

úfe



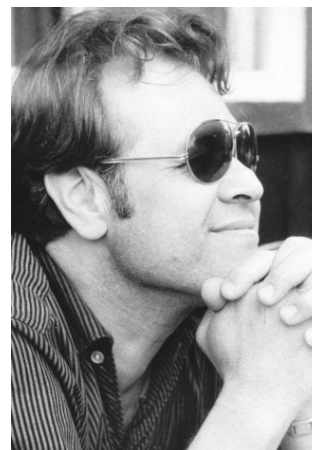
Optická vlákna

metody přípravy a použití pro vláknové senzory, zesilovače a lasery

Ivan Kašík

Ústav fotoniky a elektroniky AV ČR, v.v.i. (ÚFE)

ÚFE AVČR, Kasik® & FJFI ČVUT



Prof. Čtyroký, doc. Homola, Dr. Matějec, **Dr. Ivan Kašík**
táta

I. Kašík, Š. Antalovský, P. Kopřiva: *Životnost ocelových válců pro válcování za studena*, ČSVTS 1977

I. Kasik, S. Antalovsky, *Strojírnoství* (26), 1976

I. Nedbal, J. Siegl et al., *Acta polytechnica*, 1974

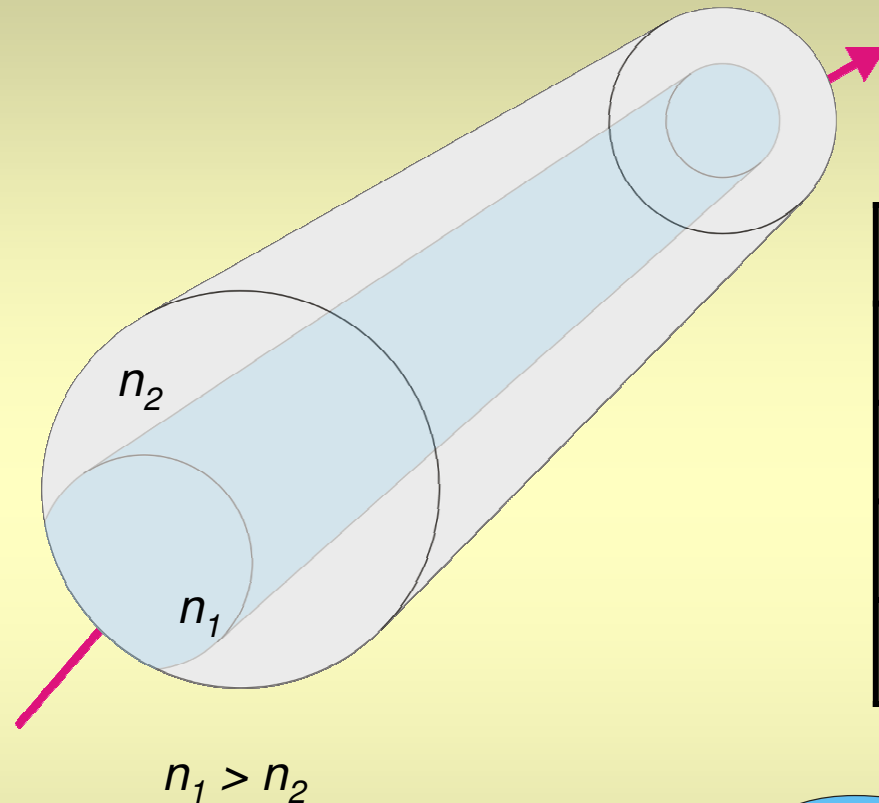
Personal appointment : Basketball in Trojanka & U Pomníku



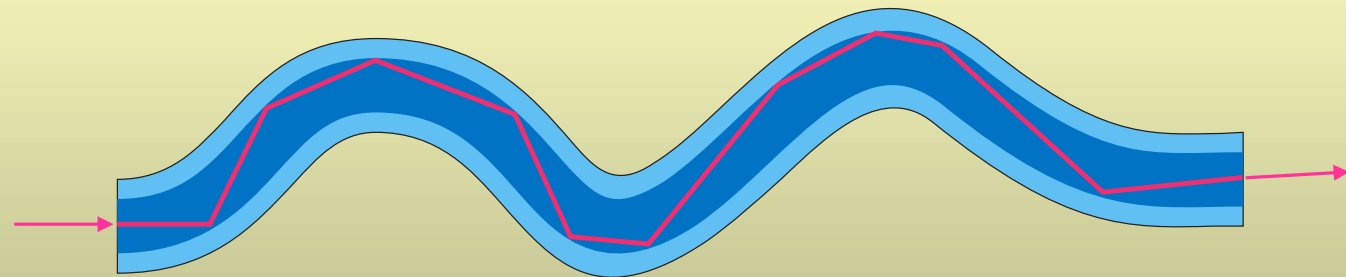
Martin Kašík
syn
FJFI 2009-11

Optical waveguide - fiber

Tyndall J.



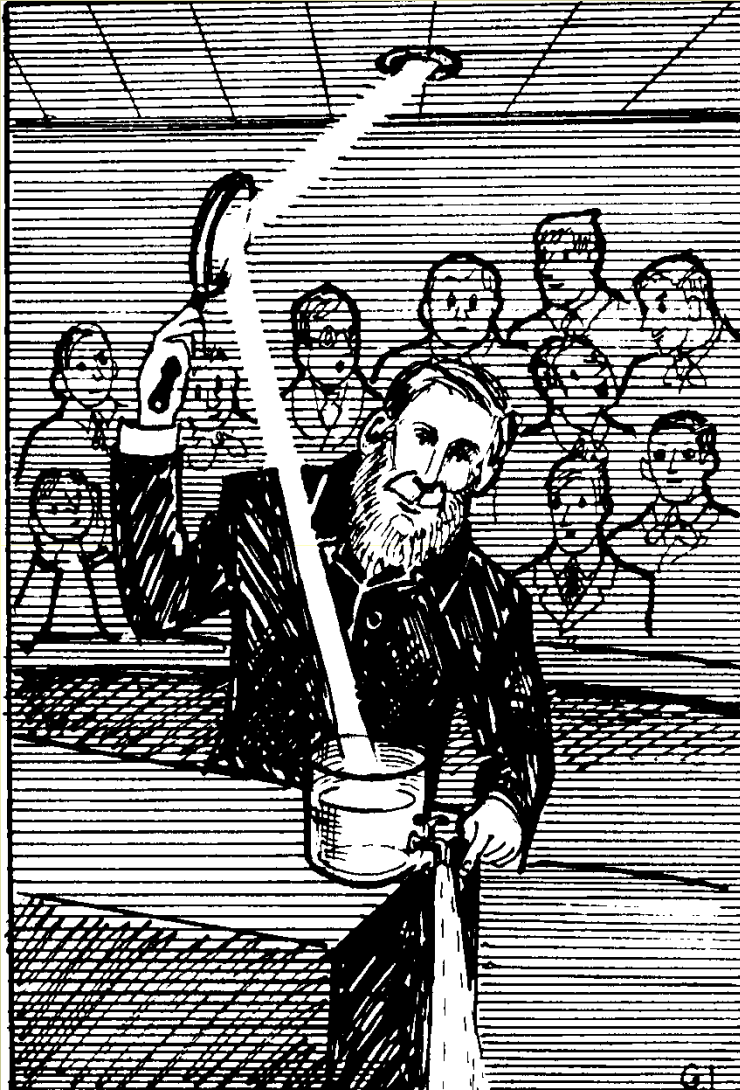
Refractive index ($n=c/v$)	
Vacuum	1
Air	1,0003
Water	1,330
Silica	1,457



Optical waveguide

Snell Willebrord 1580-1626

Tyndall John 1820-1893

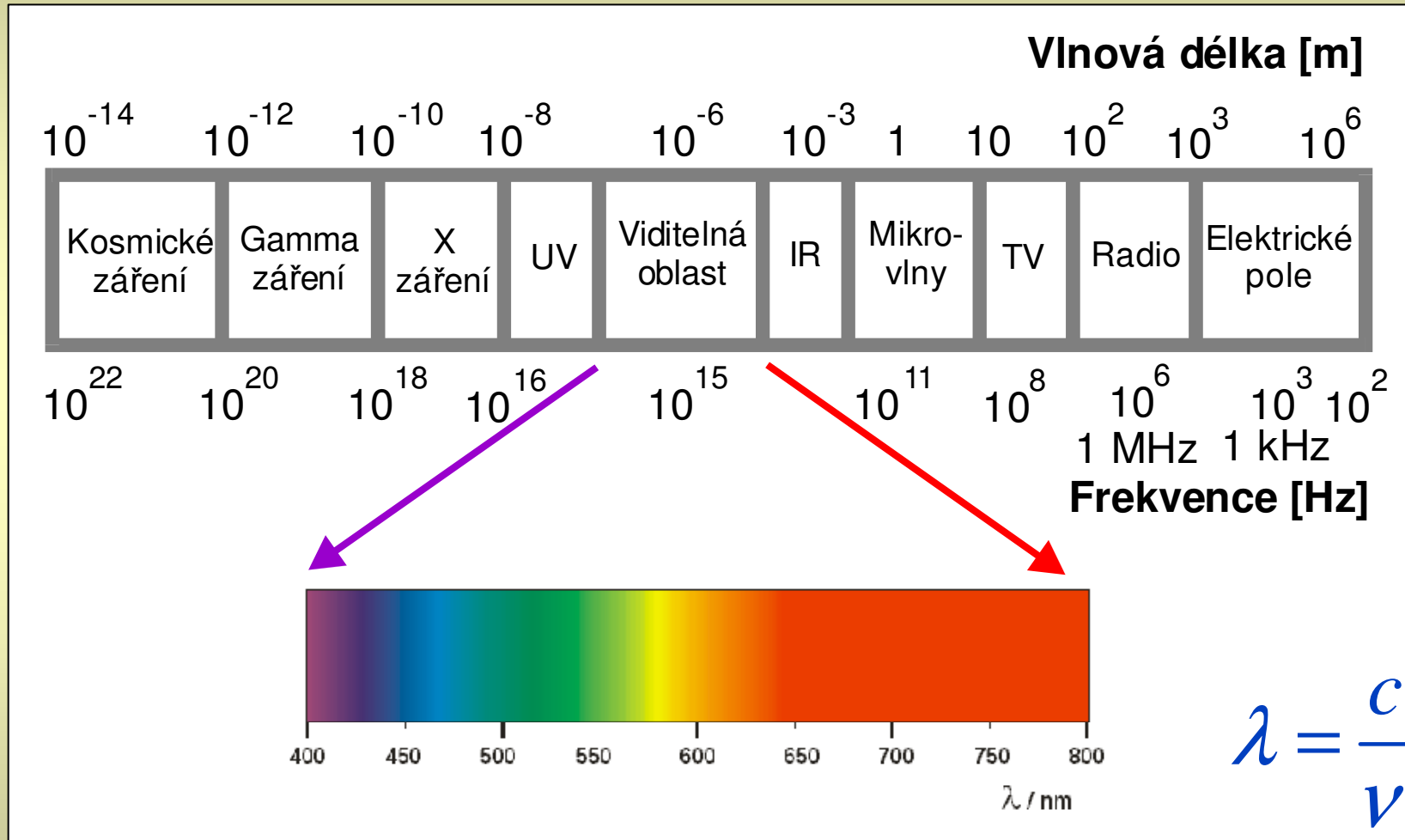


1853



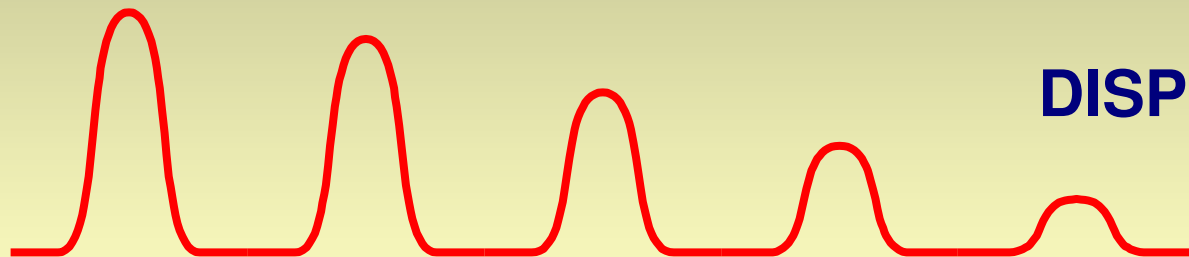
František Křižík

Optical communication principle

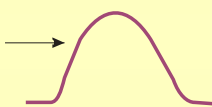
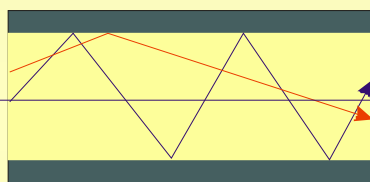
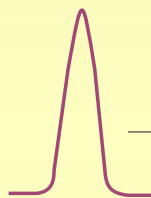
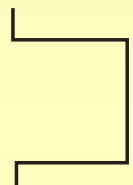
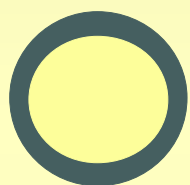
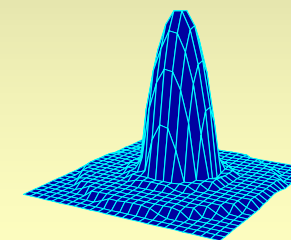


Transmission, attenuation, dispersion

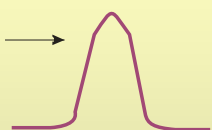
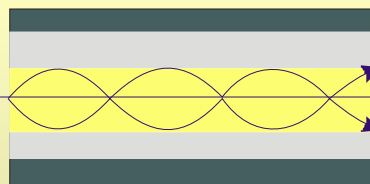
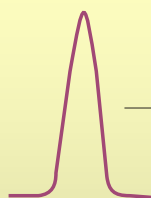
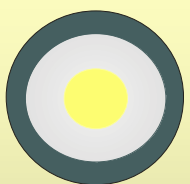
Purity & structure of material



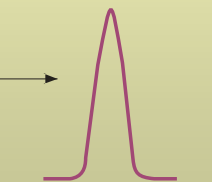
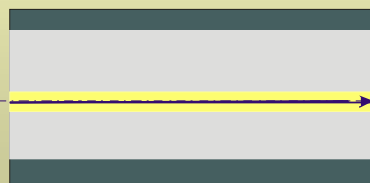
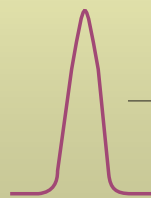
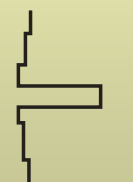
DISPERSION - structure



Polymer-Clad-Silica
PCS (multimode MM)

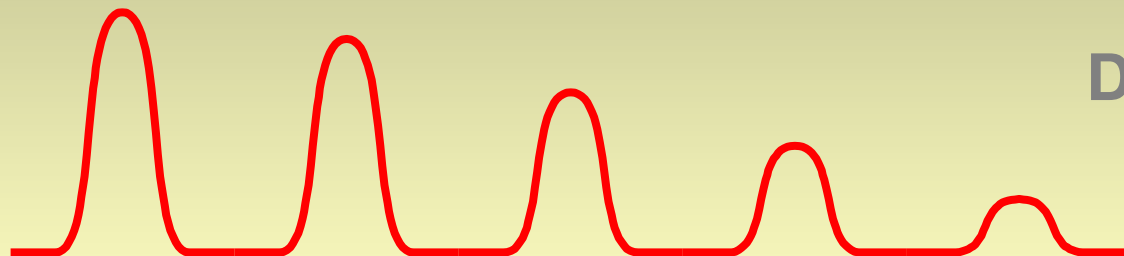


Graded-index
GI (multimode MM)



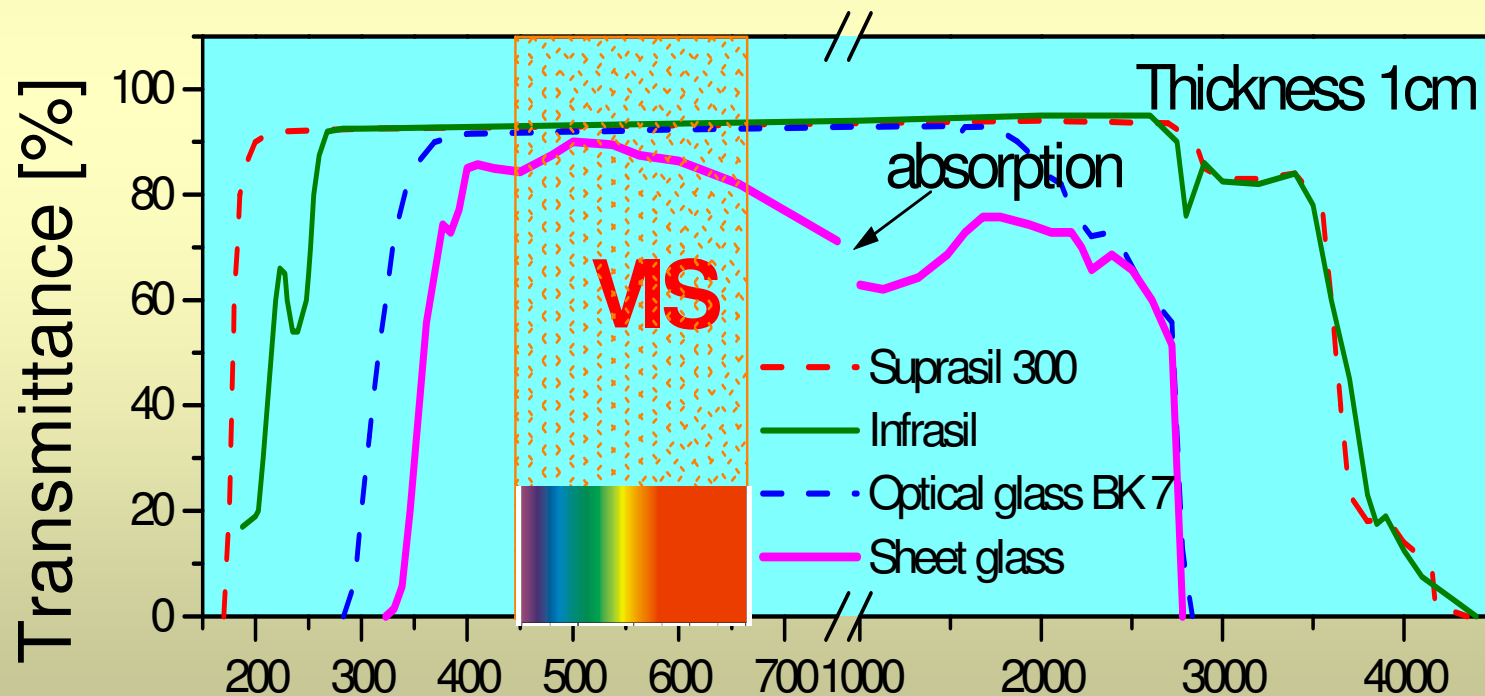
Singlemode (SM)

Transmission, attenuation, dispersion Purity & structure of material



DISPERSION - structure

ATTENUATION (intrinsic, extrinsic) – MATERIAL & PURITY



The Nobel Prize in Physics 2009

Charles K. KAO

1/2



For groundbreaking achievements concerning the **transmission of light in fibers for optical communication**

K.C. Kao, G.A. Hockham, Dielectric-fibre surface waveguides for optical frequencies, Proc. IEE, 113, No.7, July 1966, 1151-1158



W.S.Boyle

1/4



G.E.Smith

1/4

for the invention of an imaging semiconductor circuit – the CCD

Material purity



1. Per Analysis – PA (99 - 99,5 %)
2. Semiconductor – PP (99,9995 %)
3. Ultra-pure - FO Optipur / for trace analysis [ppb]

% – 10^{-2}

ppm – 10^{-6} (parts per million)

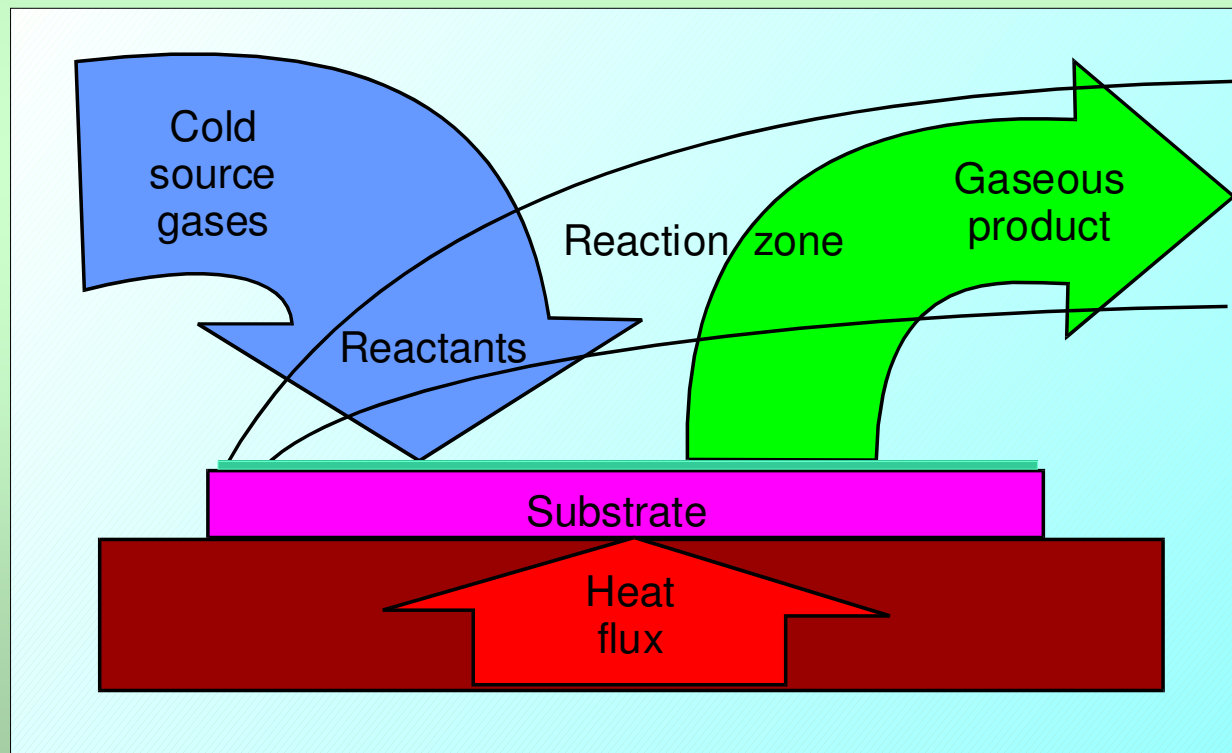
ppb – 10^{-9} (parts per billion) : **content of impurities acceptable in FO Optipur materials**

Ultra-pure technologies - CVD !

TECHNOLOGIES

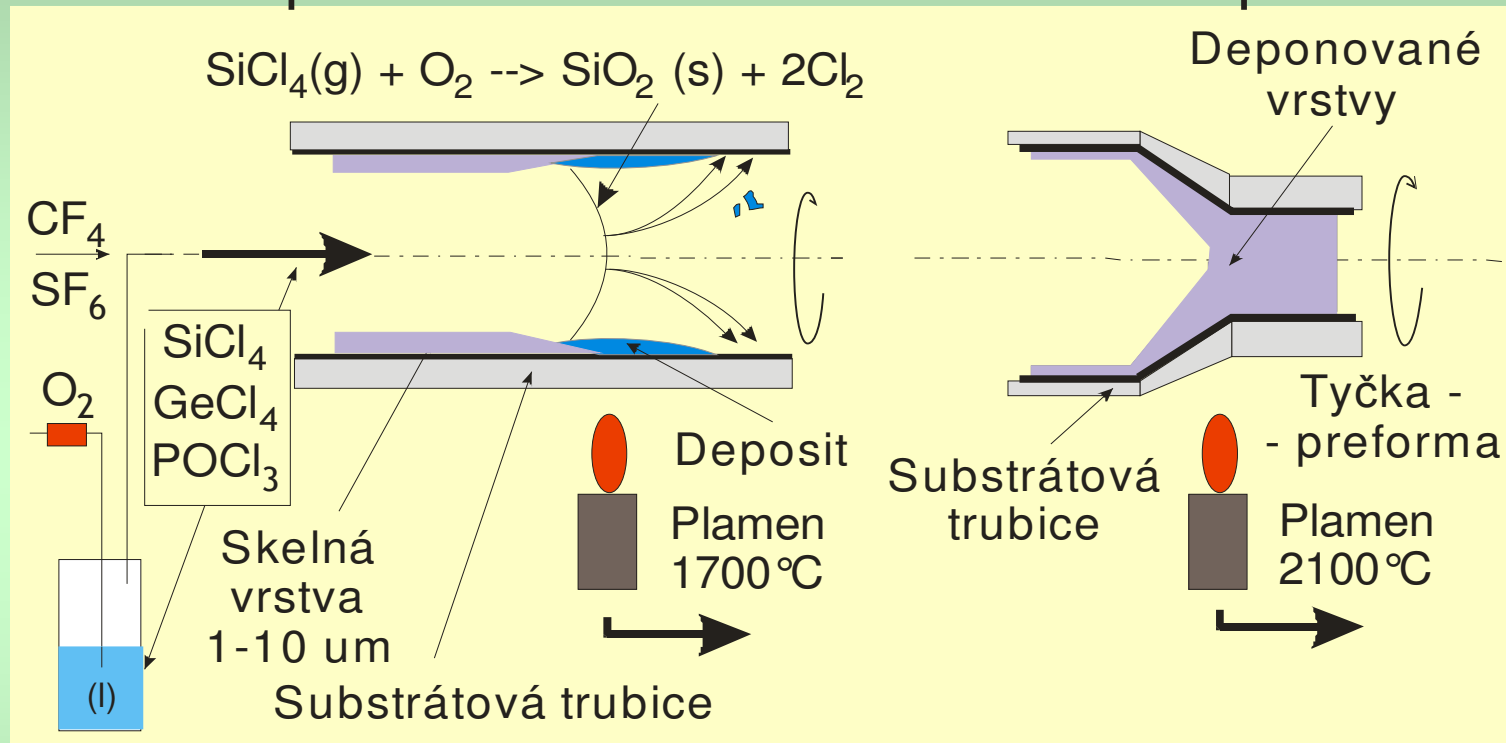
CVD - Chemical Vapor Deposition

= production and deposition of material in solid state from starting materials in gaseous state through a chemical reaction :



MCVD – Chemical Vapor Deposition

1. Depozice

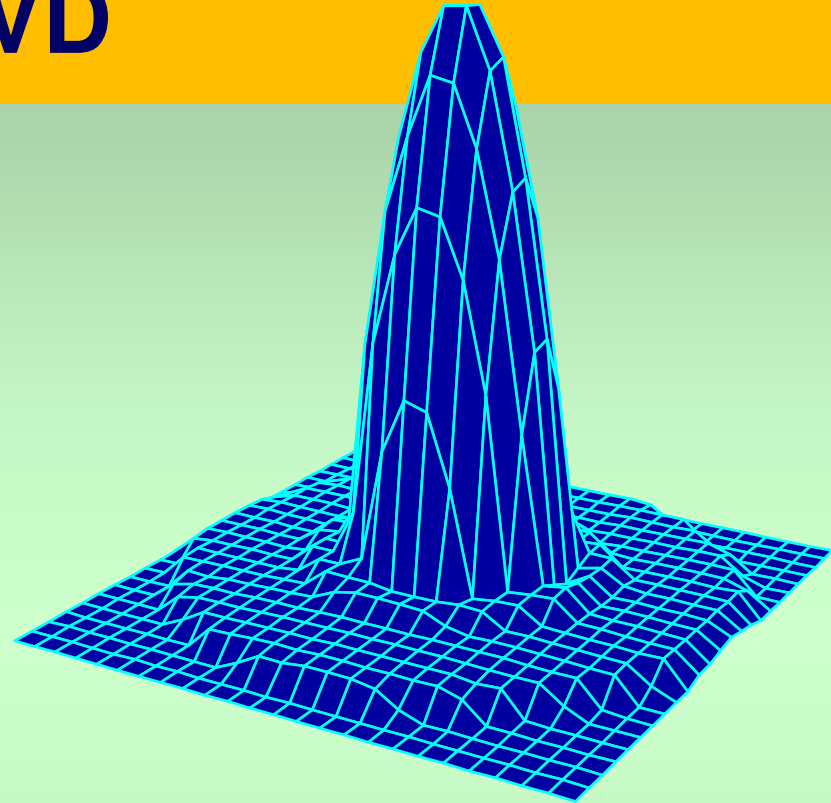


- Sequential sintering of **thin glassy layers** (of thickness 1-20 μm) onto inner wall of silica substrate **resulting in bulk material – preform**
- **high purity** (~ 10¹ ppb) **high preciseness** (better than 1 %)

MCVD



Microphoto of cross section
of produced preform

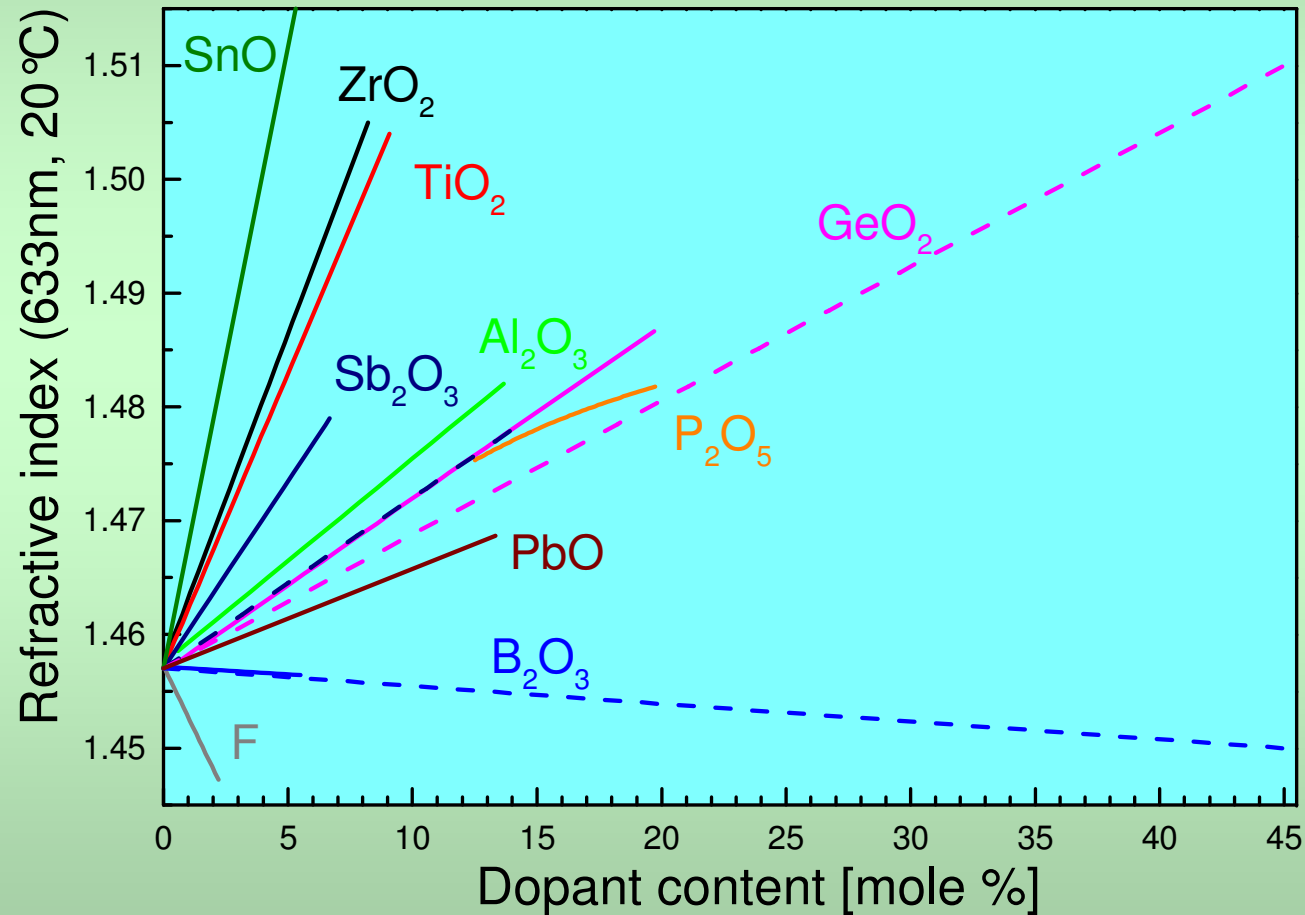


Tomography of the refractive-
index profile of preform

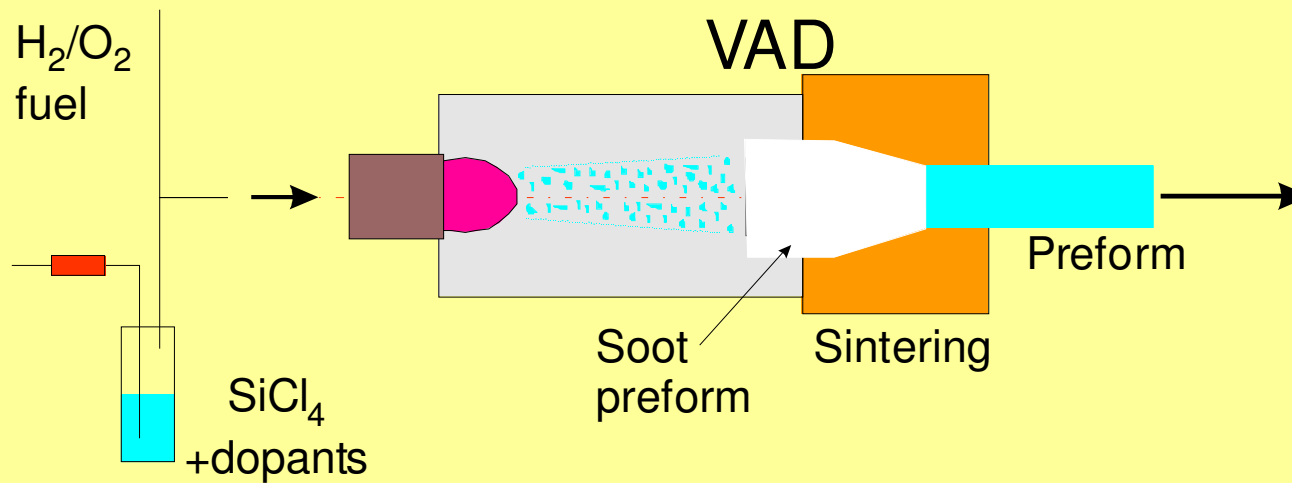
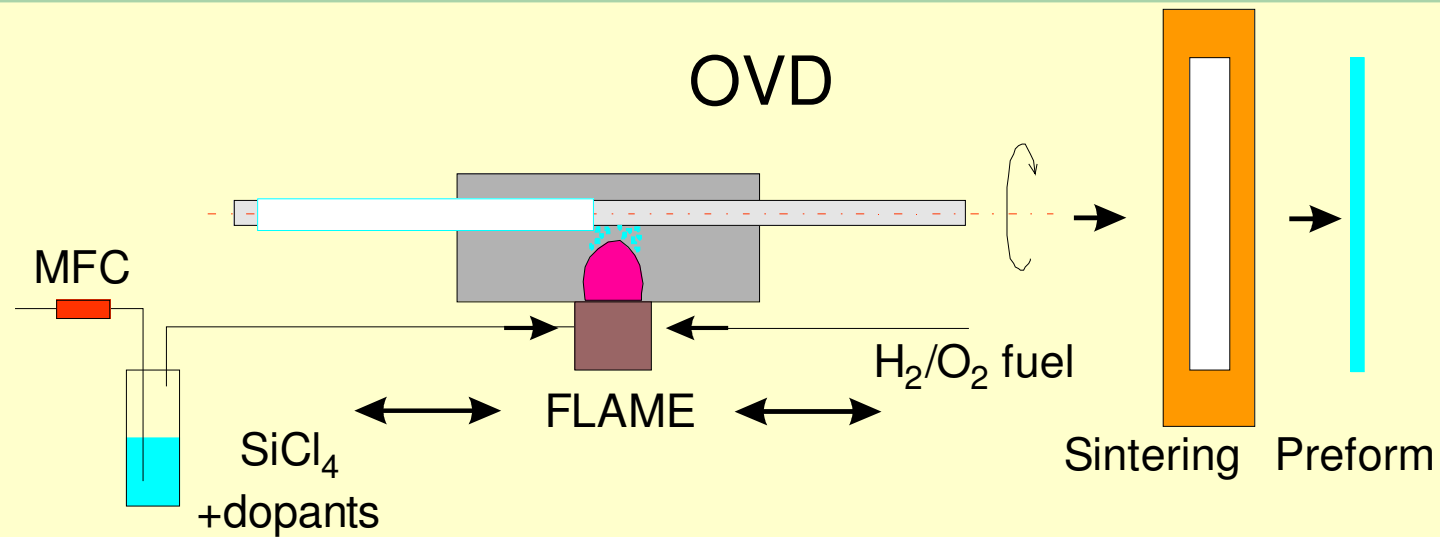
- High purity material due to FO-Optipur purity starting materials.
- High quenching rate ranging from 10^2 to 10^3 °C/s.

Complex material problem

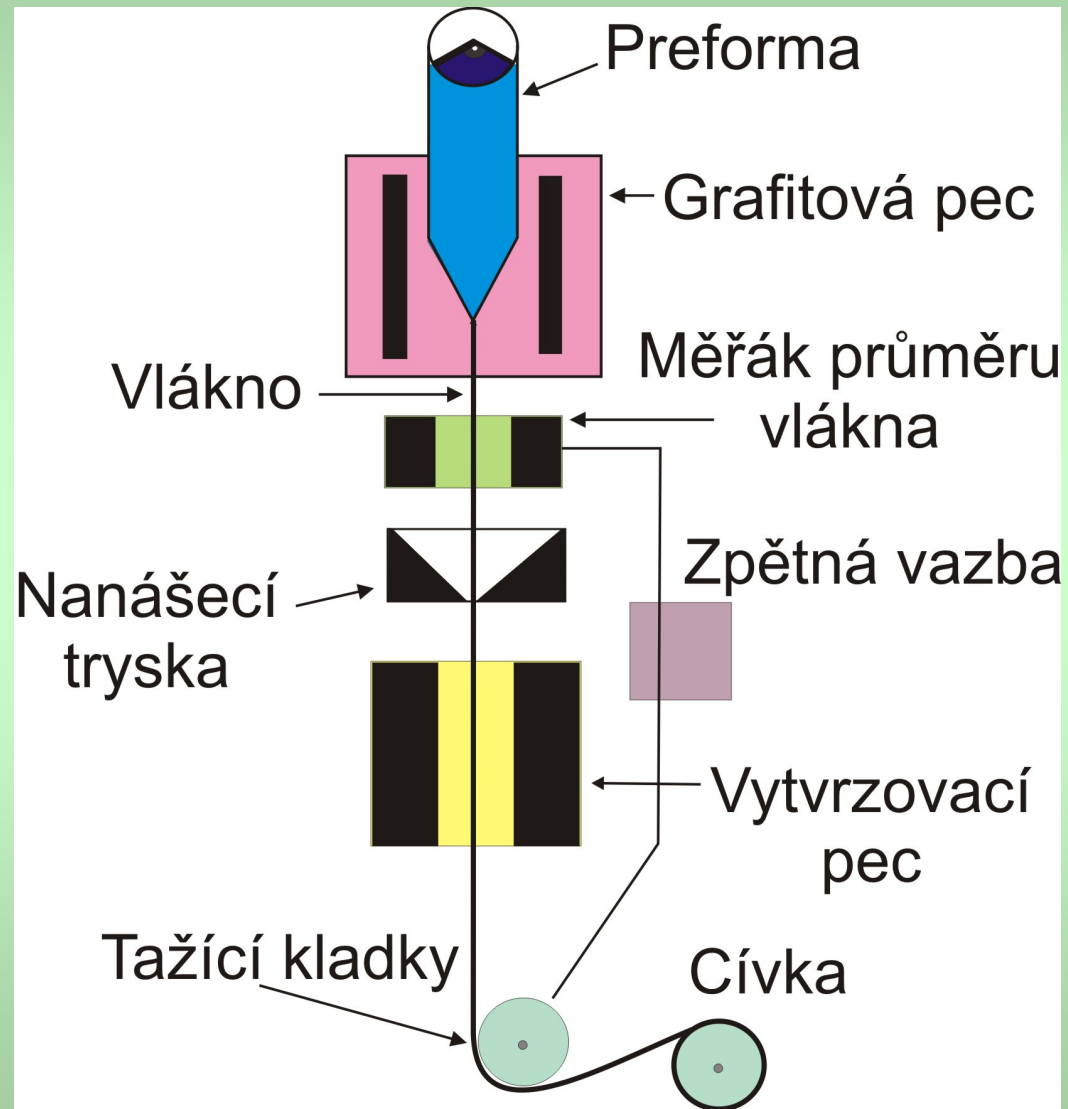
Doped silica - optical properties



Other CVD Technologies

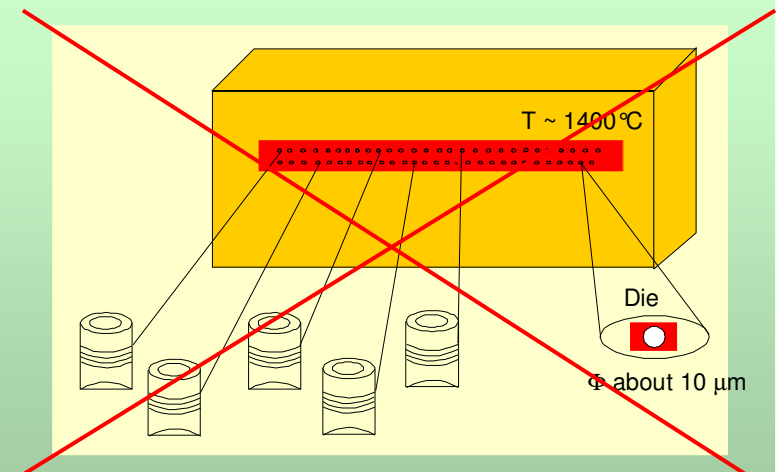


Drawing of optical fibers

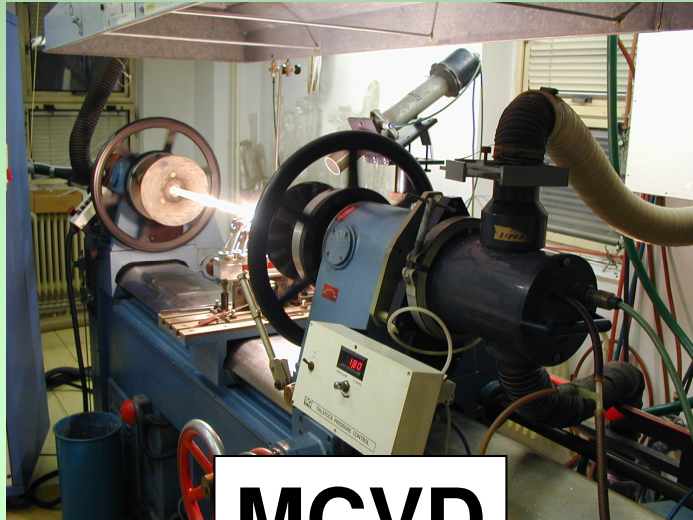


- diameter
80-1000 μm

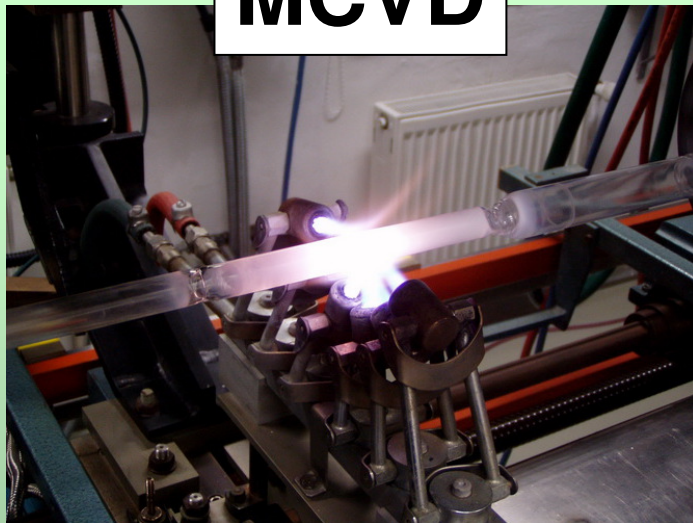
- temperature
1800-2000 $^{\circ}\text{C}$



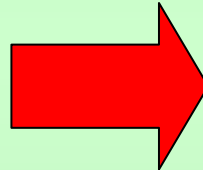
Technology of optical fibers



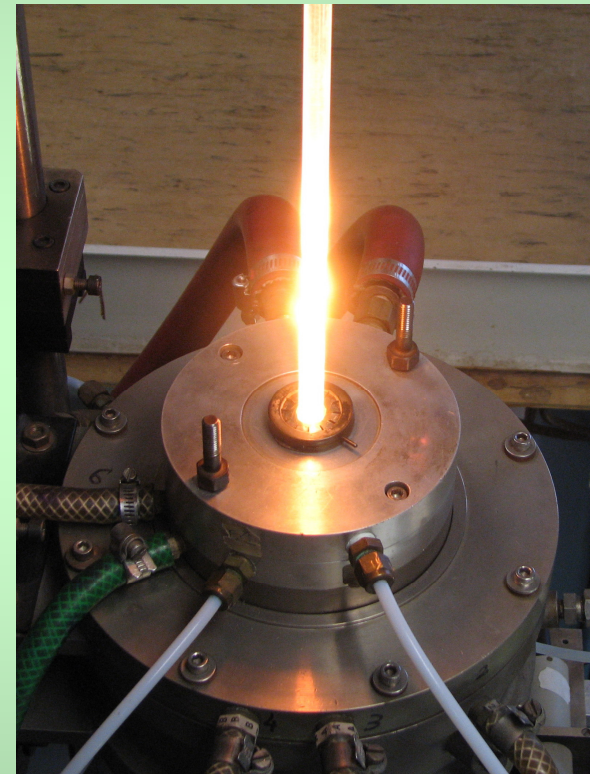
MCVD



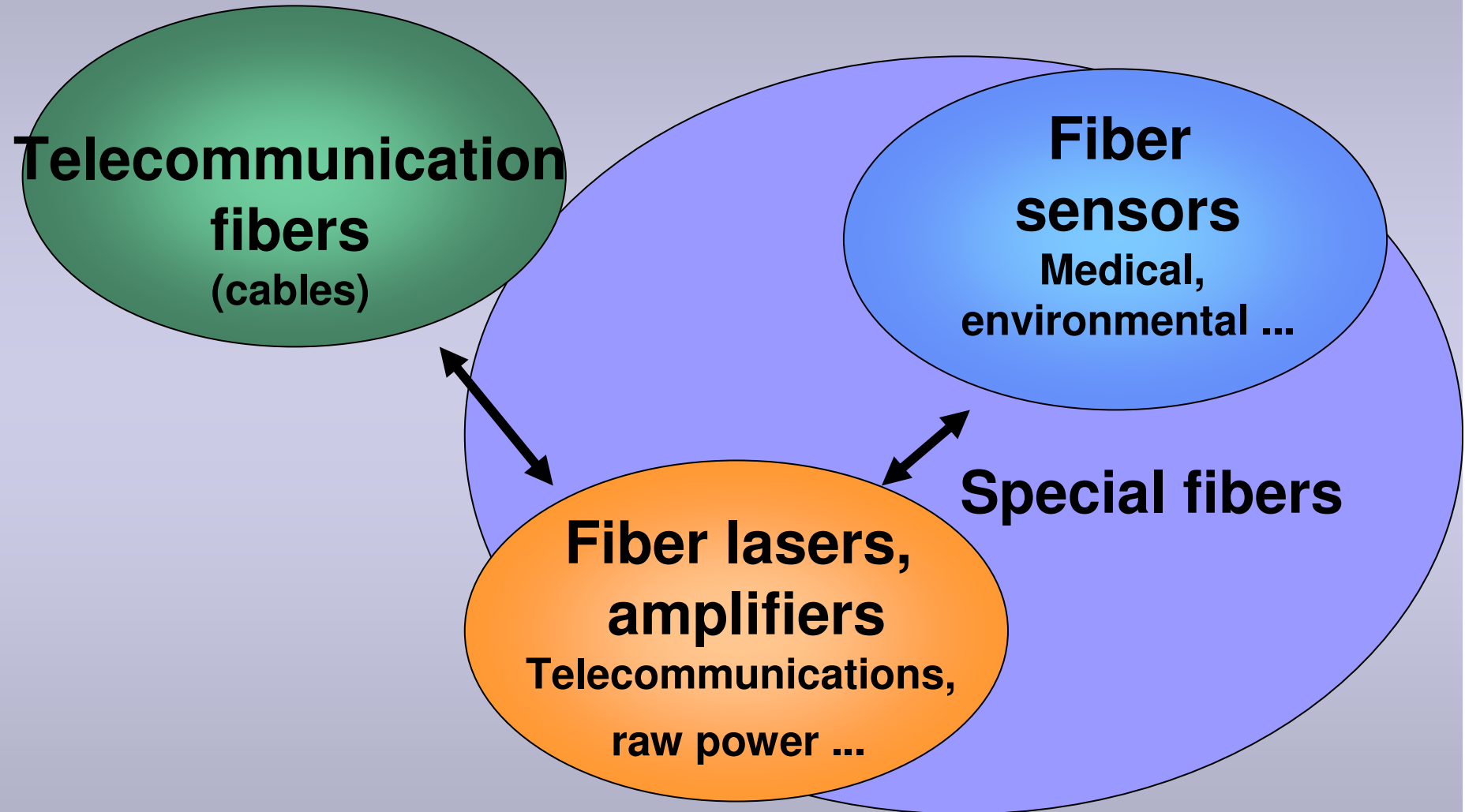
preform



Drawing



Application



Telecommunications

Kao



Maiman

Townes, Basov, Prochorov

optoelectronics
fiber-optic (laser)

optoelectronics
fiber-optic (amplifier)

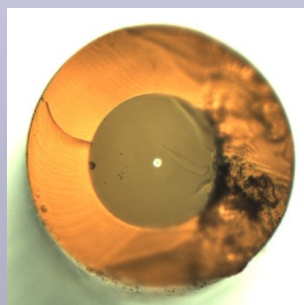
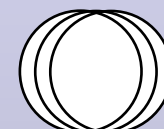
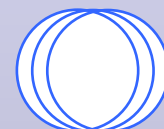
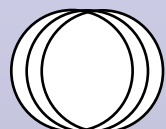
source

fiber

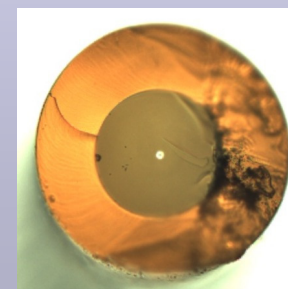
100 km

amplifier

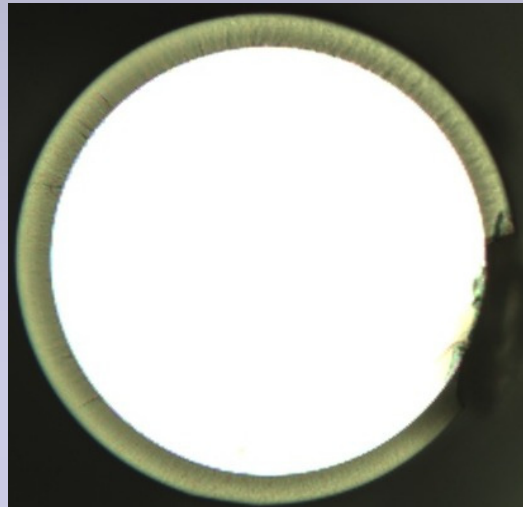
detector



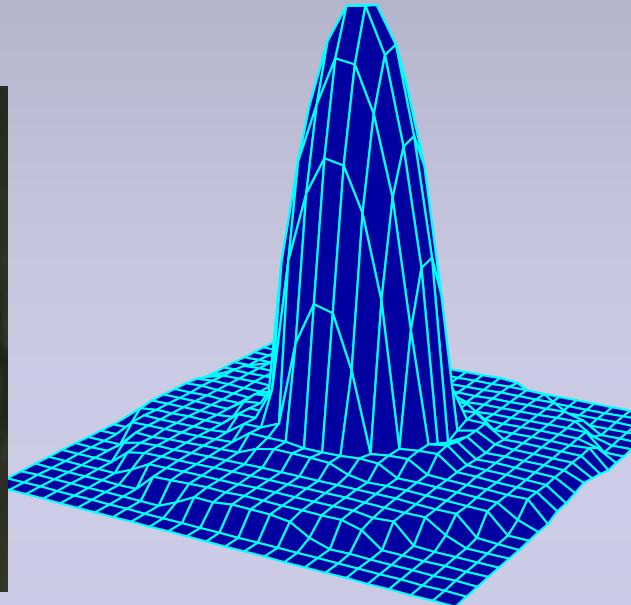
pump



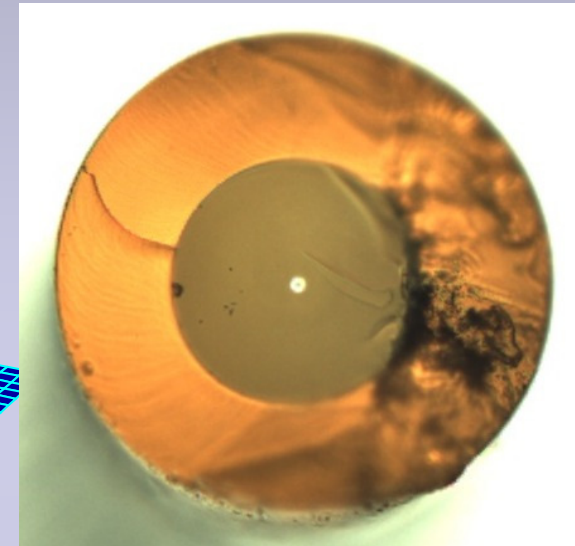
Telecommunications



PCS \varnothing 200 – 600 μm
technology transfer
VÚSU Teplice, MM



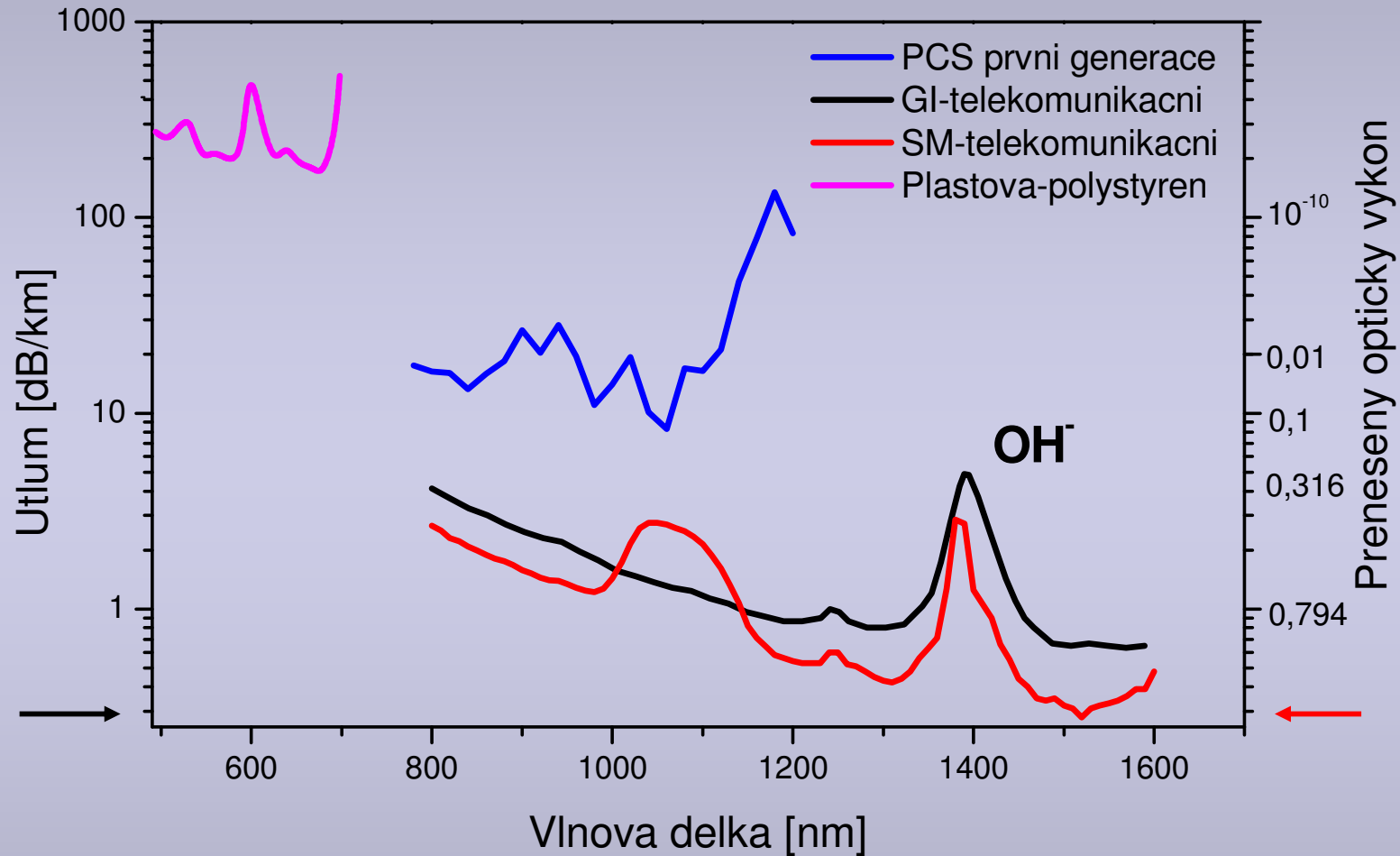
GI - technology transfer
VÚSU Teplice, Hesfibel



SM 1300, 1550 nm

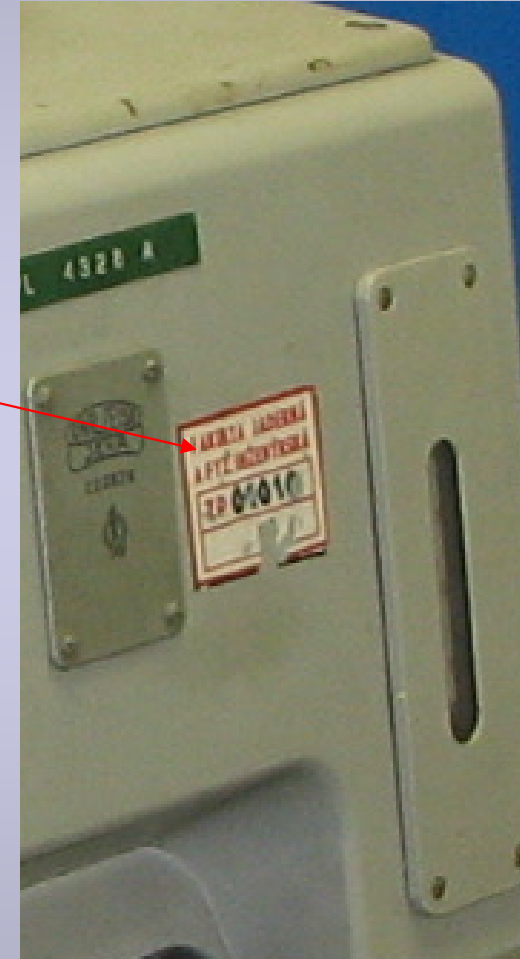
1981 – 1st demonstration of PCS optical fiber – CZ
2007 : 700 000 km telecom fibers in CR installed

Telecommunications



$$\alpha(\lambda) = -(10/L) \cdot \log(P_{\text{output}}/P_{\text{input}}) \quad [\text{dB/km}]$$

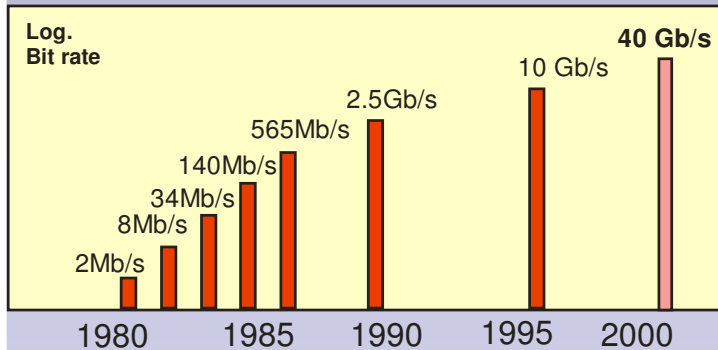
Telecommunications



Fiber attenuation measurement;
Cut-back method

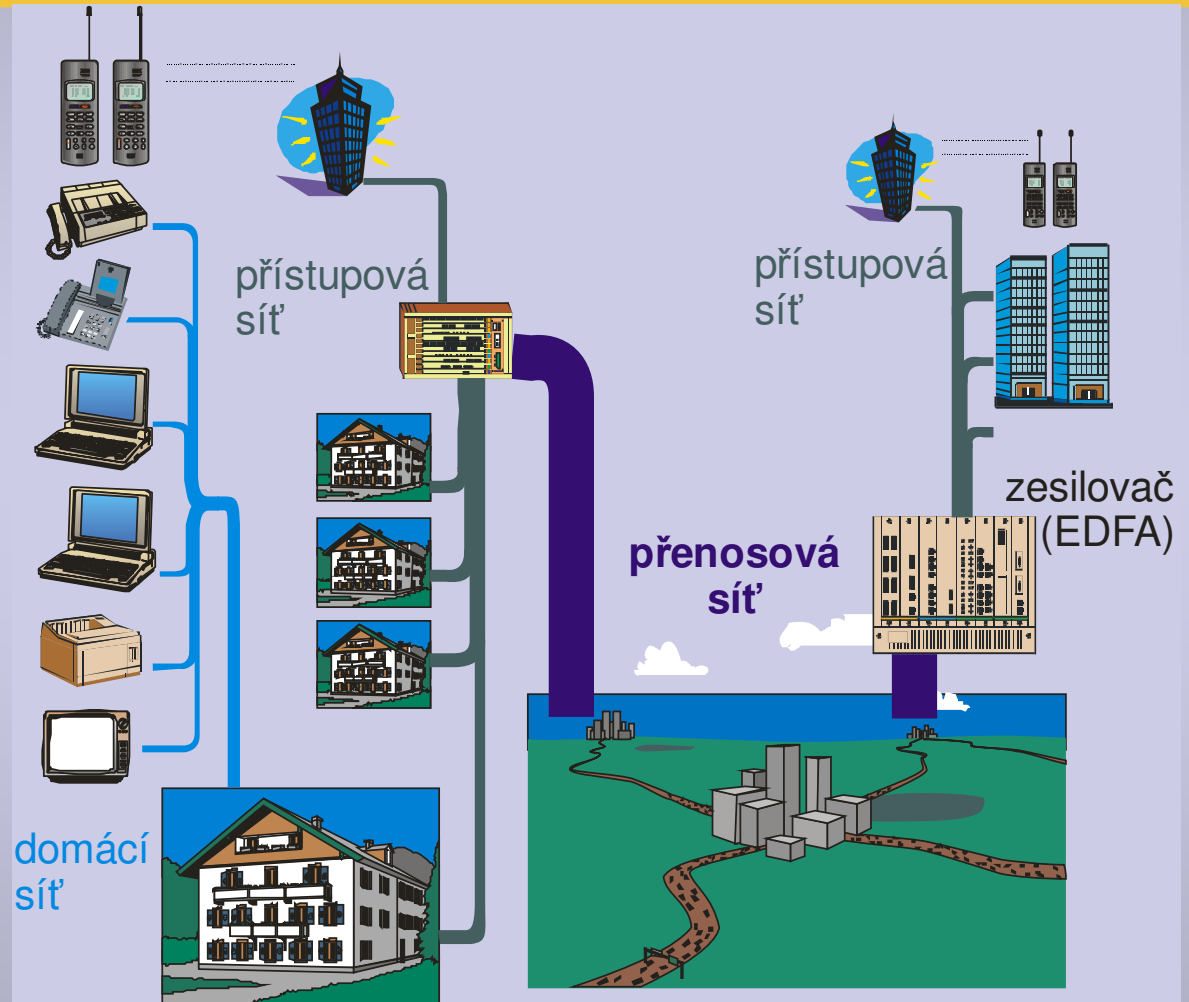
1981, in collaboration with FJFI

Communications : increasing requirements on speed and ammount of information



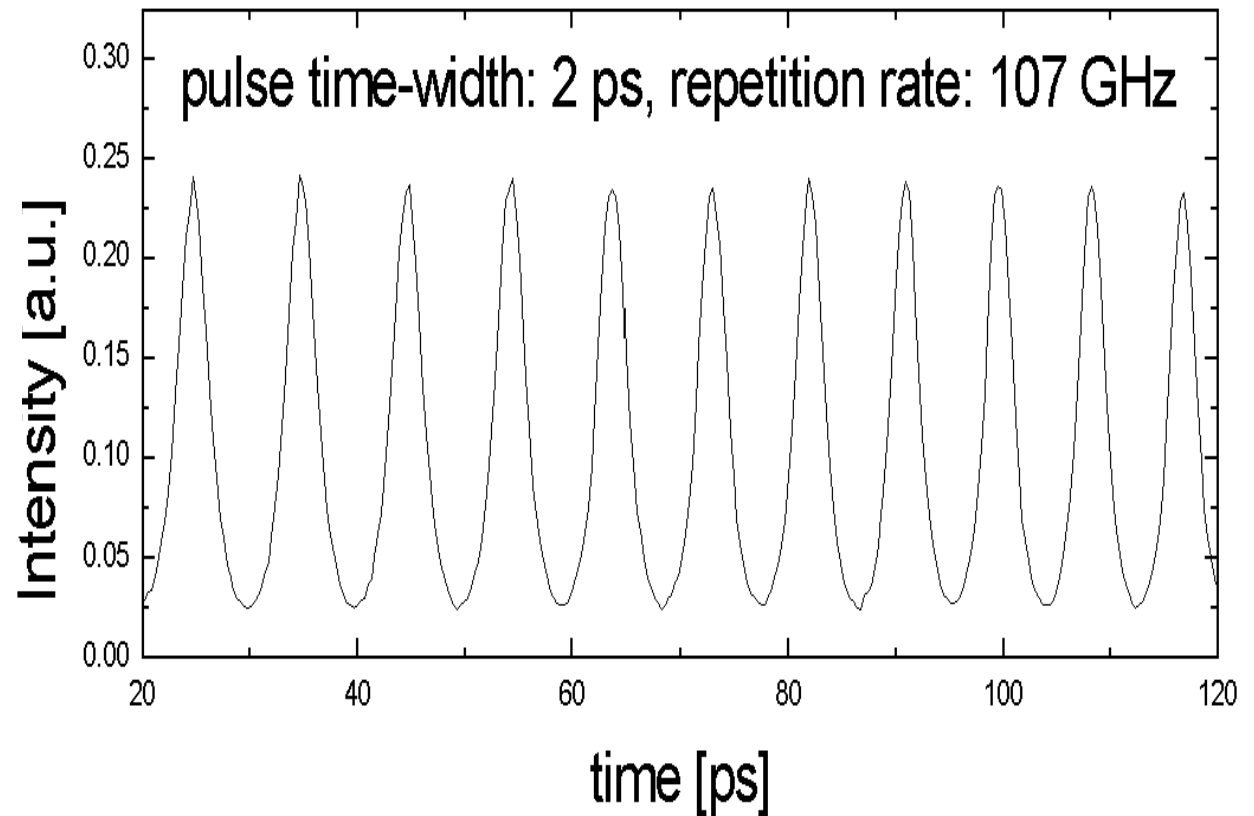
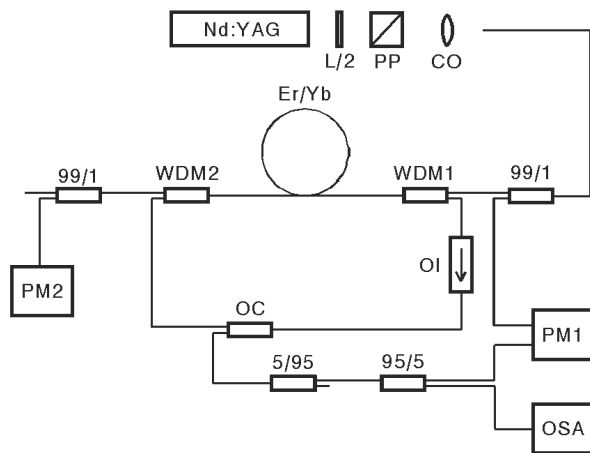
Solution : multiplexing
Time-division (TDM)
Wavelength (WDM)

=> **Full optical data processing**



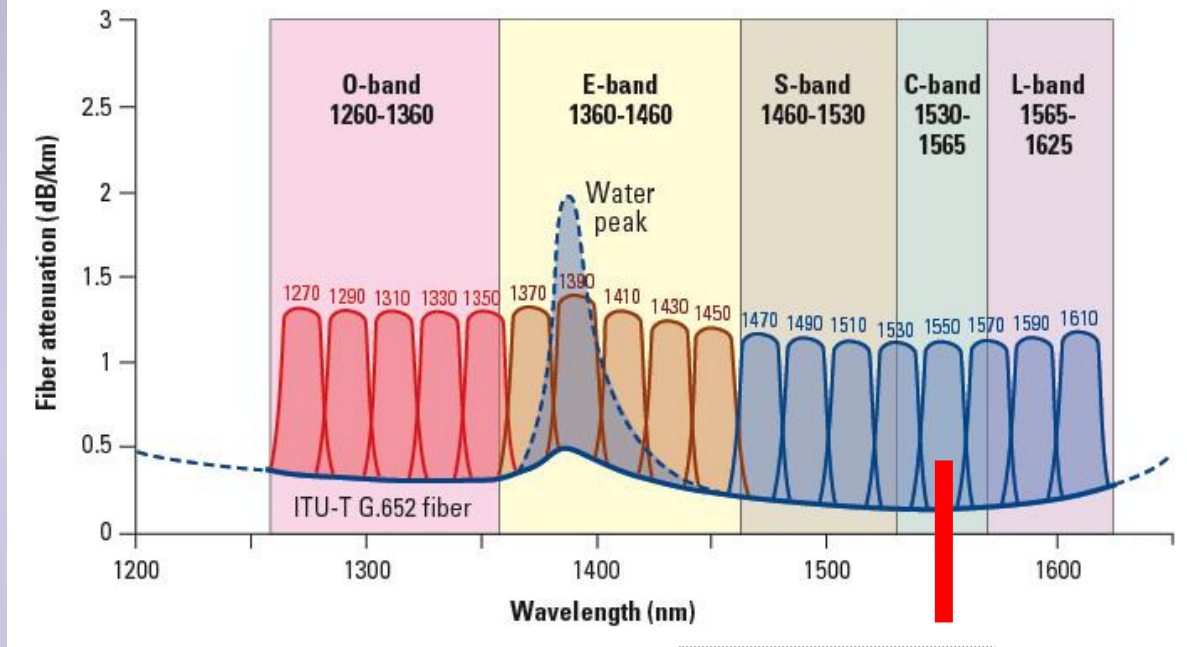
Time Division Multiplexing (TDM)

GOAL : Ultrafast sources - soliton fiber lasers ;
hundreds of GHz \gg conventional semiconductor sources



Wavelength Division Multiplexing (WDM)

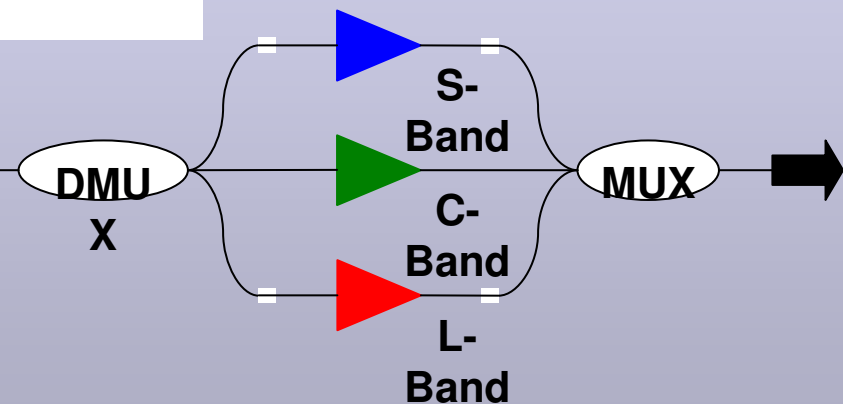
CWDM wavelength grid as specified by ITU-T G.694.2



Increase of capacity by an increase of number of channels

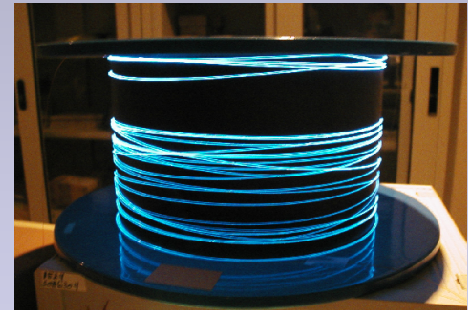
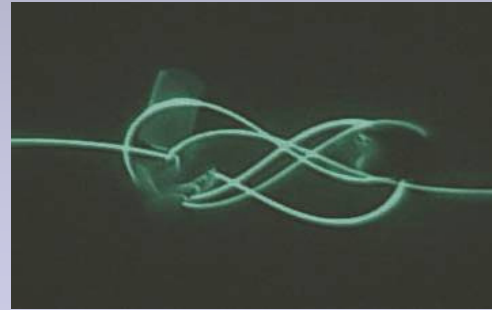
=> Need of sources emitting at wavelength different from 1550 nm

Tb/s multi- λ Data stream

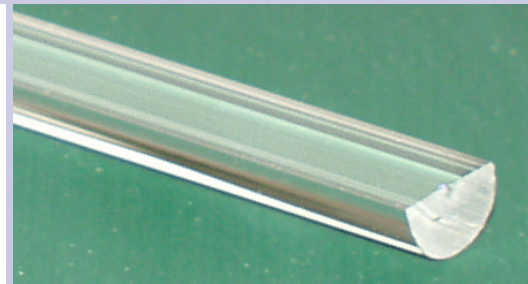
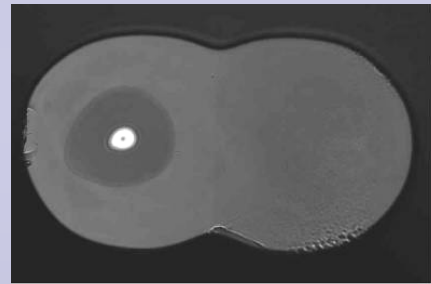


Optical fibers for fiber lasers

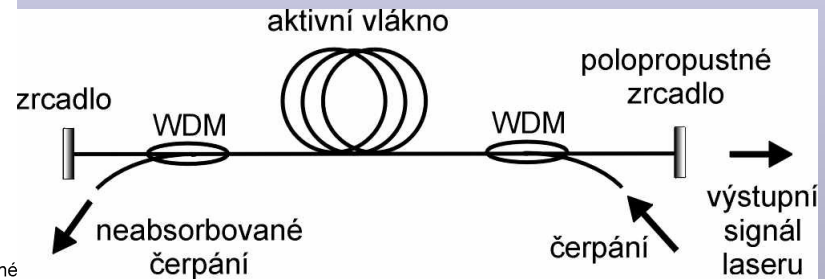
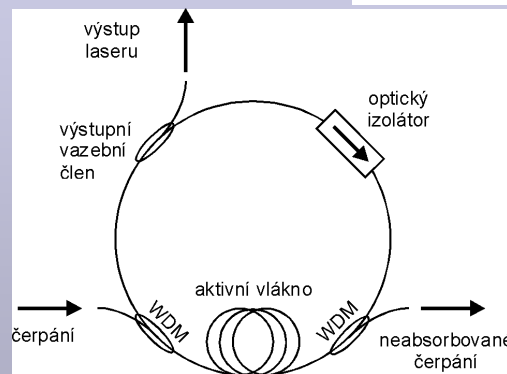
- Modification of :
 - Composition
 - Doping with Er^{3+} , Tm^{3+} ...



- Shape
 - stadium, D, flower ...



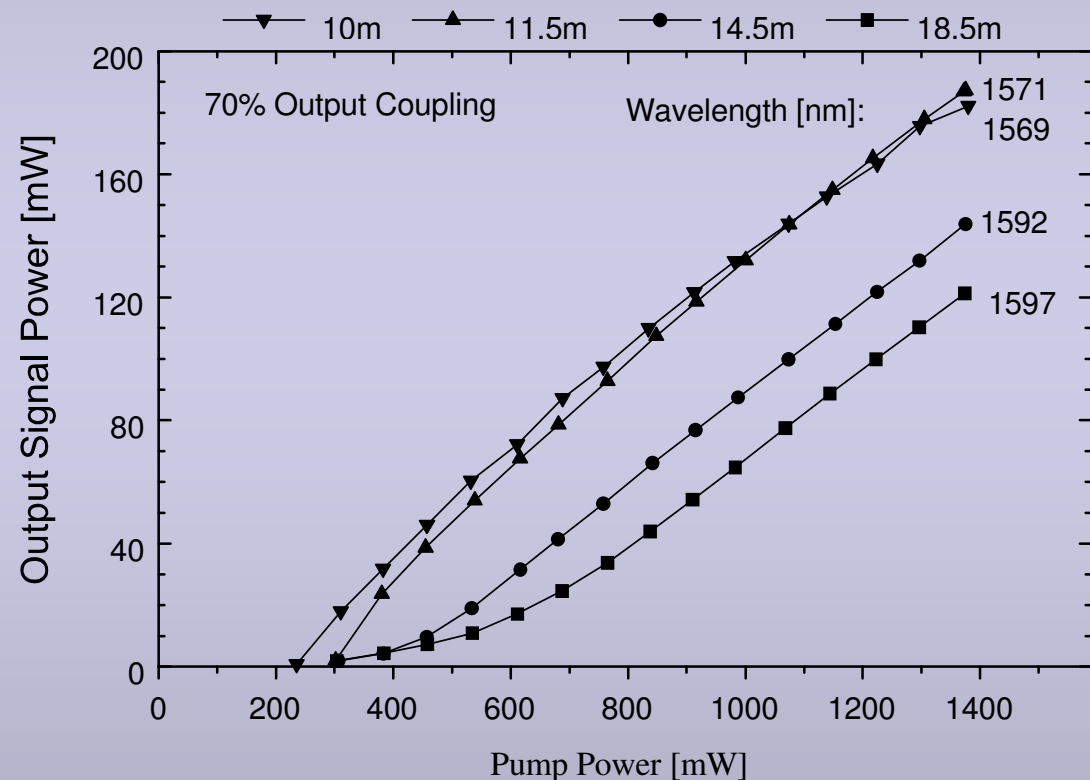
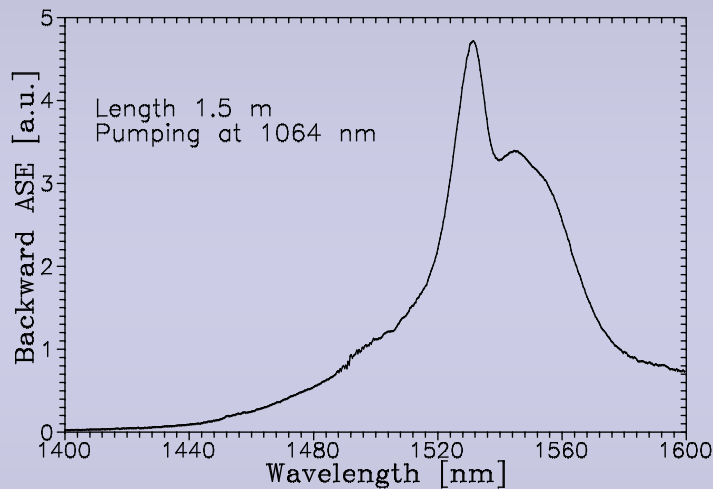
- Setup
 - ring
 - Fabry-Perot...



Special fibers doped with $\text{Er}^{3+}/\text{Yb}^{3+}$ for TDM

Technol. challenge : special optical fiber efficiently operating at ~ 1550 nm and suitable for pumping at 1064 nm (mini-YAG).

Er/Yb-P2O5-Al2O3-SiO2 fiber – highly doped

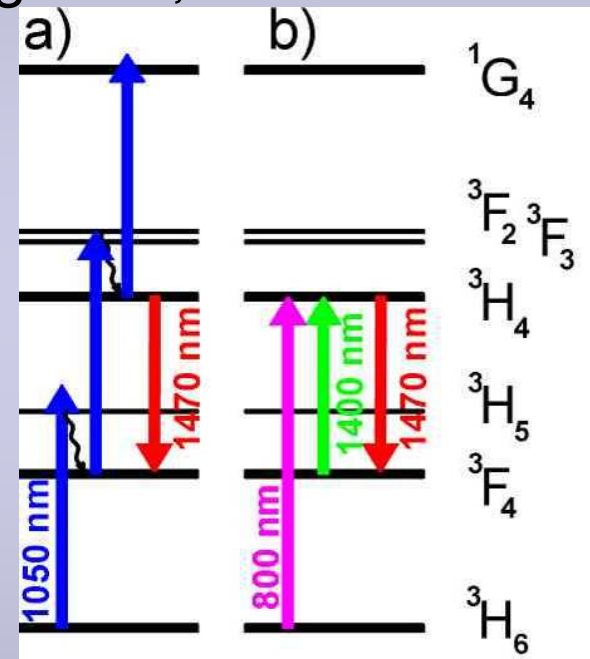
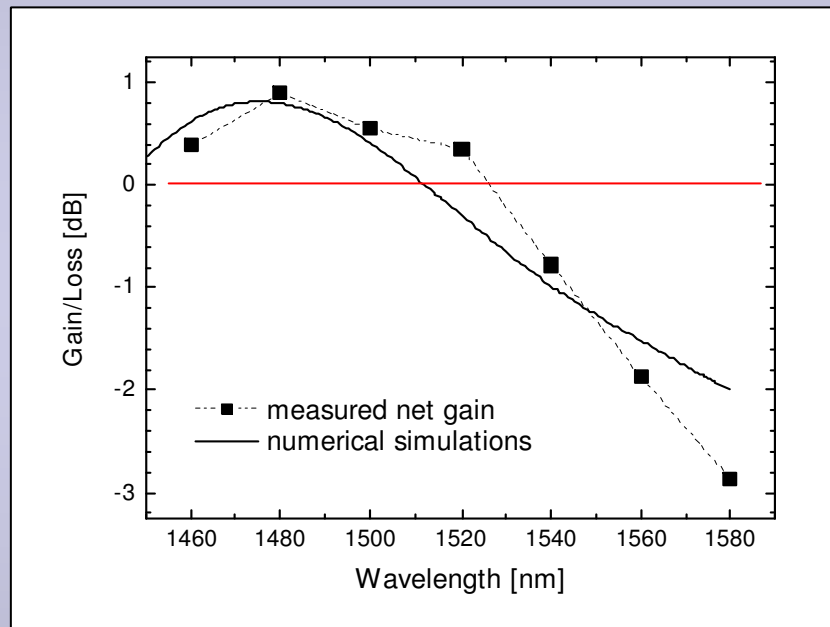


Kasik, V. Matejec, J. Kanka, P. Honzatko : Pure and Appl. Opt. **7** (1998) 457-465

I. Kasik, V. Matejec, M. Pospisilova, J. Kanka, J. Hora : Proc. SPIE **2777** (1995) 71-79

Tm³⁺ -doped fibers for WDM

- Goal : amplification at S-band - WDM
- Technol. challenge : special optical fiber fiber efficiently operating at S-band (~1470 nm) and compatible with network. Tm³⁺-Al₂O₃-GeO₂-SiO₂, high NA, narrow core fiber.



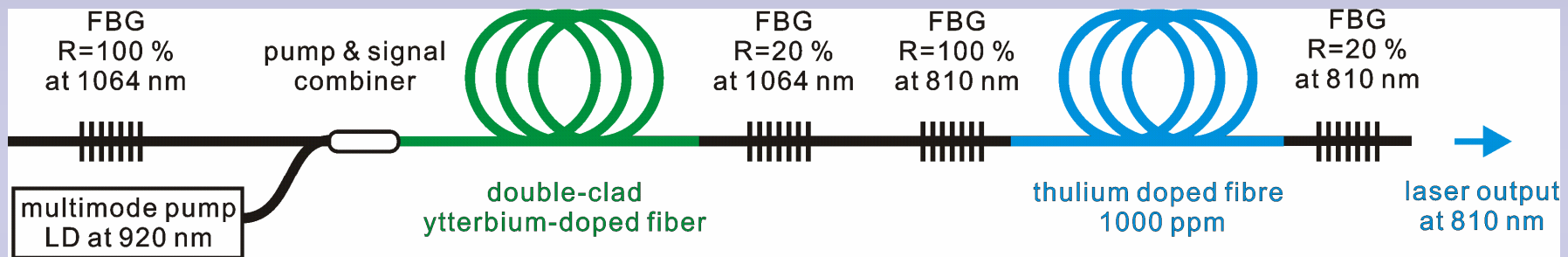
* P. Peterka, B. Faure, W. Blanc, M. Karasek and B. Dussardier, *Opt. & Quantum El.*, **36**, 201-212, 2004

* W. Blanc, P. Peterka, B. Faure, B. Dussardier, G. Monnom, I. Kasik, J. Kanka, D. Simpson, G. Baxter, *Proc. SPIE 6180*, 2006, 61800V.1-6

* P. Peterka, I. Kašík, V. Matějec, W. Blanc, B. Faure, B. Dussardier, G. Monnom, V. Kubeček, *Optical Materials* **30** (2007) 174-176

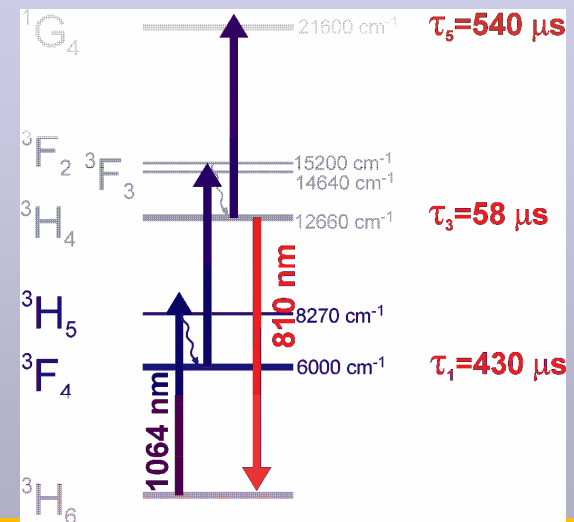
Tm³⁺ -doped fibers for fiber lasers

- Goal : a compact upconversion fiber laser operating **~810 nm**
- Technol. challenge : special optical fiber efficiently operating (~810 nm) - Tm³⁺-Al₂O₃-SiO₂ with enhanced 3H₄ lifetime.



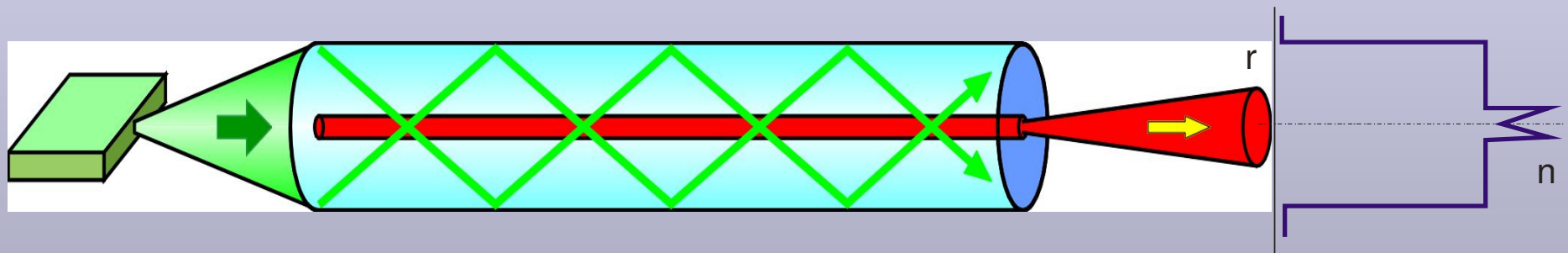
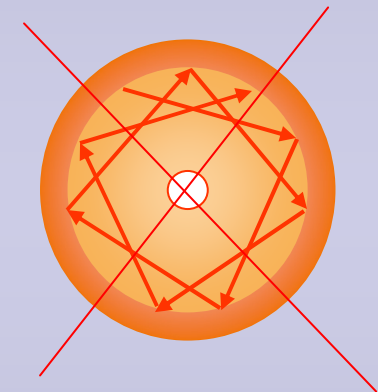
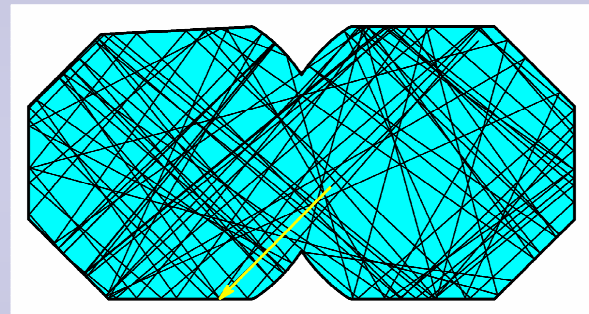
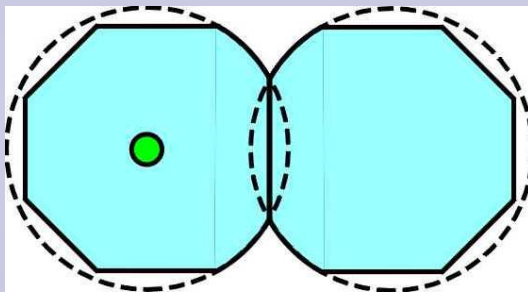
P. Peterka

* Peterka, I. Kašík, A. Dhar, B. Dussardier, W. Blanc, *High-power Lasers and Applications V (SPIE) 7843*, 2010, 78430A
 * P. Peterka, I. Kašík, A. Dhar, B. Dussardier, W. Blanc, *Optics Express 19* (2011) 2773-2781

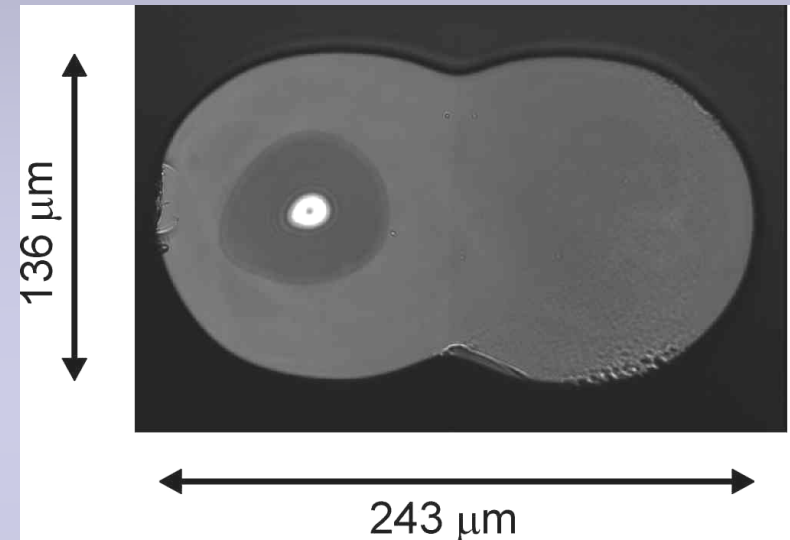
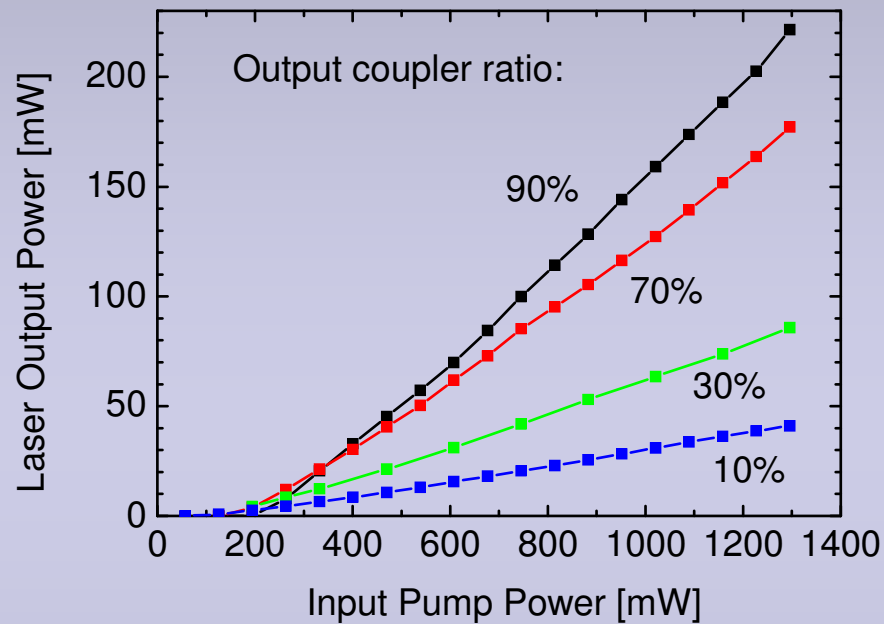


Double-clad (DC) doped optical fiber

- Goal: efficient pumping of fiber lasers (using LD, LED)
- Technol. challenge: special optical fiber of **Double-clad (DC) structure and doped core** of suitable shape for coupling



Double-clad (DC) doped optical fiber



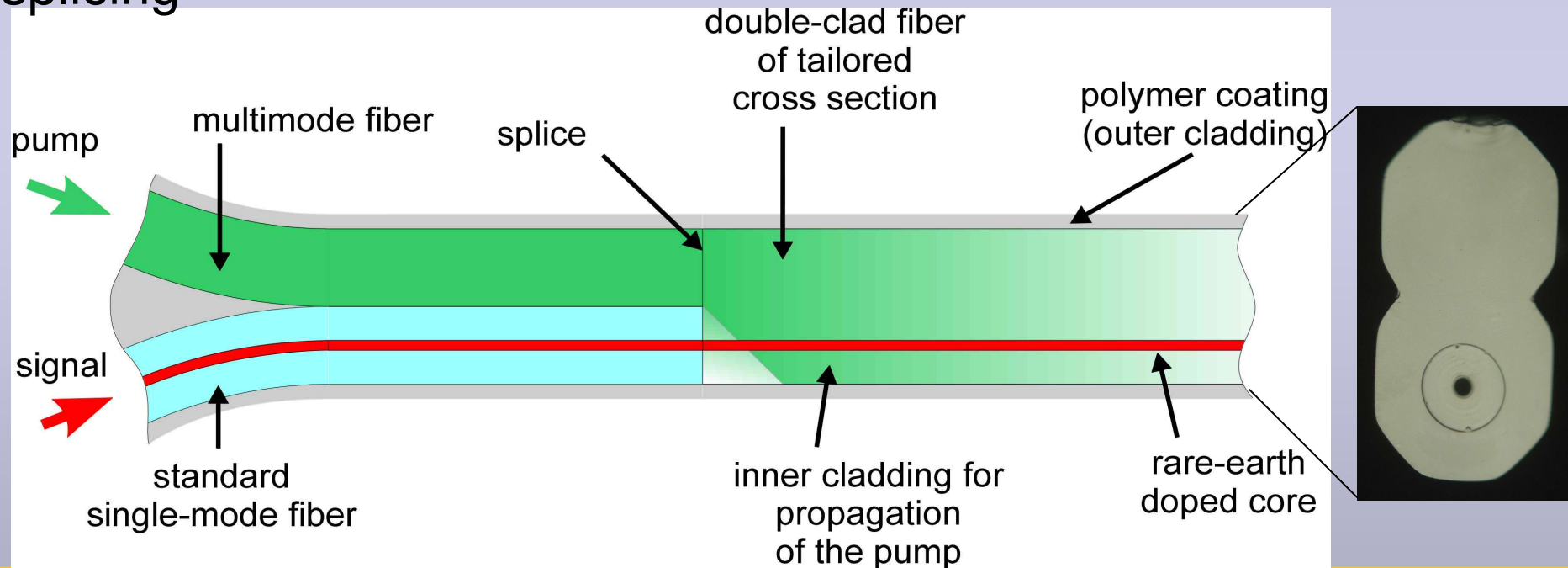
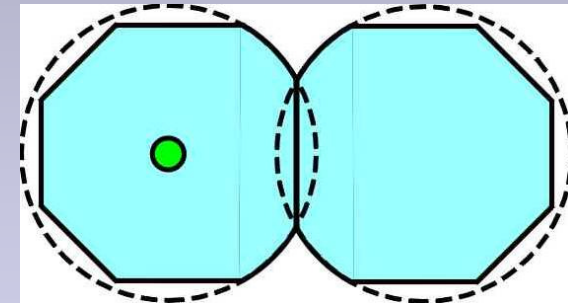
Max. PCE=19%; Yb/Er-doped DC fiber

- P. Peterka, I. Kasik, V. Matejec, V. Kubecek, P. Dvoracek, *Optics Letters*. **31** 22 (2006), 3240-3242
- P. Peterka, I. Kasik, V. Kubecek, V. Matejec, M. Hayer, P. Honzatko, A. Zavadilova, P. Dvoracek, *Proc. SPIE* **6180**, 2006, 618010.1-618010.6

Double-clad (DC) optical fiber

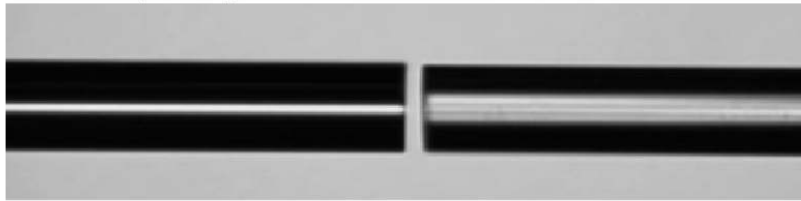
Goal: efficient coupling – efficient pumping
(easy to produce reproducibly)

Technol. challenge: special DC fiber of tailored structure suitable for conventional splicing



Double-clad (DC) optical fiber

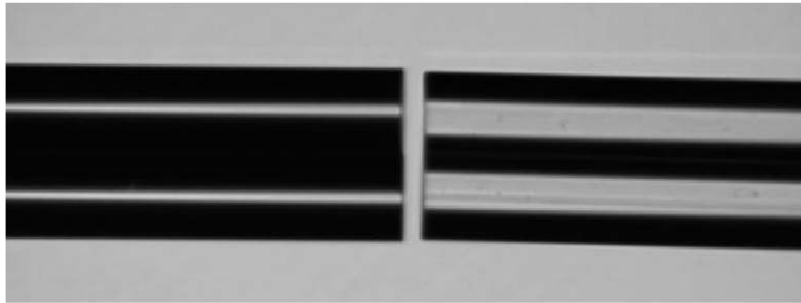
before splicing - side view :



multi-mode
circular fibre

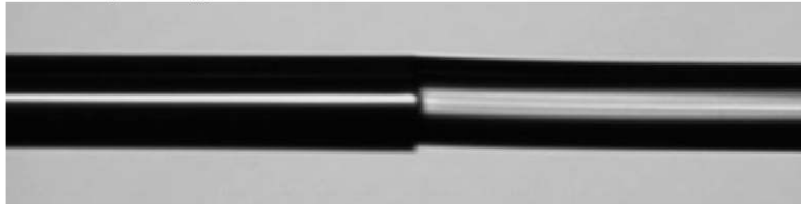
top view :

DC-fibre with tailored cross section

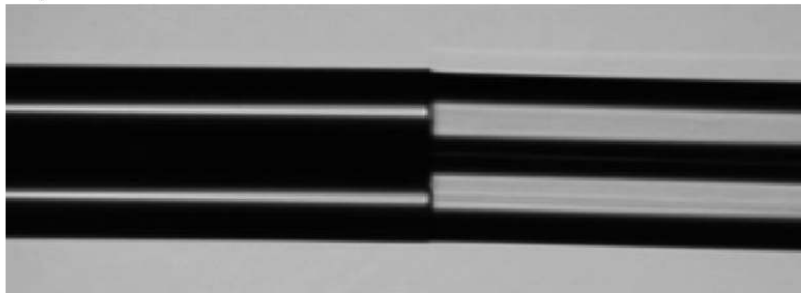


standard
single-mode
fibre

after splicing - side view :



top view :



* P. Peterka, I. Kašík, V. Kubeček, V. Matějec, M. Hayer, P. Honzátko, A. Zavadilová, P. Dvořáček, Proc. SPIE 6180, 2006, 618010

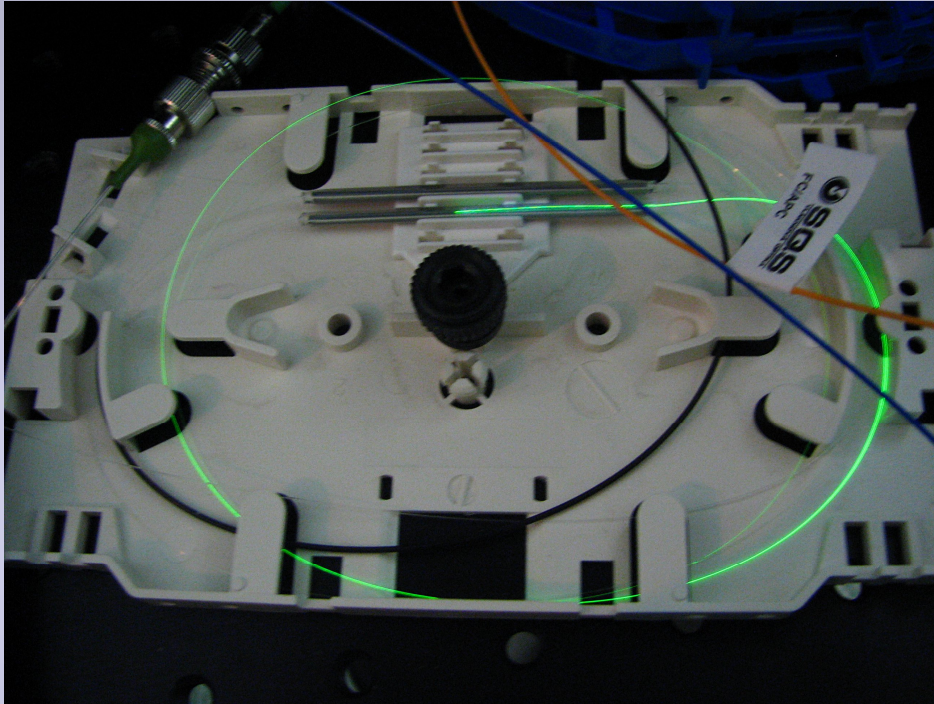
* P. Peterka, V. Kubecek, P. Dvoracek, I. Kasik, V. Matejec, Proc. CLEO/QELS'06 and PhAST - 2006, CTuQ7.pdf

* P. Peterka, I. Kasik, V. Matejec, J. Kanka, M. Karasek, M. Hayer, J. Slanicka, ECOC 2005, 755 – 756

* A. Zavadilová, V. Kubeček, I. Kašík, V. Matějec, Proc. OAA- Vienna, OSA Trends in Optics and Photonics Series 98, 2005, 526-530

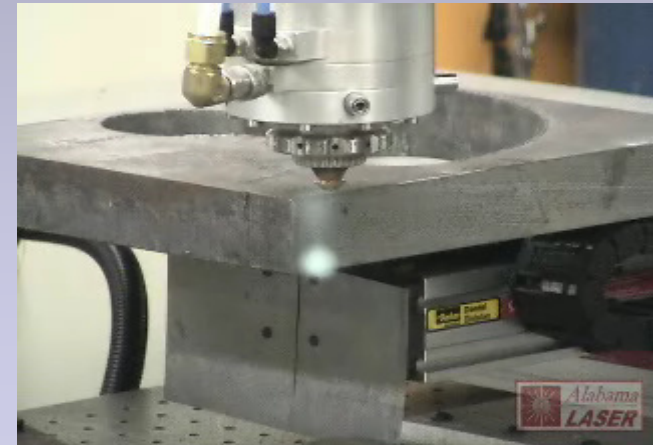
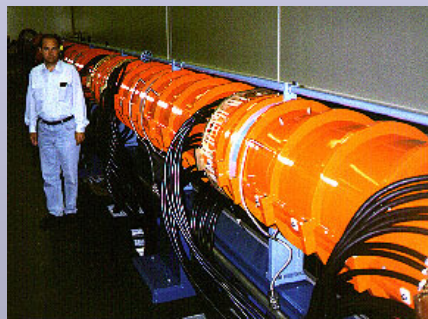
* P. Peterka et.al. : CZ Pat. 301215, 2009

High-power fiber lasers



Er- fiber laser,
pulse 197 fs,
5m rezonator
Liekki

PALS



Cutting, welding < 2kW

Intensity of light

Sun	63 MW/m ²
1W-fiber laser	12.7 GW/m ²

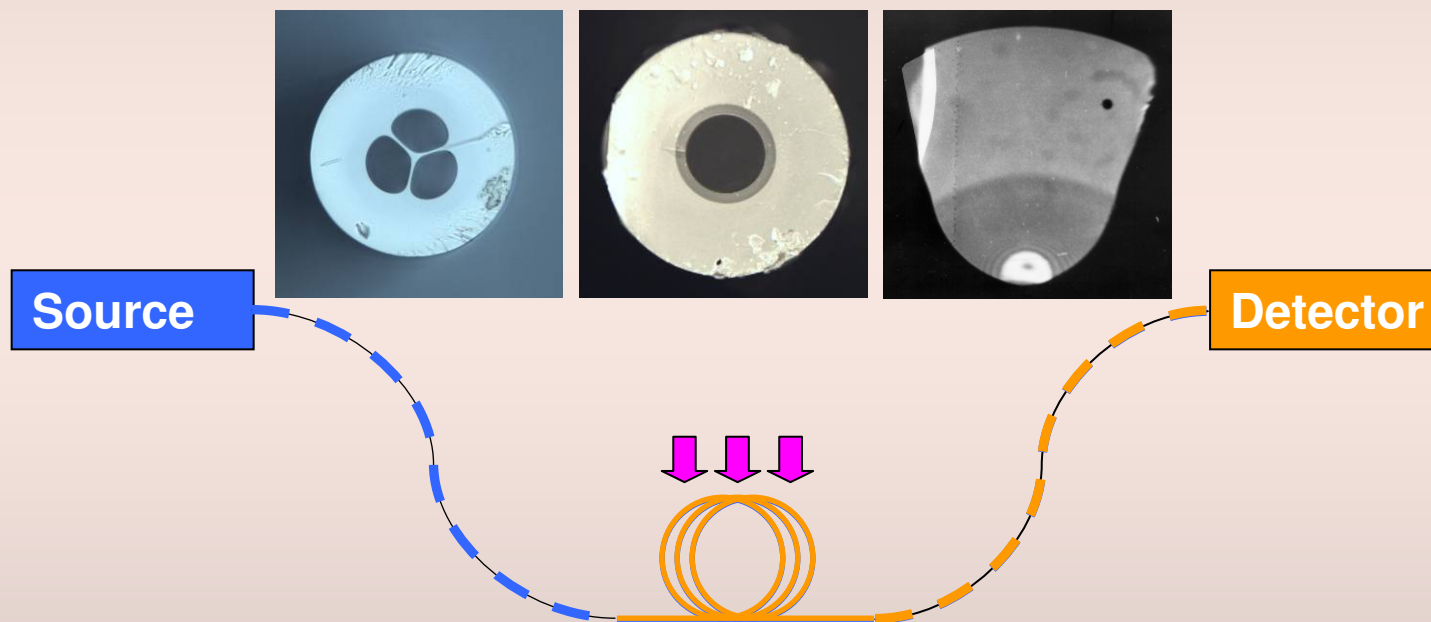
Telecommunication and fiber amplifiers



M.Karasek
in collaboration
with Cesnet :
**testing 200 km
line**

Fiber-optic sensors

Continual reversible monitoring of (bio)chemical species and their concentration



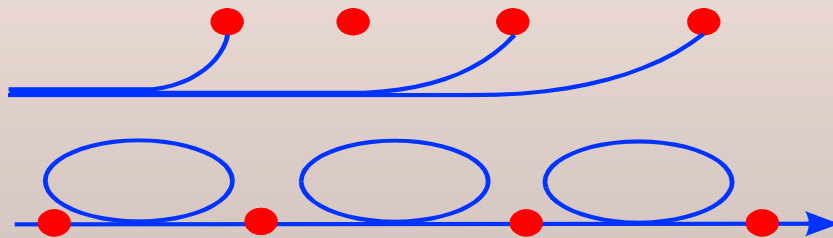
Change of output optical signal due to (bio)chemical changes in fiber vicinity.

Environmental monitoring, medicine, biology, homeland security

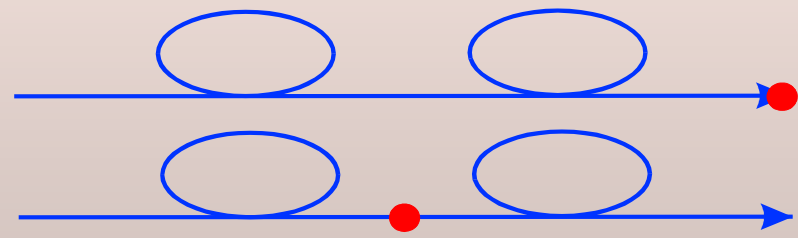
- + Remote sensing
- + Distributed
- + Explosive, high-voltage areas, human body

Solution : fiber-optic sensors

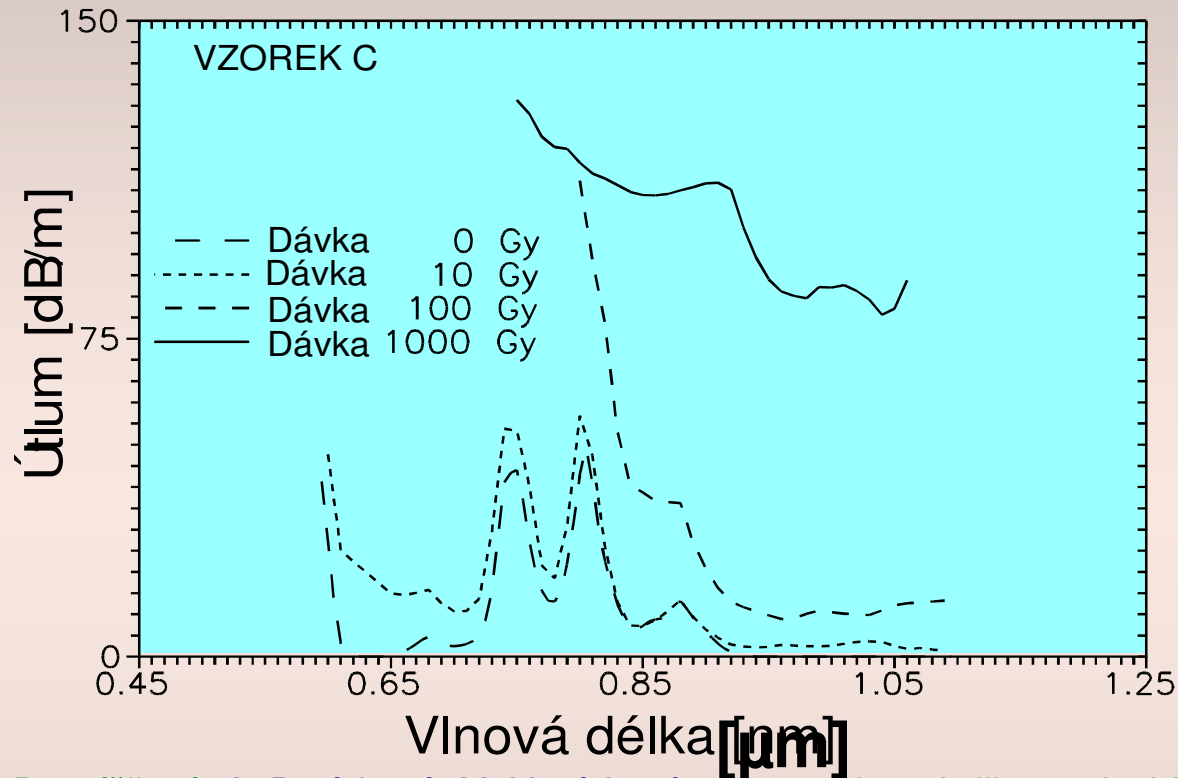
Multipoint (distributed) detection



Point detection



Remote detection : dosimetry

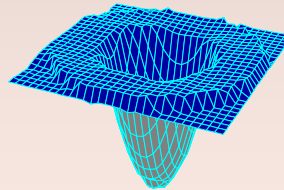
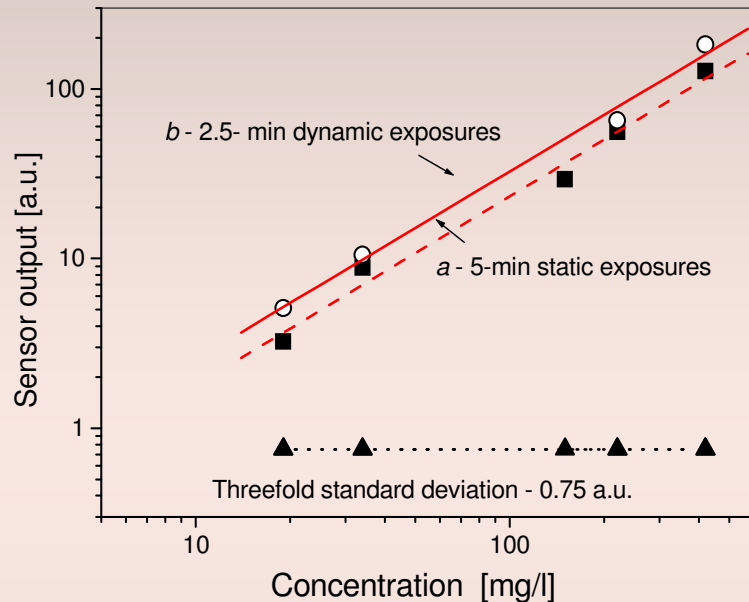


* V. Matějec, M. Pospíšilová, A. Daříčková, M. Vaníčková: „Attenuation of silica optical fibers in nuclear environment and its dependence on the properties of materials for fiber preparation“, *Optical Fibre Sensing and Systems In Nuclear Environments (SPIE)* **2425**, 1994, 63-72

* A. Daříčková, M. Vaníčková, V. Matějec, M. Pospíšilová: „Utilization of optical fibers in dosimetry“, *Applied Radiation and Isotopes* **46**, 1995, 471-472

* A. Daříčková, V. Matějec, M. Pospíšilová, M. Chomát, I. Kašík: „Silica optical fibers doped in the core with special dopants and their sensitivity to ionizing radiation“, *Proc. Photonics '95*, **2A**, Prague, 1995, 257-260

Distributed refractometric detection of hydrocarbons



Goal : enhancement of evanescent field (sensitivity)

Technol. challenge : special fiber of **tailored structure** (Inverted Graded-Index - IGI) or with **functionalized coating** (e.g. PDMS)

LOD ~ 3-5 mg/l ~ comparable to EU ecological limit

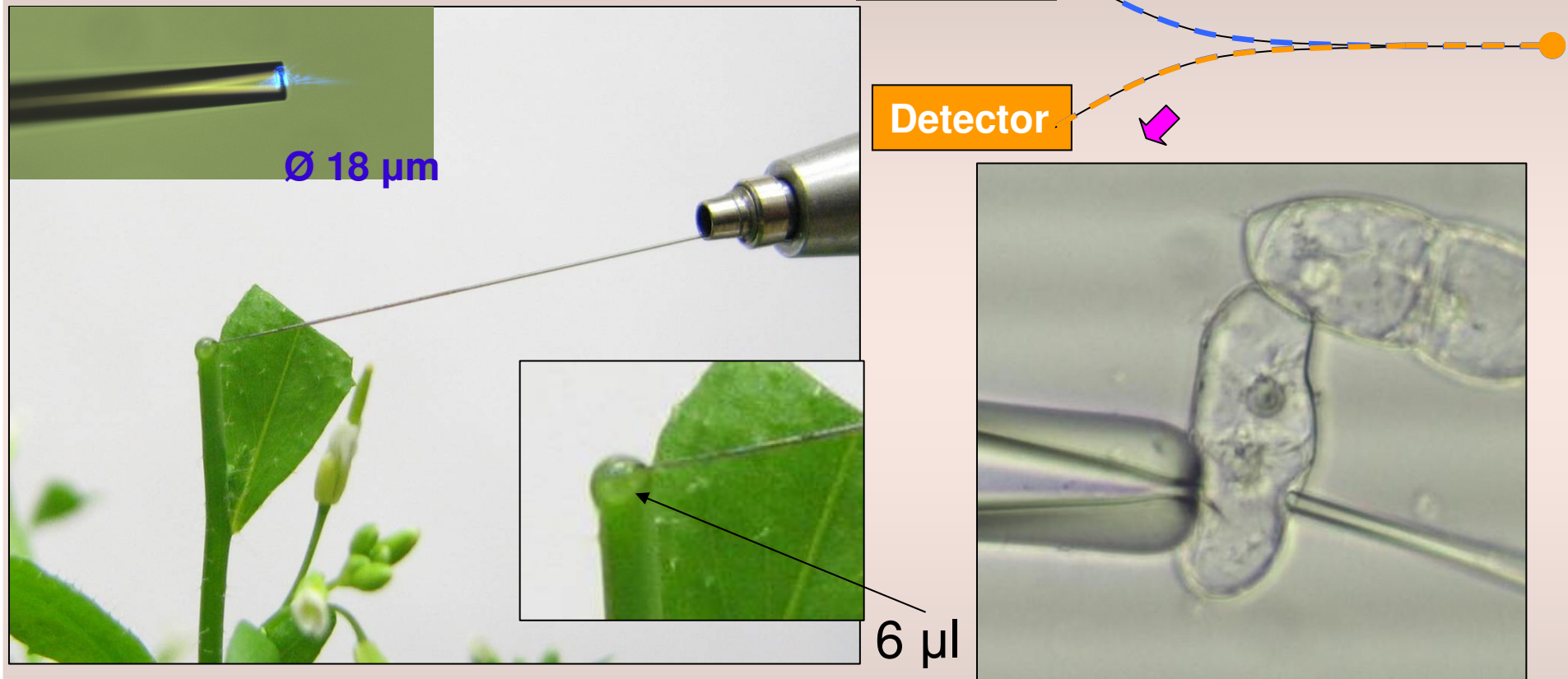
* K. Cherif, S. Hleli, A. Abdelghani, N. Jaffrezic-Renault, V. Matejec: *Sensors*, **2** (2002), 195-204

* V. Matejec, D. Berkova, M. Chomat, M. Zabrodsky : *Materials Science and Engineering C*- **21** (2002), 217-221

* M. Chomat, D. Berkova, V. Matejec, I. Kasik, G. Kuncova: *Sensors and Actuators* **B90** (2003), 151-156

In vivo detection of pH in biosamples

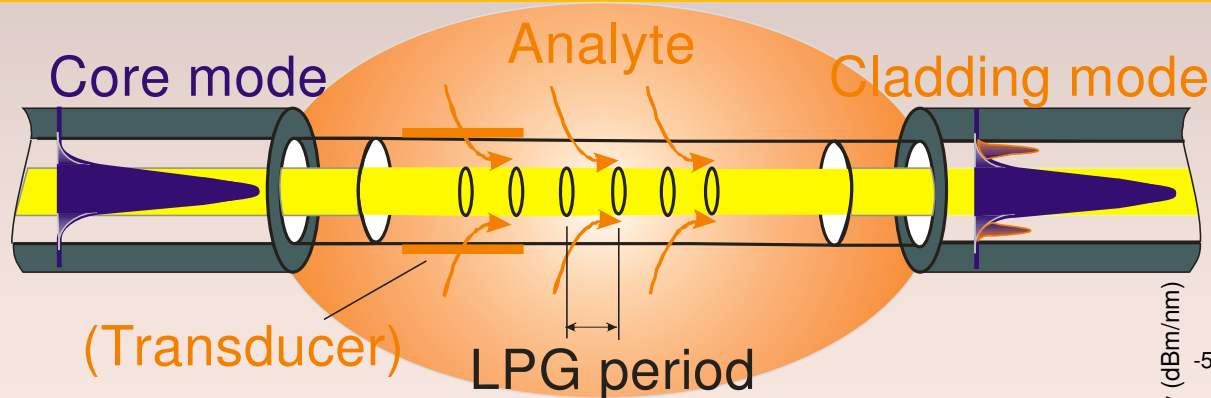
(droplets, cells)



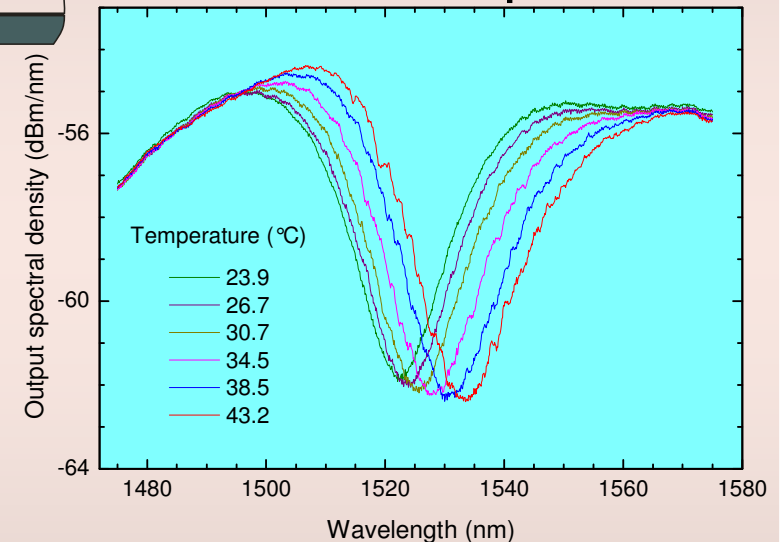
* I. Kašík, J. Mrázek, T. Martan, M. Pospíšilová, O. Podrazký, V. Matějec, K. Hoyerova, M. Kamínek, *Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry* **398** (2010) 1883-1889

* O. Podrazký, J. Mrázek, M. Seidl, I. Kašík, P. Tobiška, V. Matějec, T. Martan, J. Aubrecht, *Optical Sensing Technology and Applications (SPIE)* **6585**, 2007, 65850Y

Fiber sensors based on Long Period gratings (LPG)



transmission spectrum



In collaboration with FJFI GACR 102/06/1851

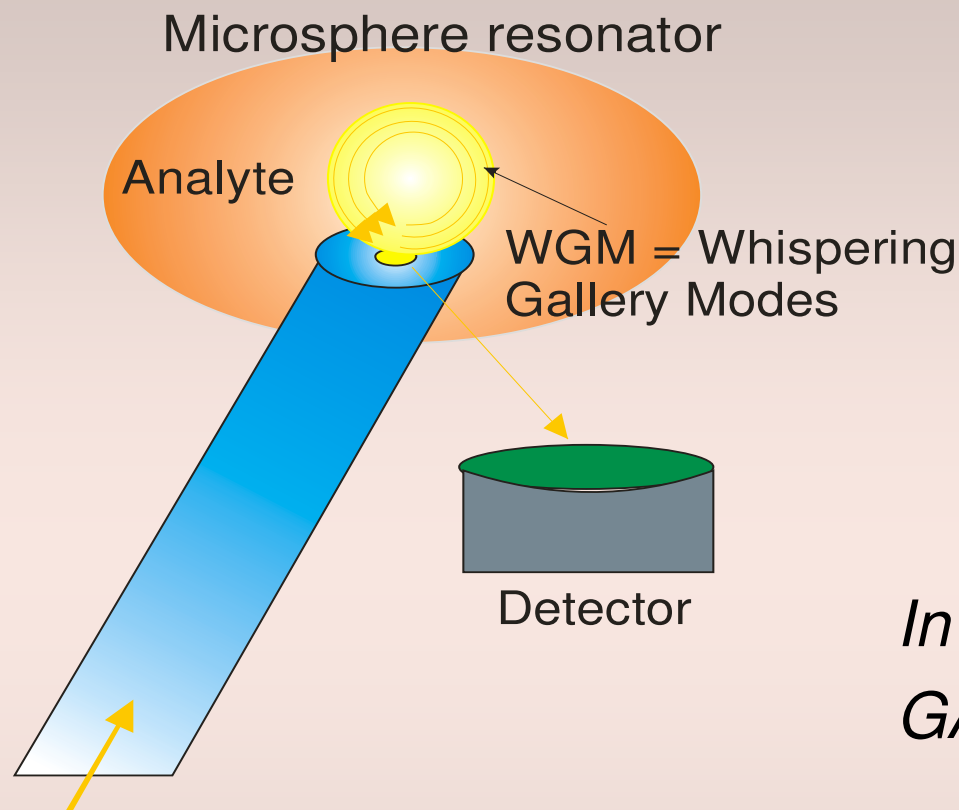
* M. Chomát, D. Berková, V. Matějec, I. Kašík, J. Kaňka, R. Slavík, A. Jančárek, P. Bitner, *Materials Science & Engineering C-biomimetic and Supramolecular Systems* **26** (2006) 457-461

* M. Chomát, V. Matějec, I. Kašík, J. Čtyroký, D. Berková, M. Hayer, J. Kaňka, F. Todorov, A. Jančárek, *Photonics, Devices, and Systems III (Proc. SPIE)* **6180**, 2006, 61800X

* M. Chomát, J. Čtyroký, D. Berková, V. Matějec, J. Kaňka, J. Skokánková, F. Todorov, A. Jančárek, P. Bittner, *Sensors and Actuators B-chemical* **119** (2006) 642-650

* M. Chomát, J. Čtyroký, D. Berková, V. Matějec, I. Kašík, J. Proboštová, F. Todorov, A. Jančárek, *Optical Sensing Technology and Applications (SPIE)* **6585**, 2007, 65850F.1-6580F.10.

Microresonators



*In collaboration with FJFI
GACR 102/09/1763*

* F. Todorov, M. Jelínek, V. Matějec, M. Chomát, V. Kubeček, D. Berková, R. Sedlář, *Micro-optics 2010 (Proc. SPIE) 7716*, 2010, 77161X

* F. Todorov, J. Čtyroký, V. Matějec, M. Chomát, D. Berková, I. Kašík, T. Martan, V. Kubeček, M. Jelínek, M. Fibrich, *Photonics, Devices and Systems V (Proc. SPIE) 8306*, 2011, 83060Q

* V. Matějec, M. Jelínek, F. Todorov, M. Chomát, V. Kubeček, D. Berková, T. Martan, *Sensor Letters 9* (2011) 2265-2267

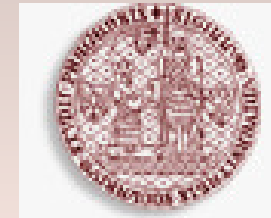
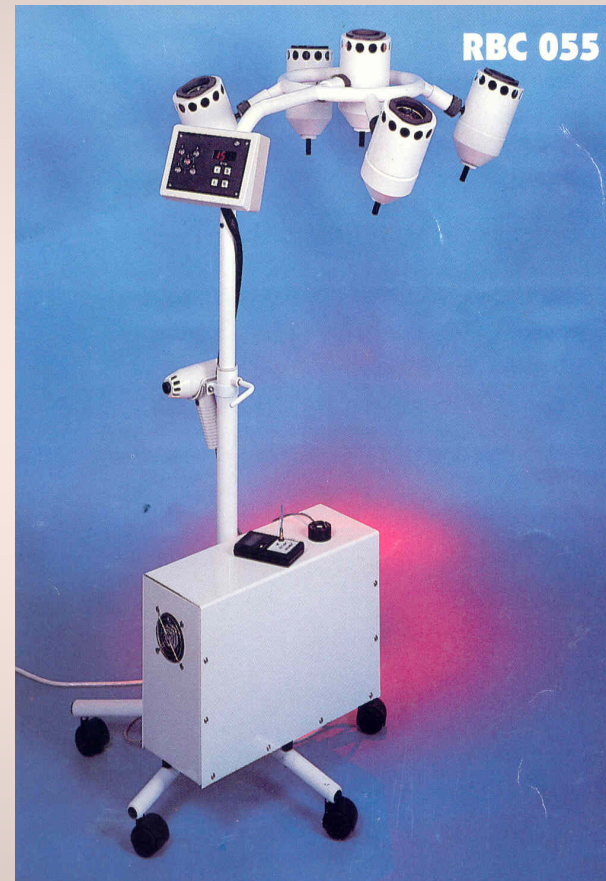
* F. Todorov, J. Čtyroký, M. Jelínek, M. Chomát, V. Matějec, V. Kubeček, T. Martan, D. Berková, *Sensor Letters 9* (2011) 2279-2282

Fiber-optics for medical application

- Angioplastics - cleaning of arteries using an intensive laser pulse *
- Fotodynamic diagnosis and therapy
- Optical biopsy - cancer diagnosis

* **Laser scalpel**

In collaboration



SUMMARY

1. **Fiber technology : preparation of structures of high preciseness from materials of ultra-high purity (impurities in ppbs only).**
2. **Fiber technology in two steps : preform preparation and fiber drawing.**
3. **Fibers conventional (passive) and special (active).**
4. **Optical fiber – one of the most important invention of 20th century – everyday use**
5. **Research of optical fibers (CR) :**



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- **J. Schrofel, K. Novotný** : *Optické vlnovody*, SNTL, 1986
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- Jemná mechanika a optika 55 (2010)
- Sdělovací technika 3/2011
- Panorama 21. století 3/2012
- ČT2 – PORT : Co dokážou lasery - 29/9/2010
- ČT2 – Věda a vědci : Zkrocené světlo - 6/10/2010
- ČT1 – České hlavy – 10/2/2006