and development (R&D) quality as factors of technological, social and economic growth. The effort to evaluate R&D results is an inseparable part of governmental endeavors to setup basic research systems appropriately and to manage them efficiently. In the Czech Republic, the issues around basic research productivity evaluation are increasingly relevant due to the R&D funding reform being implemented. Self-reflection within academic disciplines from the viewpoint of acquired knowledge and also organizational and individual performance will undoubtedly begin to fill the gap in R&D results evaluation, including international comparisons of Czech academic disciplines and sub-disciplines. This is especially true for social sciences and humanities, which strive for full integration into international contexts after decades of isolation from international development. Information provided on the qualitative performance of Czech academic disciplines and sub-disciplines in the 'Analysis of the existing state of research, development and innovation in the Czech Republic and a comparison with the situation abroad in 2008' (2008), the key annual publication of the Office of the Government of the Czech Republic, is very incomplete. So far, a more detailed overview of the current social science field productivity only exists for Czech economics (Gregor, Schneider 2005; Turnovec 2005; Münich 2006; Macháček, Kolcunová 2008).

In this article, we present an insight into the quantity and quality of academic article as reflected by impact factors of journals presenting basic research results authored or co-authored by academic sociologists working in the Czech Republic. For many reasons mentioned further on, we focus on the period 1998 to 2007. We work with articles published in journals carrying an impact factor in the Thomson Reuters Web of Science database. Publication performance evaluation methodology directly follows upon Münich's overview for the field of economics (2006). Our qualitative assessment is

based on *impact factor* (hereafter referred to as IF²) values of journals featuring the authors' publications and on the citation response to their articles and other works.

We are well aware that scientific production is not limited to academic articles in journals with IF, especially so in humanities and partly in social sciences as well. Our ambition and aim, however, is not to comprehensively evaluate the production by Czech sociologists. This should be done by the government. Our analysis serves as a first and partial view of the skills of Czech sociologists to enter the space where sociologists in advanced countries compete, where bibliometric data are commonly used as one of the scientific productivity evaluation criteria in basic research.

In our analysis, we use data on the IF of journals where the authors have published their articles. Articles in journals with IF have undergone the journals' tough review process and it is precisely the number of citations of an article from a certain journal that establishes the journal's IF. This is the main reason why IF is deemed to be a fairly reliable quality indicator for the given journal. Journals with higher response in the academic community very often exhibit higher IF levels. IF is of course not an ideal quality measure for every single article published in the journal. Nevertheless, it is probably the best metric meeting these fundamental criteria: it is fairly easily accessible, i.e. verifiable; it is independent of the analyzer's subjective perception; it reflects the international scientific community response to the articles in the journal; and it is resistant to manipulation by individual authors.

Citation indexes represent an alternative to IF. However, we consider them to be less useful quality indicators than IF for our purposes as citations are manipulable through self-citation or coordinated mutual citing among multiple authors. A simple citation total also fails to account for citing source quality and the reasons for citing. Besides, citations accumulate for years following the article publication, so they often cannot enter into the current situation evaluation.

² According to the Web of Science, a journal's IF reflects the number of citations appearing in the Journal Citation Reports (JCR) in a given year of articles which have been published in a given journal over past two years. An impact factor of 2 means that, for example, articles published one or two years ago in a given journal have been cited two times during the year 2006.

International context

Our insight into the Czech sociologists' publication productivity needs to be perceived in the context of the entire social science and humanities academic sphere in the Czech Republic. Therefore, we include a basic comparison of the volume of scientific production in social science/humanities academic journals for European countries of similar size (the Netherlands, Sweden, Austria) without the communist dictatorship heritage, of similar size and with English as a non-native language. The comparison in Table 1 shows the number of scientific articles in journals with IF in 2006 and their citation totals.

The Czech Republic's publication production in social sciences and humanities in journals with IF is extremely low when compared internationally. Moreover, the majority of articles are published in local Czech-Slovak journals. The low average number of citations also includes self-citations and local citations and their proportion is relatively high in the Czech Republic. The international academic response to the results of Czech social sciences and humanities is apparently very low.

Figure 1 shows the distribution of articles in journal decile groups, where the highest group represents 10% journals with the highest IF in the given field. Column height for the Czech Republic shows article totals³ and the results for other countries are weighted in inverse proportionality to the country's population so that the results are not influenced by certain differences in population.

Apparently, the overall publication productivity in the Czech Republic fails by far to reach either the quality or the volume of the countries included in our comparison. Whereas the production gap in natural science disciplines is apparent in the higher quality half of journals (5th to 10th decile), the production gap in social sciences and humanities is much wider in the entire journal spectrum. It needs to be kept in mind that

³ Relevant data were found in the electronic Web of Science database, a part of the Thomson Reuters ISI Web of Knowledge (<http://www.isiknowledge.com>) electronic information resource. Apart from Web of Science, Journal Citation Reports (where journal IF can be searched) or Current Contents tools are also available.

the stated data do not take into account national specificities such as the number of researchers in the field, spending per academic discipline, or the intellectual dispositions or academic working conditions.

It is almost exclusively economists, psychologists and sociologists who publish in the framework of Czech SSH, as clearly evidenced in Table 2. It should be noted that most articles in these disciplines are also published in local Czech-Slovak journals (total 8 journals) and most of them are in Czech or Slovak. The limited number of potential readers predetermines the low international academic response, as measured by citations. A more detailed insight into the main social sciences and humanities is provided in Figure 2, which, like Figure 1, shows article distribution in journals ordered by IF within the discipline. High columns in the low IF area correspond to Czech-Slovak journals with IF.

Data and methods

Our publication productivity overview for the field of sociology in the Czech Republic is based on the data available in the ISI Web of Knowledge database. The 2007 IF values for individual journals have been taken from the Thomson Reuters Journal Citation Reports database.

Since our aim was to map out a publication overview in the area of sociology, the first step was to identify organizations and departments addressing sociology issues in the Czech Republic and then individuals dealing with sociological issues academically. Based on information from relevant departmental websites, we created a primary list of authors. We then contacted the heads of these departments via email and asked them for basic information.⁴ We contacted a total of 16 workplaces⁵ (for details, see Table A3).

⁴ We asked them to complete a list of their colleagues according to the current situation (including a potential note of which colleagues do not deal with sociology) and to add individual workers' year of birth.

⁵ With the exception of the Institute of Sociology of the Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, as this is the workplace of one of the co-authors and the sociology affiliation did not need to be verified here.

We searched the ISI Web of Knowledge database for articles by the listed authors.⁶ In the course of the search, co-authors were added to the list, if relevant as regards the topic of the article. Since the aim of this study is to describe a recent period, not the entire long history of sociology in the Czech Republic, we only focused on articles published between 1998 and 2007.⁷ We limited our analysis to the ‘Article’ type of publication.⁸ We checked the affiliation of authors with an organization based in the Czech Republic.⁹ We also observed the source journal subject category for the articles. Based on this database of articles by Czech authors, we identified a list of source journals where the authors published (see Table A1) and an overview of relevant subject categories (see Table A2).

Sociology overlaps with other disciplines, we therefore distinguished a narrower and a broader group of sociology journals. The subject category of sociology journals in the narrower sense explicitly contains the word ‘sociology’ in WoS.¹⁰ Sociology journals in the broader sense cover all journals where the searched articles were published, i.e. including the narrow group of journals. This distinction corresponds *inter alia* to the dual possible relation of individual authors to the field of sociology: either they identify with the field itself or with an organization addressing sociology issues.

In the next step, we attributed the articles with the IF value of the journal¹¹ where they were published, and we also accounted for author shares.¹² In case of co-authorship, each author received an equal share in the journal IF. Then, the sum of IF achieved for all published articles was calculated for each author. The complete overview of articles

⁶ We only searched partial databases in the Web of Knowledge: Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI) and Arts and Humanities Citation Index (AHCI).

⁷ The initial year was chosen due to the connection of this article to the method used in drafting the publication performance overview for economics (Münich 2006) and also with regards to the fact that the main local sociologically profiled journal (Sociologický časopis / Czech Sociological Review) has had IF in the Journal Citation Reports database since 2001.

⁸ Several articles, displaying the feature of a yearbook, were not included in further processing (e.g. under names like ‘Czech Republic’ or ‘Political Data Yearbook – Czech Republic’). An abstract was not included in them, either. Therefore, we do not consider them full articles.

⁹ In line with the Web of Science search rules, author’s names were entered in the form ‘surname’, ‘space’, ‘first letter of first name’ (without diacritics).

¹⁰ Specifically, these were articles from the journals numbered 1 – 15 (for more details, see Table A1).

¹¹ With few exceptions, we worked with 2007 IF values, as stated in Table A1.

¹² For articles with e.g. four co-authors, we worked with author share IF/4 for each of the authors.

ordered by author is included in Table A5 (if an article had more authors, it is included more times).

We established each author's citation total using the WoS Cited Reference Search tool with the same time and publication type limits as in article search.

Results

242 articles were found in the WoS for the 1998-2007 period, i.e. 314 records, taking account of articles with multiple authors, (see Table A5). There were 108 article authors. 200 articles fall in the category of narrowly focused sociology journals¹³, out of which the total of 170 were published in the *Sociologický časopis / Czech Sociological Review*. Out of all articles, 157 were written in Czech, 15 in Slovak, 62 in English and 8 in another foreign language (German, French, Russian).

Table 3 shows a basic results overview. Columns (1) – (4) contain individual authors' IF totals achieved by article publication, while columns (1') – (4') contain the corresponding order of authors. The order of authors (column 1') is based on the IF achieved in the narrow group of sociology journals in a world language (column 1). Other columns (2) – (4) state the achieved IF totals for other combinations of journal groups and languages. In Table 3, the results for a certain combination of journals and article language only take into consideration authors with non-zero IF value. This shows that groups of Czech sociologists are fairly strongly divided either according to the language they publish in or the thematic breadth of their sociological research.

The number of published articles for 1998 to 2007 is of course influenced by the length of time the author has been active in the field. Shorter time applies primarily to younger sociologists who only began their academic career after 1998. Therefore, in Table 4, we compare authors under 40 years of age (born after 1967). The order in the top positions does not differ significantly for different alternatives, however, further down we again

¹³ These are journals under numbers 1 to 15 in Table A1.

encounter relatively large differences. It is obvious that many younger sociologists have successfully published in world languages in sociology journals with broader focus.

Czech sociologists publish predominantly in the *Sociologický časopis / Czech Sociological Review (SČ)*. It is the only Czech journal with IF included in the international ISI Web of Knowledge database and it falls into the group of sociology journals in the narrower sense. Of the total of articles published in journals with IF, 70 percent were published in this journal. Another 5 percent were published in the Slovak journal with IF called *Sociológia (S)*. Only 25 percent of articles were then published in truly international journals – where a larger proportion of authors come from different countries. This is a very low share given the fact that WoS contains almost 100 sociology journals in the narrow sense and many more journals in the broader sense.¹⁴ As the SČ is publishing articles both in Czech and English language - four and two issues per year, respectively - a simple look at the most cited articles influencing the IF of the journal the most has shown that articles from both editions, Czech and English, has contributed about the same extent to the total IF.

The high concentration of articles by the Czech sociological community in the only local journal is striking. It is true that social science and namely humanities journals have a significantly stronger tendency for local thematic orientation than natural science journals (Moed 2005) but the share of articles published in SČ seems exceptionally high, nevertheless. As the majority of articles published in SČ are written in Czech, the question then arises to what extent the Czech sociology community focuses on issues that cannot contribute to the discipline's international knowledge to any greater degree, and to what extent it is the result of low ambitions or dispositions in the academic community to publish their results in a format designed for the international community.

Citation analysis

Citation analysis and its indexes represent the standard bibliometric alternative to IF. Whereas IF derives the potential impact of a specific article from the response to an average article in the journal for a certain period of time, citation indexes are directly linked to specific articles by authors. This of course represents an advantage. On the

¹⁴ Several of the 100 journals are focused on other countries, however.

other hand, citation indexes have many fundamental disadvantages for our kind of evaluation, which we discuss in the opening section and which need to be taken into account when interpreting the results presented here.

Table 5 shows a whole range of citation indexes for our list of authors. The Hirsch index (h-index) is an often used citation index and its 1998-2007 values are stated in column (3).¹⁵ The author's H-index (value from WoS) in our case equals the order of the article (by the given author), whose number of citations equals or exceeds the order of this article. Articles are listed in descending order according to citations. An obvious weakness of h-index in the Czech case is the low range of values between 0 and 3. By way of comparison let's state that the world renown sociologist Zygmunt Bauman reaches h-index 5 for a comparable period. Among four Czech authors with the highest h-index (value 3), two (P.Matějů and K.Vlachová) rank among the first ten according to IF (Table 3). Of the other two, T.Kostelecký achieves high h-index despite the fact that he does not have articles in world languages in IF journals. J.Řehák's high h-index is probably caused by the focus of his articles on statistical data analysis methods, which entails frequent citations by method users. Among 14 other sociologists with h-index 2, just two (Z.Vajdová and J.Buriánek) are not included in Table 3 ordered by the achieved IF.

Other columns in Table 5 show a whole range of alternative citation indexes. Panel A contains citation indexes based on the authors' articles from the period we explore – 1998 to 2007.

Tables 3 and 5 (panel A) rank many important Czech sociologists low according to IF as well as citation indexes. This is mainly because many of them published their most important works before 1998. This corresponds to the results in panel B, which are not limited by a time period. There is of course a great difference between measuring citation response for an author's life-work and for work published in a certain period.

¹⁵ H-index (Hirsch index) expresses the quantitative evaluation of the quality of articles published by a given person. It equals the order of publication (publications are listed in descending order according to number of citations) the number of citations of which equals or exceeds its order. Like IF, h-index does not address comparing performance in different fields, it is bound to a given academic field and the results are difficult to compare between fields.

(Source: <http://knihovny.cvut.cz/en/veda/h-index.html>)

The data in column (13) of Table 5 take into account the citations of our authors' monographs, if cited in journals registered in WoS. This indicator identifies significant Czech sociologists much better.

The fact stated above that comparisons based on IF by definition do not capture publications in academic monographs plays an important role in our comparison. Moed (2005) states on this issue that publication in social science/humanities research happens in different, partly overlapping worlds of international journals, monographs, local journals and other printed media. In this context, he claims that the importance of journals as a communication medium, as expressed by the share of references to papers published in journals to the overall number of citations, for sociology is 37 percent of the worldwide average and the share of references to papers in journals registered in WoS to the overall number of references from journals is 74 percent. The precise shares for the Czech Republic are not known but the role of monographs in the Czech Republic is probably significantly higher than Moed states (2005). Information on the number of citations of monographs in other monographs for the Czech Republic unfortunately does not exist yet. Extended citation analysis is fairly demanding and in other countries, it is usually carried out by a specialized organization. Such an organization does not exist yet in the Czech Republic.

More as a supplement, Table 6 includes information about the most frequently cited articles published in the period 1998-2007 (cited at least five time in total). Article titles can be found in Table A4. Among the authors of most cited articles, K. Vlachová has written 3, and P. Matějů and J. Večerník two each. As the number of citations does not take into account the potentially different quality and significance of citing sources, we also include the totals without self-citations and citation totals from international sources. The values of the last data emphasize the low international reflection of Czech sociology results, as evidenced by our entire analysis.

Conclusion

The aim of this article is to offer a partial insight into the publication performance in the field of sociology in the Czech Republic and thus to contribute to the self-reflection

within this academic discipline. Results are intentionally set in an international context, as it is highly relevant in the area of basic research.

Our analysis shows that similar authors rank among the first fifty using the selected indicators of IF and citation indexes. Within the first fifty positions, the order differs fairly strongly according to the indicator selected, however. It turns out that publication-wise, there are rather strongly differentiated groups of sociologists. Although citation indexes themselves generate rankings with fairly high positive mutual correlations, we also encounter many variations. This is also the consequence of fairly significant differences in the authors' publication practices. The differences show that bibliometric indicators need to be chosen with care based on the true purpose of comparing.

We are aware of the fact that any evaluation of academic outcomes such as this one is to an extent arbitrary and has real limitations. As our analysis focuses primarily on academic journals with IF, the main apparent shortcoming of our analysis is the fact that it accounts insufficiently for basic research results spread in the form of non-IF refereed journals and academic monographs. Although sociology is among the social science disciplines where new findings are often spread in the form of articles (Moed) and it even features the third highest number¹⁶ of academic journals with IF after economics and psychology, the important role of academic monographs in the field is obvious. To capture the contribution of monographs to academic knowledge is, however, much more demanding technically and for the time being unfeasible in the Czech Republic. The quality of book publications can be bibliometrically grasped using the so-called extended citation analysis. To carry out such an analysis is, however, extremely demanding due to the necessary background in the form of very large citing and cited indexes. A full-blown extended citation analysis can only be carried out in the framework of a large and long-term international project. As currently no such project enabling comparison including the Czech Republic exists, we present the results of at least partially extended citation analysis. In the framework of citations in IF journals, it also takes into consideration citations referring to the author's work published in the form of academic monographs, i.e. not just academic articles. Based on the overview

¹⁶ WoS registers almost 100 journals in the Sociology category. A great number of other journals, where many sociologists publish, can be considered thematically close.

gained from such an analysis we may believe, however, that an extended citation analysis would not have altered our findings in a substantial way either. This is given by the fact that an absolute majority of sociology monographs by Czech authors published in 1998 to 2007 were not published in a world language, meaning they could not reach the international academic community to a considerable degree and thus significantly contribute to the development of knowledge in a discipline of a largely international character.

Results of individual authors are undoubtedly influenced by a number of specific factors such as e.g. the scope of their thematic range, relation of their research focus to issues of a more “local” or “global” character, the author’s publication strategy (fewer articles with one author, more articles based on co-authorship), the length of academic career (younger researches, international stays, executive roles, political career), the amount of work load devoted to scientific work, and the type of academic career as sociologists based at universities usually do a lot of teaching in addition to their research. Although analyses of the influence of these factors exist internationally (Fox 2005), it would be very hard in our case to quantify it precisely and without subjective judgments. Therefore, we do not address these issues in the text and we let the IF and citation indexes speak, which are independent of subjective feelings.

When evaluating results in the area of Czech social sciences and humanities, we must not forget the significant negative impact of ideological biases and interventions of the communist dictatorship on the intellectual background in social sciences and humanities. A question remains about the extent to which the relatively low contribution of current Czech sociology to the international development in the field is still a consequence of historical circumstances and to what extent it is caused by the absence of R&D outcome evaluation in the Czech Republic in general and the resulting weak competition motivation within the academic community.

Information about the authors

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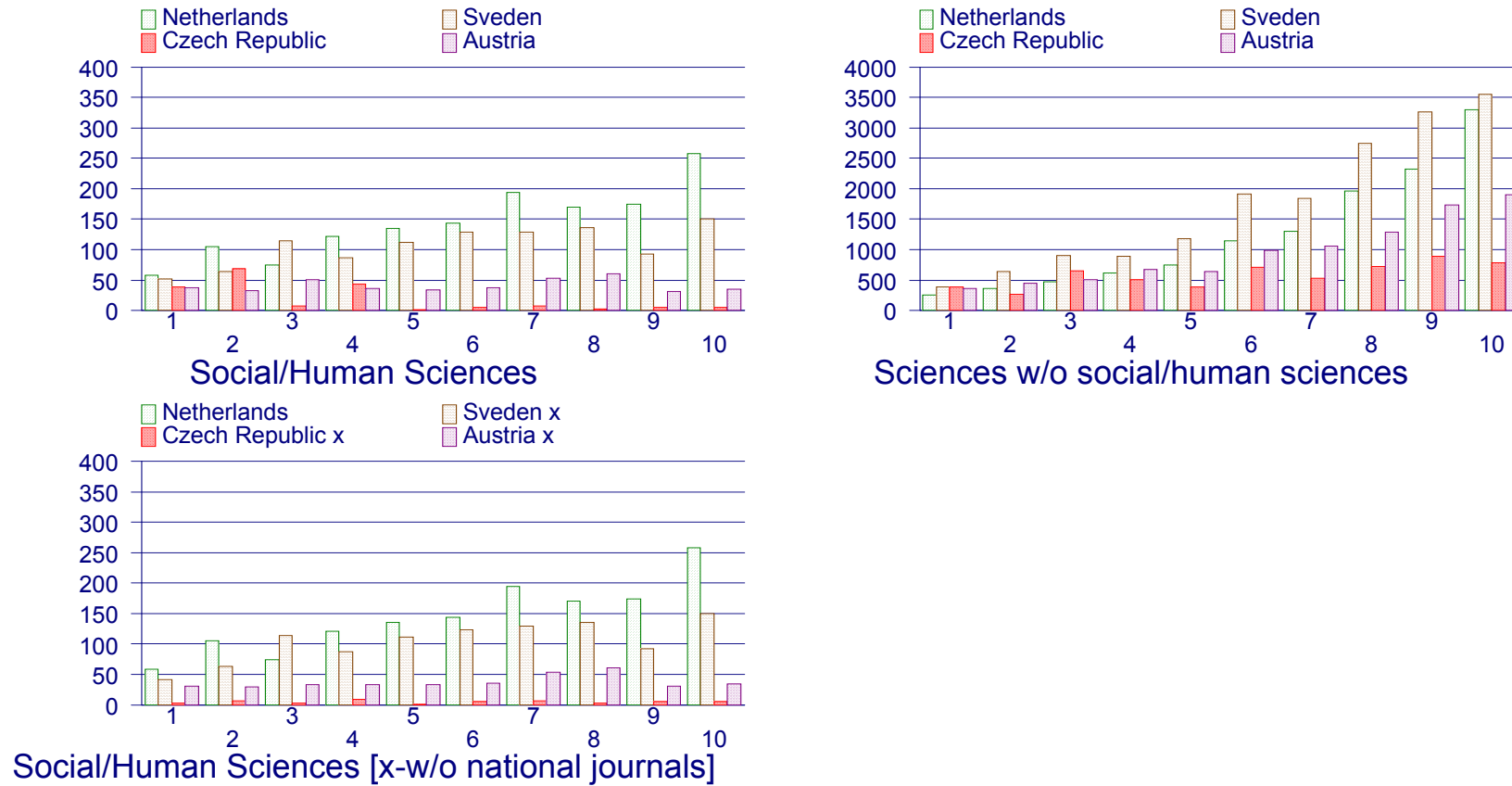
Tables and figures

Table 1. Population of countries, number of articles in IF journals produced by authors with an affiliation in a given country, share of articles published in journals issued in a given country in the field of social sciences and humanities, average number of citations per article. Data for 2006.

Country	Population in mil.	Number of articles	Share in national journals	Average number of citations per article
Sciences (natural science)				
Czech Republic	10.27	5 819		2.31
Netherlands	16.34	19 546		4.04
Sweden	9.08	14 991		3.62
Austria	8.28	7 712		3.33
Social sciences and humanities				
Czech Republic	10.27	194	0.71	0.42
Netherlands	16.34	2 540	*	1.63
Sweden	9.08	1 265	0.01	1.32
Austria	8.28	355	0.07	1.46

* Data for Netherlands not mentioned as the publisher Elsevier is based in this country and therefore it is not possible to distinguish between domestic and foreign journals.

Figure 1. Number of articles in IF journals published in 2006 by authors with an affiliation in a given country (weighted on population of the Czech Republic)



Decile groups of journal's impact factors

Table 2. Number of articles in IF journals produced by authors with an affiliation in the Czech Republic (social sciences and humanities)

Social sciences and humanities according to ISI Thomson.	Journal		Total
	Foreign	Domestic	
ANTHROPOLOGY	4	0	4
BUSINESS, FINANCE	1	12	13
ECONOMICS	11	43	54
ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES	2	0	2
ETHICS	1	0	1
INFORMATION SCIENCE	2	0	2
INTERNATIONAL RELATIO	4	0	4
LAW	1	0	1
LINGUISTICS	1	0	1
POLITICAL SCIENCE	7	0	7
PSYCHIATRY	7	0	7
PSYCHOLOGY, BIOLOGICAL	2	0	2
PSYCHOLOGY, CLINICAL	1	0	1
PSYCHOLOGY, DEVELOPMENTAL	1	0	1
PSYCHOLOGY, MULTIDISC	2	44	46
PSYCHOLOGY, SOCIAL	1	0	1
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	1	0	1
PUBLIC, ENVIRONMENTAL	1	0	1
SOCIAL ISSUES	1	0	1
SOCIAL SCIENCES, INTE	2	0	2
SOCIOLOGY	2	38	40
SUBSTANCE ABUSE	2	0	2
Total	57	137	194

Figure 2. Number of articles in IF journals published in 2006 (weighted on population of the Czech Republic)

Number of articles in 2006 [country population size adjusted]
 (x - CR, AU, SW w/o national journals)

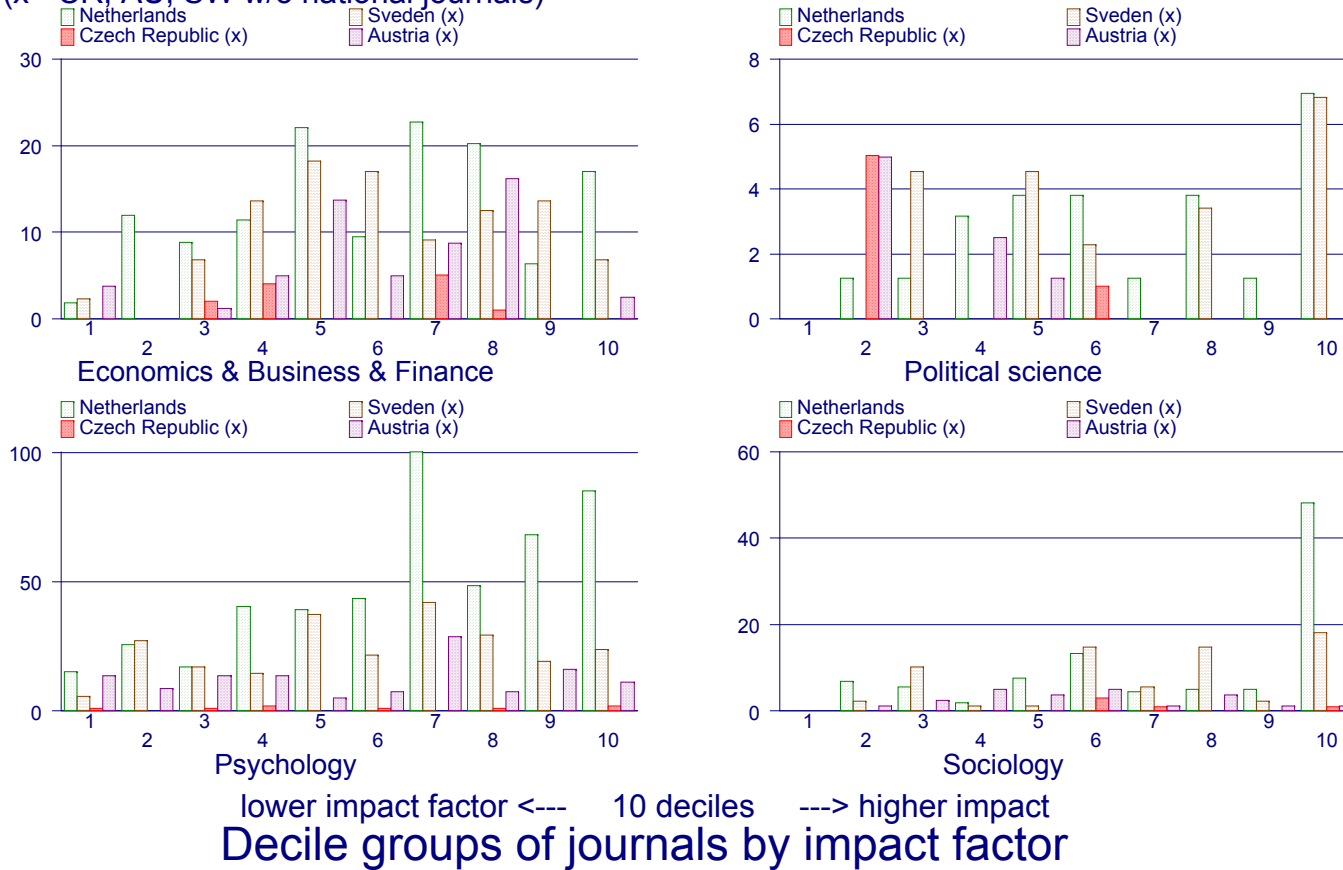


Table 3. Authors with highest value of total impact factor (IF sum) in foreign and all languages journals – narrower and broader group of sociology. Period 1998-2007.

Author	Affiliation	IF sum				Rank			
		Foreign language		All languages		(1')	(2')	(3')	(4')
		Narrower group	Broader group	Narrower group	Broader group				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)						
Vecernik, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	1.2	2.5	2.0	4.4	1	1	2	1
Kreidl, M.	FF ZČU	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.0	2	4	1	3
Simonova, N.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	3	8	10	16
Mateju, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.7	1.0	1.2	1.5	4	7	5	7
Strakova, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.8	5	11	14	21
Illner, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	6	12	18	26
Hamplova, D.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.9	7	13	12	18
Nespor, Z.R.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.5	0.5	1.5	1.5	8	14	3	6
Kuchar, P.	FSV UK	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.7	9	10	27	22
Fonadova, L.	ESF MU	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	10	17	32	37
Katrnak, T.	FSS MU	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.0	11	18	7	14
Krejci, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	12	19	17	24
Kucerova, E.	ČZU	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	13	15	35	30
Linek, L.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	14	21	39	45
Rabusic, L.	FSS MU	0.3	0.3	1.2	1.2	15	22	6	13
Keller, J.	ZSF OSU	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	16	25	28	36
Benacek, V.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.3	17	26	59	11
Dudova, R.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	18	27	62	68
Haskova, H.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	19	28	33	38
Kolarova, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	20	29	63	69
Lyons, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	21	20	65	42
Mansfeldova, Z.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	22	30	44	50
Nesporova, O.	VÚPSV	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	23	31	68	69
Sirovatka, T.	FSS MU	0.2	1.0	0.6	2.2	24	6	19	2
Vail, B.J.	FSS MU	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	25	32	53	62
Tucek, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	26	34	78	72
Rakusanova, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	27	36	84	92
Rabusicova, M.	FF MU	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	28	35	89	91
Konopasek, Z.	FSS MU	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	29	39	72	77
Nekola, M.	FSV UK	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	30	37	98	103
Rehakova, B.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.1	0.1	1.4	1.4	31	38	4	10
Vesely, A.	FSV UK		1.4	0.2	1.5		2	66	5
Lux, M.	SOÚ AV ČR		1.3	0.5	2.0		3	23	4
Potucek, M.	FSV UK		1.2	0.1	1.2		5	86	12
Vlachova, K.	SOÚ AV ČR		0.8	0.6	1.4		9	21	9
Mares, P.	FSS MU		0.4	1.0	1.5		16	8	8
Musil, J.	FSV UK			1.0	1.0			9	15
Kostecky, T.	SOÚ AV ČR			0.9	0.9			11	17

Note. This table presents 31 authors with highest value of total impact factor (according to foreign language category, narrower group – IF sum value 0.05 and higher before rounding). In addition, authors who represent “first ten” in one of the other categories are also included.

Rank of authors is based on IF sum for a given category. For authors with the same IF sum value, number of articles taken into account for analysis was used and also alphabetical order if needed.

Table 4. Forty year old authors and younger (born 1968 and later) with highest value of total impact factor (IF sum) according to journals in foreign language and in all languages – narrower and broader group of sociology journals.

Author	Affiliation	IF sum				Rank			
		Foreign language		All languages		(1')	(2')	(3')	(4')
		Narrower group	Broader group	Narrower group	Broader group				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)						
Kreidl, M.	FF ZČU	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.0	1	3	1	1
Simonova, N.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	2	4	4	7
Hamplova, D.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.9	3	6	5	8
Nespor, Z.R.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.5	0.5	1.5	1.5	4	7	2	4
Katrnak, T.	FSS MU	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.0	5	9	3	6
Krejci, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	6	10	6	10
Kucerova, E.	ČZU	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	7	8	15	13
Linek, L.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	8	12	17	19
Dudova, R.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	9	14	22	24
Haskova, H.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	10	15	13	15
Kolarova, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	11	16	25	25
Lyons, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	12	11	27	17
Nesporova, O.	VÚPSV	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	13	17	28	27
Vail, B.J.	FSS MU	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	14	18	31	29
Rakusanova, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	15	19	38	38
Nekola, M.	FSV UK	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	16	20	43	43
Vesely, A.	FSV UK		1.4	0.2	1.5		1	32	3
Lux, M.	SOÚ AV ČR		1.3	0.5	2.0		2	10	2
Vlachova, K.	SOÚ AV ČR		0.8	0.6	1.4		5	8	5
Lebeda, T.	SOÚ AV ČR		0.2	0.6	0.8		13	7	9
Rysavy, D.	FF UPOL			0.5	0.5			9	12
Chaloupkova, J.	SOÚ AV ČR			0.4	0.4			11	14
Sunega, P.	SOÚ AV ČR			0.3	0.5			14	11

Note. This table presents 16 authors with the highest value of total impact factor (according to foreign language category, narrower group – IF sum value 0.05 and higher before rounding). In addition, authors who represent “top ten” in one of the other categories are also included. Rank of authors is based on IF sum for a given category. For authors with the same IF sum value, number of articles taken into account for analysis was used and also alphabetical order if needed.

Table 5. Authors with highest citation characteristics according to Web of Science within the 1998-2007 period and without period limitations

Author (1)	Affiliation (2)	(A) Data on articles from 1998-2007 period					(B) Data on articles without period limitations					Number of citations* (13)
		H-index value (3)	Average number of citations per article (4)	Average number of citations per year (5)	Total number of citations (6)	Value (6) without self-citations (7)	H-index value (8)	Average number of citations per article (9)	Average number of citations per year (10)	Total number of citations (11)	Value (11) without self-citations (12)	
Mateju, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	3	2.46	2.91	32	23	6	2.91	3.54	99	65	70
Vlachova, K.	SOÚ AV ČR	3	2.62	1.91	21	11	4	1.69	1.80	27	16	32
Kostelecky, T.	SOÚ AV ČR	3	2.12	1.55	17	9						53
Rehak, J.	SC&C	3	4.67	1.27	14	4						12
Vecernik, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	1.48	2.82	31	22	4	1.26	2.04	53	41	160
Rabusic, L.	FSS MU	2	1.60	1.45	16	15	3	2.11	2.11	38	32	49
Kreidl, M.	FF ZČU	2	1.30	1.30	13	8						40
Sirovatka, T.	FSS MU	2	0.92	1.09	12	8						33
Cermak, D.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	4.00	1.60	8	7						7
Rehakova, B.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	0.64	0.64	7	6	4	1.80	1.55	45	34	16
Vajdova, Z.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	2.33	0.64	7	6	3	2.50	0.94	15	9	9
Mares, P.	FSS MU	2	0.67	0.55	6	6	3	1.50	0.92	24	19	56
Simonova, N.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	1.00	0.83	5	5						4
Kuchar, P.	FSV UK	2	2.00	0.67	6	5						7
Burianek, J.	FF UK	2	1.20	0.55	6	5						12
Hamplova, D.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	1.00	0.62	5	4						22
Nespor, Z.R.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	1.00	1.67	10	4						25
Lux, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	2	0.86	0.67	6	2						53
Potucek, M.	FSV UK	1	1.75	0.64	7	7	2	1.38	0.62	18	15	36
Strakova, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.20	1.20	6	5						8
Kucerova, E.	ČZU	1	2.50	1.67	5	5						1
Musil, J.	FSV UK	1	1.00	0.50	5	5	4	3.56	2.04	57	54	85
Soukup, P.	FSV UK	1	1.00	1.00	2	2						2
Illner, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	3.00	0.27	3	3	3	1.30	0.52	13	11	29
Katrnak, T.	FSS MU	1	0.71	0.45	5	3						18
Benacek, V.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	0.60	0.33	3	3	3	1.17	0.52	14	11	32
Hamanova, J.	SC&C	1	3.00	0.27	3	3						5
Bartova, I.	SC&C	1	3.00	0.27	3	3						2
Hermanova, E.	n.a.(SOU AV)	1	3.00	0.33	3	3	2	3.50	0.44	7	7	4
Vyhliďal, J.	VÚPSV	1	3.00	0.60	3	3						3
Chaloupkova, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.00	0.75	3	3						3
Haskova, H.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.00	0.25	2	2						17
Tucek, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	2.00	0.67	2	2	2	1.57	0.96	22	15	20
Nekola, M.	FSV UK	1	2.00	0.67	2	2						2
Zizlavsky, M.	n.a.(FSS MU)	1	1.00	0.29	2	2						2
Brokl, L.	FF UHK	1	0.33	0.16	2	2	2	1.33	0.42	8	7	11
Louckova, I.	FF UPOL	1	2.00	0.29	2	2	2	1.75	0.27	7	5	5
Kabele, J.	FSV UK	1	2.00	0.67	2	2	3	2.70	1.12	27	22	10
Lebeda, T.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.00	0.71	5	2						24
Vesely, A.	FSV UK	1	1.00	0.40	2	2						5

Linek, L.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.00	0.50	2	1						23
Krejci, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.50	0.50	3	1	2	1.50	0.86	6	1	19
Mansfeldova, Z.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.00	0.29	2	1	2	0.83	0.19	5	3	29
Lyons, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	0.50	0.33	1	1						3
Rakusanova, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	2.00	0.50	2	1						8
Konopasek, Z.	FSS MU	1	0.67	0.20	2	1	2	0.57	0.22	4	3	14
Louzek, M.	FF UK	1	0.07	0.10	1	1						31
Novak, M.	FSV UK	1	0.40	0.18	2	1						36
Kepakova, K.	n.a.(FSS MU)	1	1.00	0.10	1	1						1
Vojtiskova, K.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	2.00	0.67	2	1						0
Sunega, P.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	0.75	0.50	3	1						15
Stachova, J.	SOÚ AV ČR	1	1.00	0.25	1	1						4
Fialova, L.	FTVS UK	1	1.00	0.20	1	1						9
Hudeckova, H.	PEF ČZU	1	1.00	0.14	1	1						24
Lostak, M.	PEF ČZU	1	1.00	0.14	1	1						7
Slepickova, L.	FSS MU	1	1.00	0.50	1	1						0
Pridalova, M.	FSS MU	1	1.00	0.09	1	1						3
Nedbalkova, K.	FSS MU	1	0.50	0.11	1	1						2
Marada, R.	FSS MU	1	1.00	0.12	1	1						8
Sanderova, J.	FSV UK	1	1.00	0.10	1	1						6
Petrusek, M.	FSV UK	1	0.25	0.14	1	1	2	0.71	0.48	10	10	12
Fonadova, L.	ESF MU	1	0.50	0.20	1	0						1
Jerabek, H.	FSV UK	1	0.50	0.22	2	0	2	0.62	0.30	8	2	9
Keller, J.	ZSF OSU	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	1	0.56	0.23	5	3	49
Fric, P.	FSV UK	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	1	0.50	0.14	3	3	37
Cermakova, M.	SOÚ AV ČR	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	2	2.00	0.42	8	6	24
Havelka, M.	FHS UK	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	1	0.38	0.14	3	3	12
Mozny, I.	FSS MU	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	1	0.25	0.07	1	1	27

Notes:

This table includes authors with h-index value 1 and higher.

Data do not reflect co-authorship.

Search was carried out using limitations on “Articles“ (document type).

Authors are presented in descending order according to H-index in column (3) and next according to column (7). Expression “n.a.“ in affiliation column means that current affiliation is not available and the one mentioned within articles found is in brackets.

In part (B) “without period limitations” only data for authors with higher h-index value (compared to 1998-2007 period) are presented. In addition, the table includes authors with “0” h-index value in 1998-2007 period but with h-index value of 1 or 2 for part (B) and with value 10 and higher in column (13).

* For 1998-2006 period as there were not complete data for 2007 when this paper was written. It is based on information available in Web of Knowledge using Cited Reference Search (represents citations of all document types – articles, monographs etc.).

Table 6. Characteristics of the most frequently cited articles (from those taken into account for our analyses)

Author(s)			Number of citations			Journal	Volume	Number	Year
			Total	Without self-citations	Foreign only				
Hraba, J.	McCutcheon, A.	Vecernik, J.	11	2	2	RURAL SOCIOL	64	3	1999
Vlachova, K.	Mateju, P.		6	3	0	SOCIOL CAS	34	2	1998
Rabusic, L.			5	5	1	SOCIOL CAS	36	1	2000
Kreidl, M.	Vlachova, K.		5	2	1	SOCIOL CAS	35	3	1999
Kostelecky, T.	Cermak, D.		5	5	1	SOCIOL CAS	40	4	2004
Mateju, P.	Vlachova, K.		5	3	0	SOCIOL CAS	34	2	1998
Vecernik, J.			5	3	3	COMMUNIS POST-COMMUN	32	4	1999
Potucek, M.			5	5	4	J EUR SOC POLICY	14	3	2004
Rehak, J.			5	5	0	SOCIOL CAS	34	1	1998

Note: Data from the Web of Science were collected by 31.5. 2008.

Appendix

Table A1. List of journals and their IF – data for 2007 according to the WoS^{*1)}

Journal title (abbreviated)	Journal title (full)	IF value	Subject category (see table A2)	Narrower group ^{*2)}
SOCIOL CAS	SOCIOLOGICKY CASOPIS/CZECH SOCIOLOGICAL REVIEW	0.169	1	Yes
SOCIOLOGIA	SOCIOLOGIA	0.116	1	Yes
SOTSIOL ISSLED	SOTSIOLOGICHESKIE ISSLEDOVANIYA	0.194	1	Yes
EUR SOCIOL REV	EUROPEAN SOCIOLOGICAL REVIEW	0.855	1	Yes
SOCIOL RURALIS	SOCIOLOGIA RURALIS	0.641	1	Yes
INT J COMP SOCIOL	INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF COMPARATIVE SOCIOLOGY	0.121 ^{*3)}	1	Yes
POL SOCIOL REV	POLISH SOCIOLOGICAL REVIEW	0.021	1	Yes
SOCIOL QUART	SOCIOLOGICAL QUARTERLY	0.627	1	Yes
RURAL SOCIOL	RURAL SOCIOLOGY	0.820	1	Yes
BRIT J SOCIOL EDUC	BRITISH JOURNAL OF SOCIOLOGY OF EDUCATION	0.609	4, 1	Yes
SOCIOL EDUC	SOCIOLOGY OF EDUCATION	1.290	4, 1	Yes
SOC INDIC RES	SOCIAL INDICATORS RESEARCH	0.610	2, 9, 1	Yes
WORK EMPLOY SOC	WORK EMPLOYMENT AND SOCIETY	1.051	6, 15, 1	Yes
J POLIT MIL SOCIOL	JOURNAL OF POLITICAL & MILITARY SOCIOLOGY	0.061	7, 1	Yes
HUM STUD	HUMAN STUDIES	0.128	12, 1	Yes
FINANC UVER	FINANCE A UVER	0.382	5	No
POLIT EKON	POLITICKA EKONOMIE	0.172	6, 7	No
FILOS CAS	FILOSOFICKY CASOPIS	0.011	12, 13	No
EUR J POLIT RES	EUROPEAN JOURNAL OF POLITICAL RESEARCH	1.679	7	No
CESK PSYCHOL	CESKOSLOVENSKA PSYCHOLOGIE	0.133	10, 8	No
JUSTICE SYST J	JUSTICE SYSTEM JOURNAL	0.122	17	No
J EUR SOC POLICY	JOURNAL OF EUROPEAN SOCIAL POLICY	1.083	3	No
OSTEUROPA	OSTEUROPA	0.223	7	No
POLIT STUD-LONDON	POLITICAL STUDIES	0.488	7	No
SOC POLICY ADMIN	SOCIAL POLICY & ADMINISTRATION	0.512	16, 3	No
COMMUNIS POST-COMMUN	COMMUNIST AND POST-COMMUNIST STUDIES	0.529	11, 7	No
REV ETUD COMP EST-O	REVUE D ETUDES COMPARATIVES ESTOUEST	0.071	6	No
EASTERN EUR ECON	EASTERN EUROPEAN ECONOMICS	0.413	6	No
COMMUNIS POST-COMMUN	COMMUNIST AND POST-COMMUNIST STUDIES	0.529	11, 7	No
BRIT J PSYCHIAT	BRITISH JOURNAL OF PSYCHIATRY	5.446	18	No
PERCEPT MOTOR SKILL	PERCEPTUAL AND MOTOR SKILLS	0.387	10	No
URBAN STUD	URBAN STUDIES	1.274	19	No
PHIL TODAY	PHILOSOPHY TODAY	^{*4)}	13	No
HIST JAHR	HISTORISCHES JAHRBUCH	^{*4)}	14	No
HIST SOC RES	HISTORICAL SOCIAL RESEARCH-HISTORISCHE SOZIALFORSCHUNG	^{*4)}	14, 15	No
SWS-RUNDSCHAU	SWS-RUNDSCHAU	^{*4)}	7	No
ESPRIT	ESPRIT	^{*4)}	20	No

*1) Only journals that appeared at least once are listed.

*2) Narrower group represents journals which subject category includes category 1.

*3) Data for 2002. Newer data are not available in the Web of Knowledge.

*4) Data was not found for 2007 or any previous year.

Note: For year 2007, within subject category “sociology“, median IF = 0.631; average IF = 0.794.

Table A2. List of subject categories of journals in the Web of Knowledge*

Code	Subject category
1	Sociology
2	Social Sciences
3	Social Issues
4	Education & Educational Research
5	Business, Finance
6	Economics
7	Political Science
8	Multidisciplinary
9	Interdisciplinary
10	Psychology
11	International Relations
12	Ethics
13	Philosophy
14	History
15	Industrial Relations & Labor
16	Planning & Development
17	Law
18	Psychiatry
19	Environmental Studies, Urban Studies
20	Other

* Only categories that appeared at least once are listed.

Table A3. List of institutes/departments addressed for cooperation

Abbreviation	Name
ISS FSV UK *	Institut sociologických studií – Fakulta sociálních věd UK [Institute of Sociological Studies, Faculty of Social Sciences, Charles University]
KS FF UK *	Katedra sociologie – Filozofická fakulta UK [Department of Sociology, Faculty of Philosophy and Arts, Charles University]
FSS MU *	Fakulta sociálních studií MU [Faculty of Social Studies, Masaryk University]
KSA FF UPOL *	Katedra sociologie a andragogiky – Filozofická fakulta UPOL [Department of Sociology and Education of the Adults, Philosophical Faculty, Palacký University Olomouc]
KS FF ZČU *	Katedra sociologie – Filozofická fakulta ZČU v Plzni [Department of Sociology, Faculty of Philosophy and Arts, University of West Bohemia]
KSP FSE UJEP	Katedra sociální práce – Fakulta sociálně ekonomická, UJEP v Ústí nad Labem [Department of Social Work, Faculty of Social and Economic Studies, Jan Evangelista Purkyně University in Ústí nad Labem]
SOÚ AV ČR *	Sociologický ústav AV ČR, v.v.i. [Institute of Sociology, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic]
CESES FSV UK *	Centrum pro sociální a ekonomické strategie – Fakulta sociálních věd UK [Center for Social and Economic Strategies, Faculty of Social Sciences, Charles University]
KSV FF UP *	Katedra sociálních věd - Fakulta filozofická, Univerzita Pardubice [Department of Social Sciences, Faculty of Arts and Philosophy, University of Pardubice]
KREE EF VŠB-TU *	Katedra regionální a environmentální ekonomiky – Ekonomická fakulta, Vysoká škola báňská – Technická univerzita Ostrava [Department of Regional and Environmental Economics, Faculty of Economics, VŠB – Technical University of Ostrava]
KGS FHS UK	Katedra genderových studií – Fakulta humanitních studií UK [Department of Gender Studies, Faculty of Humanity Studies, Charles University]
KSP ZSF OSU *	Katedra sociální práce – Fakulta sociálních studií, Ostravská univerzita v Ostravě [Department of Social Work, Faculty of Social Studies, University of Ostrava]
KHV PEF ČZU *	Katedra humanitních věd - Provozně ekonomická fakulta, Česká zemědělská univerzita [Department of Humanities, Faculty of Economics and Management, Czech University of Life Sciences Prague]
ÚFSV FF UHK	Ústav filosofie a společenských věd - Filozofická fakulta, Univerzita Hradec Králové [Institute of Philosophy and Social Sciences, Faculty of Arts, University of Hradec Králové]
VÚPSV	Výzkumný ústav práce a sociálních věcí, v.v.i. [Research Institute for Labour and Social Affairs]
KZKHV FTVS UK *	Oddělení filosofie, historie a sociologie - Katedra základů kinantropologie a humanitních věd – Fakulta tělesné výchovy a sportu UK [Department of Kinanthropology and Humanities, Faculty of Physical Education and Sport, Charles University]
KPSŘ FPH VŠE	Katedra psychologie a sociologie řízení - Fakulta podnikohospodářská, Vysoká škola ekonomická [Department of psychology and sociology, University of Economics, Prague]

* We got a response from these.

Table A4. List of the most frequently cited articles (from those taken into account for our analyses)

Author(s)	Journal	Title of article	Volume	Number	Year
Hraba, J. McCutcheon, A. Vecernik, J.	RURAL SOCIOLOGICAL	Rural and urban differences in economic experiences, anxiety and support for the post-communist reforms in the Czech and Slovak Republics	64	3	1999
Vlachova, K. Mateju, P.	SOCIOLOGICAL CAS	The crystallisation of political attitudes and the political spectrum in the Czech Republic	34	2	1998
Rabusic, L.	SOCIOLOGICAL CAS	Is Czech society 'post-materialist'?	36	1	2000
Kreidl, M. Vlachova, K.	SOCIOLOGICAL CAS	The social background of the extreme right in the Czech Republic	35	3	1999
Kostecky, T. Cermak, D.	SOCIOLOGICAL CAS	The influence of territorially specific factors on the formation of the political attitudes of voters	40	4	2004
Mateju, P. Vlachova, K.	SOCIOLOGICAL CAS	The role of politically relevant attitudes and value orientations in electoral decisions. The Czech Republic in 1996	34	2	1998
Vecernik, J.	COMMUNIS POST-COMMUNIS	The middle class in the Czech reforms: the interplay between policies and social stratification	32	4	1999
Potucek, M.	J EUR SOC POLICY	Accession and social policy: the case of the Czech republic	14	3	2004
Rehak, J.	SOCIOLOGICAL CAS	Quality of data I. Classical model of measuring reliability and its practical application	34	1	1998

Table A5. List of all articles taken into account – listed in alphabetical order (by surnames of authors)

Author	Journal	Title of article	Vol.	Nr.	Year	Lang
Balon J	SOCIOL CAS	Social theory and cultural studies: Two types of interdisciplinary approach	40	1, 2	2004	C
Bartova I	SOCIOL CAS	Quality of data III. Empirical results of reliability measurement for selected variables and scales	34	3	1998	C
Basl J	SOCIOL CAS	Determination of college expectations in OECD countries: The role of individual and structural factors	43	6	2007	E
Benacek V	SOCIOL CAS	The rise of the 'grand entrepreneurs' in the Czech Republic and their contest for capitalism	42	6	2006	E
Benacek V	FINANC UVER	An authentic private sector in a transition economy: The roots and alternatives of Czech capitalism	52	3	2002	C
Benacek V	FINANC UVER	Czech foreign trade flows	50	11	2000	C
Benacek V	POLIT EKON	Foreign direct investment in the Czech economy	48	1	2000	C
Benacek V	FINANC UVER	Growth and structural changes in the international trade in Czech manufacturing industries in 1993-97	49	12	1999	C
Bernard J	SOCIOL CAS	The social integration of migrants from cities to villages in the Czech Republic and in Austria	42	4	2006	C
Bernard J	SWS-RUNDSCHA U	Social integration of immigrants from big-cities-to-villages in Austria and in the Czech Republic	47	2	2007	G
Brokl L	SOCIOL CAS	The relationship of members of the Czech parliament to voters as a matter of vertical accountability	37	3	2001	C
Burianek J	CESK PSYCHOL	Shall we give up freedom under the pressure of risks?	47	4	2003	C
Burianek J	JUSTICE SYST J	The social correlates of punitiveness toward criminals: A comparison of the Czech Republic and Florida	23	2	2002	E
Burianek J	SOCIOL CAS	Security risk and its perception in the eyes of the Czech public	37	1	2001	C
Burianek J	SOCIOLOGI A	The public and the crime rates in the Czech Republic: Trends of development.	32	1	2000	S
Cermak D	SOCIOL CAS	The influence of territorially specific factors on the formation of the political attitudes of voters	40	4	2004	C
Cermak D	SOCIOL CAS	Surveys and aggregate data analysis - A discussion of the usability of different approaches in a comparative analysis of political behaviour	39	4	2003	C
Cervenka J	SOTSIOL ISSLED	Transformation and modernization of Czech society	?	7	2002	R
Dudova R	SOCIOL CAS	Old obligations in the modern world: The father as provider before and after divorce	42	3	2006	E
Fafejta M	FILOS CAS	Dispute and destructive Gemeinschaft (Lyotard, Richard Sennett)	54	4	2006	C
Fafejta M	SOCIOL CAS	On some strategies of feminist politics - The deconstruction of gender symbolism	38	5	2002	C
Fafejta M	FILOS CAS	Sex, gender and feminist politics - An attempt at deconstructing the concept of naturalness	49	5	2001	C

Fonadova L	EUR SOCIOLOGICAL REVIEWS	Trends in educational assortative mating in Central Europe: The Czech Republic, Slovakia, Poland, and Hungary, 1988-2000	22	3	2006	E
Fonadova L	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Has the post-communist transformation led to an increase in educational homogamy in the Czech Republic after 1989?	40	3	2004	E
Fric P	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	A model of Czech society's development and its modernisation in a global context	40	4	2004	C
Fric P	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Corruption - deviant behaviour or social disorganisation? The case of Czech police	37	1	2001	C
Fucik P	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	The age homogamy of Czech marriages, 1920-2000	42	4	2006	C
Gatnar L	SOCIOLOGICAL ISSUES	Transformation and modernization of Czech society	?	7	2002	R
Gatnar L	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	The prospects of the compromise political model: The results of a post-electoral survey in the Czech Republic	35	3	1999	C
Hajek M	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	The 'Background' and 'Battlefield' in the struggle for justice: Text analysis of trade union, feminist, and human rights media communications	42	2	2006	C
Hamanova J	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Quality of data III. Empirical results of reliability measurement for selected variables and scales	34	3	1998	C
Hamar E	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Eight women migrants and their shared transnational world	43	1	2007	S
Hamplova D	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Satisfaction with life, happiness, and family status in twenty-one European countries	42	1	2006	C
Hamplova D	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Marriage and educational attainment: A dynamic approach to first union formation	39	6	2003	E
Hamplova D	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Marriage and cohabitation: Qualitative differences in partnership arrangements	38	6	2002	E
Hamplova D	SOCIOLOGICAL ISSUES	Religious believers in the Czech republic	?	7	2002	R
Hamplova D	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	International Social Survey Program 1998 - Religion	36	4	2000	C
Haskova H	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Czech women's civic organising under the state socialist regime, socio-economic transformation and the EU accession period	41	6	2005	E
Haskova H	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Attitudes of Czech university graduates towards the position of women in the labour market	36	4	2000	C
Havelka M	SOCIOLOGICAL A	Czech conservatism and conservative intellectuals.	34	1	2002	S
Havelka M	SOCIOLOGICAL A	Max Weber and the origins of the sociology of religion.	30	5	1998	S
Havlikova J	SOCIOLOGICAL A	The importance of the process of community planning of social services in addressing the problem of social exclusion at the local level.	39	1	2007	S
Hermanova E	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Regional differentiation of the housing market and its causes	36	1	2000	C
Hubikova O	SOCIOLOGICAL A	The importance of the process of community planning of social services in addressing the problem of social exclusion at the local level.	39	1	2007	S
Hudeckova H	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Rural sociology in education and research at the Czech University of agriculture in Prague	38	1, 2	2002	C
Chaloupkova J	SOCIOLOGICAL CASES	Joint or separate income management among married and cohabitating couples	42	5	2006	C

Chaloupkova J	SOCIOL CAS	Attitudes towards immigrants and the impact of migration in European countries	42	1	2006	C
Chaloupkova J	SOCIOL CAS	Factors influencing the division of housework in Czech households and evaluations of equitability	41	1	2005	C
Illner M	SOC INDIC RES	The changing quality of life in a post-communist country: The case of Czech Republic	43	1, 2	1998	E
Illner M	SOCIOL CAS	How regions function - An attempt at evaluating the performance of regional governments	43	5	2007	C
Jerabek H	SOCIOL CAS	The measurement of opinion leadership in Czech sociological research - (The personality strength scale as a tool for opinion leadership identification)	39	5	2003	C
Jerabek H	SOCIOL CAS	The seven weaknesses of Czech sociology - the personal viewpoint of one sociologist	38	1, 2	2002	C
Jerabek H	SOCIOL CAS	Panel analysis - Method and results of the research "the people's choice"	36	2	2000	C
Jerabek H	SOCIOL CAS	The beginnings of P. Lazarsfeld's political sociology - The people's choice Social determinants of voter decisions	36	1	2000	C
Kabele J	SOCIOL CAS	The 'Background' and 'Battlefield' in the struggle for justice: Text analysis of trade union, feminist, and human rights media communications	42	2	2006	C
Kalvas F	SOCIOL CAS	How does the content and structure of television news affect the perceived importance of issues among the Czech public?	43	2	2007	C
Katrnak T	EUR SOCIOL REV	Trends in educational assortative mating in Central Europe: The Czech Republic, Slovakia, Poland, and Hungary, 1988-2000	22	3	2006	E
Katrnak T	SOCIOL CAS	Has the post-communist transformation led to an increase in educational homogamy in the Czech Republic after 1989?	40	3	2004	E
Katrnak T	SOCIOLOGI A	Social and cultural reproduction in theoretical perspective	35	1	2003	S
Katrnak T	SOCIOL CAS	Structural causes of the decline in the number of marriages and the increase in the number of single women and men in the Czech Republic in the 1990s	37	2	2001	C
Katrnak T	SOCIOL CAS	Modern partner relationships and their transformation in the age of late modernity	36	3	2000	C
Katrnak T	SOCIOL CAS	The problem of the relation between religiousness and anomie	34	1	1998	C
Katrnak T	SOCIOL CAS	The employed and the unemployed in the Czech labour market between 1998 and 2004	43	2	2007	C
Keller J	SOCIOL CAS	Ten subjects for Czech sociology	38	1, 2	2002	C
Keller J	SOTSIOL ISSLED	The modernization - humanization of society, or the corrosion of the social being?		7	2002	R
Kepakova K	SOCIOL CAS	The sexual behaviour of adolescents and HIV risk	35	2	1999	C
Kolarova M	SOCIOL CAS	Gender representation of the anti-globalisation movement in the alternative media	40	6	2004	E
Konopasek Z	HUM STUD	Political screenings as trials of strength: Making the communist power/lessness real	29	3	2006	E
Konopasek Z	SOCIOLOGI A	Construction of communist power and powerlessness.	31	5	1999	S

Konopasek Z	HIST SOC RES	Making thinking visible with Atlas.ti: Computer assisted qualitative analysis as textual practices			2007	E
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	The influence of territorially specific factors on the formation of the political attitudes of voters	40	4	2004	C
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	Surveys and aggregate data analysis - A discussion of the usability of different approaches in a comparative analysis of political behaviour	39	4	2003	C
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	Measuring the performance of national, regional and local governments	42	5	2006	C
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	The Czech population's opinions on the housing situation and housing policy: Does the Czech Republic have 'housing classes'?	41	2	2005	C
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	A model for predicting election results - An alternative approach to estimating election results in electoral districts	41	1	2005	C
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	Proposed changes to the electoral law resulting from amendments to the 'opposition agreement' in 2000 and their possible consequences	36	3	2000	C
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	Regional differentiation of the housing market and its causes	36	1	2000	C
Kostelecky T	SOCIOL CAS	How regions function - An attempt at evaluating the performance of regional governments	43	5	2007	C
Kreidl M	EUR SOCIOL REV	Trends in educational assortative mating in Central Europe: The Czech Republic, Slovakia, Poland, and Hungary, 1988-2000	22	3	2006	E
Kreidl M	SOCIOL CAS	Has the post-communist transformation led to an increase in educational homogamy in the Czech Republic after 1989?	40	3	2004	E
Kreidl M	SOCIOL CAS	Evaluating the influence of survey agencies on the construct validity of scales	41	1	2005	C
Kreidl M	EUR SOCIOL REV	Politics and secondary school tracking in socialist Czechoslovakia, 1948-1989	20	2	2004	E
Kreidl M	SOCIOL CAS	Patterns of secondary school tracking in socialist Czechoslovakia	38	5	2002	C
Kreidl M	SOCIOLOGI A	Attitudes towards inequalities, stratification legitimacy, and social experience during transition	33	2	2001	S
Kreidl M	SOCIOL CAS	Changes in status consistency in the Czech Republic 1991-1999	35	3	1999	C
Kreidl M	SOCIOL CAS	The social background of the extreme right in the Czech Republic	35	3	1999	C
Kreidl M	SOCIOL CAS	How does the content and structure of television news affect the perceived importance of issues among the Czech public?	43	2	2007	C
Kreidl M	SOCIOLOGI A	School re-entry under socialism: Sponsored mobility or a second chance?	39	2	2007	S
Krejci J	SOCIOL CAS	International and comparative social science research and the Czech Republic: A report on surveys and available data	42	1	2006	C
Krejci J	SOCIOL CAS	Access to Czech social survey data	38	6	2002	E
Krejci J	SOCIOL CAS	Data services for Czech sociology	38	1, 2	2002	C
Krejci J	SOCIOL CAS	Non-response in probability sample surveys in the Czech Republic	43	3	2007	E
Krizkova A	SOCIOL CAS	The career patterns of women in management - The strategies of women within the gender regime of organisation	39	4	2003	C

Kubatova H	SOCIOLOGI A	Cultural transformation of the Czech society against the background of its economic and political transformation	37	4	2005	S
Kucerova E	SOCIOL RURALIS	The project class in Central Europe: The Czech and Hungarian cases	46	1	2006	E
Kucerova E	PERCEPT MOTOR SKILL	Sex of expresser and correct perception of facial expressions of emotion	104	3	2007	E
Kuchar P	SOTSIOL ISSLED	Transformation and modernization of Czech society	?	7	2002	R
Kuchar P	J EUR SOC POLICY	Social consequences of unemployment: an East-West comparison	11	1	2001	E
Kuchar P	WORK EMPLOY SOC	Employment experience and organisational commitment: An East-West European comparison	13	4	1999	E
Lebeda T	SOCIOL CAS	The proportionality of electoral formulas for systems of proportional representation	42	5	2006	C
Lebeda T	SOCIOL CAS	Real quota theory, an alternative approach to measuring electoral proportionality	42	4	2006	C
Lebeda T	OSTEUROP A	Stalemate in Central Europe - The 2006 Czech parliamentary election	56	7	2006	G
Lebeda T	SOCIOL CAS	Active citizenship and satisfaction with democracy in Europe	42	1	2006	C
Lebeda T	SOCIOL CAS	The main variables of systems of proportional representation	37	4	2001	C
Linek L	SOCIOL CAS	Why Czech parliamentary party groups vote less unitedly. The role of frequent voting and big majorities in passing bills	41	3	2005	E
Linek L	SOCIOL CAS	Surveys of MPs and Senators in the parliament of the Czech Republic between 1993 and 2005	41	3	2005	E
Lostak M	SOCIOL CAS	Rural sociology in education and research at the Czech University of agriculture in Prague	38	1, 2	2002	C
Louckova I	SOCIOL CAS	Towards integrated strategies in social work research and beyond	37	3	2001	C
Louzek M	SOCIOLOGI A	The economic sociology of Joseph A. Schumpeter.	39	1	2007	S
Lux M	SOCIOL CAS	Housing affordability of rental and owner-occupied housing over the course of the economic transformation in the Czech Republic (1991-2003)	42	5	2006	C
Lux M	SOCIOL CAS	On housing satisfaction among Czech citizens	41	2	2005	C
Lux M	FINANC UVER	Equilibrium rent and housing policy implications	53	1, 2	2003	C
Lux M	SOCIOL CAS	Social housing in the Czech Republic in a comparative context	36	2	2000	C
Lux M	SOCIOL CAS	The effect of housing conditions on the intended labour migration of the Czech population	43	2	2007	C
Lux M	URBAN STUD	The quasi-normative approach to housing affordability: The case of the Czech Republic	44	5, 6	2007	E
Lyons P	POLIT STUD- LONDON	Pragmatists, ideologues and the general law of curvilinear disparity: The case of the Irish Labour Party	54	4	2006	E
Lyons P	SOCIOL CAS	'It's the economy, stupid' - Popular support for EU accession in the Czech Republic	43	3	2007	E
Manea BEC	SOCIOL CAS	One-child families in the Czech republic. Who are the people who have or plan to have just one child?	43	4	2007	C

Mansfeldova Z	SOCIOL CAS	The relationship of members of the Czech parliament to voters as a matter of vertical accountability	37	3	2001	C
Mansfeldova Z	SOCIOL CAS	Executive-legislative relations in the budgeting process in the Czech Republic	41	3	2005	E
Marada M	SOCIOL CAS	Ethos, interests, dispositions	36	4	2000	C
Mares P	SOCIOL CAS	Poverty, deprivation and social exclusion: The unemployed and the working poor	42	4	2006	C
Mares P	SOC POLICY ADMIN	Poverty, social exclusion and social policy in the Czech Republic	40	3	2006	E
Mares P	FINANC UVER	Unemployment, labour marginalisation and deprivation	55	1, 2	2005	E
Mares P	SOCIOL CAS	From work as an emancipator to work that's no longer there	40	1, 2	2004	C
Mares P	SOCIOL CAS	The long-term unemployed - Living conditions and strategies	39	1	2003	C
Mares P	SOCIOL CAS	Poverty, marginalisation, social exclusion	36	3	2000	C
Mares P	SOCIOL CAS	Failure of social policy: Non-take-up of social security as a problem of social cognisance	36	2	2000	C
Mares P	SOCIOLOGI A	Experience of the Czech population with the labour market.	31	5	1999	S
Mares P	SOCIOL CAS	Ageing and politics	34	3	1998	C
Mares P	SOCIOL CAS	The employed and the unemployed in the Czech labour market between 1998 and 2004	43	2	2007	C
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	Changes in status consistency in the Czech Republic 1991-1999	35	3	1999	C
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	Interpersonal trust and mutually beneficial exchanges: Measuring social capital for comparative analyses	42	3	2006	E
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	The roots of the socio-psychological model of social stratification	41	1	2005	C
Mateju P	BRIT J SOCIOL EDUC	The role of the family and the school in the reproduction of educational inequalities in the post-Communist Czech Republic	26	1	2005	E
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	The role of the family and the school in the reproduction of educational inequalities - A sociological look at the role of multi-year gymnasia in the context of the results of the PISA 2000 study	39	5	2003	C
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	Transition to university under communism and after its demise - The role of socio-economic background in the transition between secondary and tertiary education in the Czech Republic 1948-1998	39	3	2003	E
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	Czech higher education still at the crossroads	39	3	2003	E
Mateju P	SOCIOLOGI A	Cultural and socio-economic origins of unequal opportunities in attaining higher education in the Czech Republic (1948-1999).	36	1	2004	S
Mateju P	INT J COMP SOCIOL	Who votes left after the fall of communism? The Czech republic in comparative perspective	40	1	1999	E
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	The crystallisation of political attitudes and the political spectrum in the Czech Republic	34	2	1998	C
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	The role of politically relevant attitudes and value orientations in electoral decisions. The Czech	34	2	1998	C

		Republic in 1996				
Mateju P	COMMUNIS POST- COMMUN	Values and electoral decisions in the Czech Republic	31	3	1998	E
Mateju P	SOCIOL CAS	Determination of college expectations in OECD countries: The role of individual and structural factors	43	6	2007	E
Mozny I	SOCIOL CAS	The Brno anomaly? Sociology in Brno 1963-1989	40	5	2004	C
Mozny I	SOCIOL CAS	Old age and the disconnected course of life	34	3	1998	C
Muller K	SOTSIOL ISSLED	Transformation and modernization of Czech society	?	7	2002	R
Muller K	SOCIOL CAS	The civil society concept: An attempt at a complementary approach. Tocqueville's legacy and Giddens' perspective	39	5	2003	C
Musil J	SOCIOL CAS	How the sociology of housing emerged	41	2	2005	C
Musil J	SOCIOL CAS	Comments on Czech sociology under the communist regime	40	5	2004	C
Musil J	ESPRIT	The expansion of the European Union and the question of the Sudeten Germans		11	2002	F
Musil J	SOCIOL CAS	Some comments on contemporary Czech sociology	38	1, 2	2002	C
Musil J	SOCIOL CAS	Urban development and planning in central Europe under communist regimes - The perspective of historical sociology	37	3	2001	C
Musil J	SOCIOL CAS	Masaryk's social question, socialism, and contemporary communitarianism	34	4	1998	C
Musil J	SOCIOL CAS	Patocka's Europe and the Czechs	43	4	2007	C
Musil L	SOCIOLOGI A	The importance of micro - Social organisation for working of the welfare state.	32	1	2000	S
Navratil P	SOCIOL CAS	Social work as a social construction	34	1	1998	C
Nedbalkova K	SOCIOL CAS	Does prison have a gender? Masculinity and femininity in prison subcultures	39	4	2003	C
Nedbalkova K	SOCIOL CAS	Gay subculture in Brno	36	3	2000	C
Nekola M	SOCIOL CAS	The Czech economic elite after fifteen years of post-socialist transformation	42	3	2006	E
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	'The son has ploughed', but a foreign son. Five case studies on transformation strategies in Czech agriculture after 1989	42	6	2006	E
Nespor ZR	HIST JAHR	Nation instead of confession. The decline of confessional perception patterns and the accrual of patriotism in Bohemia at the turning point of the 18th to the 19th century	126		2006	G
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	The re-emigration of Czech western emigrants in the 1990s from the perspective of economic sociology	41	1	2005	C
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	Two traditions of Czech sociology of religion	40	4	2004	C
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	Czech folk music in the 1960s-80s from the point of view of the sociology of religion	39	1	2003	C
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	Religious processes in contemporary Czech society	40	3	2004	E

Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	The disappointed and disgruntled: A study of the return in the 1990s of Czech emigrants from the communist era	38	6	2002	E
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	The issue of the subjective justification of actions in the works of Max Weber, Clifford Geertz and Rudolf Bultmann	38	5	2002	C
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	Czech sociology of religion in the period between 1948 and 1989	43	4	2007	C
Nespor ZR	SOCIOL CAS	Three-quarters of a century ago: A quantified essay on Czech sociological journals in the pre-Marxist era and today	43	2	2007	C
Nesporova O	SOCIOL CAS	Believer perspectives on death and funeral practices in a non-believing country	43	6	2007	E
Novak M	SOCIOL CAS	Between the primacy of politics and economic development: Raymond Aron's sociological conception of industrial societies	41	5	2005	C
Novak M	SOCIOL CAS	Popper versus Schumpeter: A comparison of two non-classical theories of democracy	39	1	2003	C
Novak M	SOCIOL CAS	Aristotle's political sociology and modern representative democracy	37	4	2001	C
Novak M	SOCIOL CAS	s there one best "model" of democracy? (part two)	34	2	1998	C
Novak M	SOCIOL CAS	Is there one best 'model' of democracy? (first part)	34	1	1998	C
Patockova V	SOCIOL CAS	Measuring the performance of national, regional and local governments	42	5	2006	C
Patockova V	SOCIOL CAS	How regions function - An attempt at evaluating the performance of regional governments	43	5	2007	C
Petrusek M	SOCIOL CAS	Raymond Aron (1905-2005): The phenomenologist and analyst of freedom and evil	41	5	2005	C
Petrusek M	SOCIOL CAS	Teaching sociology in the periods before and during normalisation (1964-1989) - (The relationship between knowledge and power, science and politics, and reality and myth)	40	5	2004	C
Petrusek M	SOCIOL CAS	A century of extremes and Kitsch. The evolution and transformation of the sociology of culture and art in the 20th century	40	1, 2	2004	C
Petrusek M	SOCIOL CAS	A lesson from the crisis-free evolution of Czech sociology	38	1, 2	2002	C
Potucek M	SOCIOL CAS	A model of Czech society's development and its modernisation in a global context	40	4	2004	C
Potucek M	J EUR SOC POLICY	Accession and social policy: the case of the Czech republic	14	3	2004	E
Potucek M	REV ETUD COMP EST- O	Czech social policy in theory and practice	29	3	1998	F
Pridalova M	SOCIOL CAS	Why is death taboo in modern times?	34	3	1998	C
Prusa L	FINANC UVER	Social security and the tax system in the CR: Recent history and outlook	51	12	2001	C
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	Adult education in the Czech Republic - Who participates and why	42	6	2006	E
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	Why are they all so eager to retire? (On the transition to retirement in the Czech Republic)	40	3	2004	E
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	Is Czech society 'post-materialist'?	36	1	2000	C
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	The Czech welfare state and its legitimacy	35	4	1999	C

Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	Welfare state solidarity and support. The Czech Republic and the Netherlands in comparison	35	3	1999	C
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	The sexual behaviour of adolescents and HIV risk	35	2	1999	C
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	Temporal aspects of the Czech retirement age	34	3	1998	C
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	Are the Czech elderly poor?	34	3	1998	C
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	One-child families in the Czech republic. Who are the people who have or plan to have just one child?	43	4	2007	C
Rabusic L	SOCIOL CAS	Some notes on the obsession of the Czech social sciences with statistical significance	43	2	2007	C
Rabusicova M	SOCIOL CAS	Adult education in the Czech Republic - Who participates and why	42	6	2006	E
Radimska R	SOCIOL CAS	Verification of indicators used in research of opinions on the crime-rate	37	1	2001	C
Radimska R	SOCIOL CAS	The individual and the family: The theory of private life according to Franqois de Singly	39	5	2003	C
Rakusanova P	SOCIOL CAS	Why Czech parliamentary party groups vote less unitedly. The role of frequent voting and big majorities in passing bills	41	3	2005	E
Rasek A	SOCIOL CAS	Sociology at the workplace in the normalisation period: The SEPIMO methodology	40	5	2004	C
Rehak J	SOCIOL CAS	Quality of data II. Approaches to the evaluation of research instruments based on covariance structure modelling	34	2	1998	C
Rehak J	SOCIOL CAS	Quality of data III. Empirical results of reliability measurement for selected variables and scales	34	3	1998	C
Rehak J	SOCIOL CAS	Quality of data I. Classical model of measuring reliability and its practical application	34	1	1998	C
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