

Seminar of the Department. 26

Thin Layers and nanostructures

Fyzikální ústav AVČR, Cukrovarnická 10, Praha 6

Date : 12. 02. 2019 , Tuesday
Time : 10:00 am
Place : Library, Building A, 1st floor

Topic

Investigation of Single Atom Magnets using Scanning Tunneling Microscopy enabled Electron Spin Resonance

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The smallest classical storage unit is a single atom bit. Its recent discovery in form of magnetically bistable holmium single atom magnets on MgO exemplified how miniaturization could be realized down to fundamental limits¹. Here we discuss the experiments leading to the observation of magnetic remanence¹, the reading and writing of single atom magnets², and the investigation of their thermal and magnetic stability³. Using STM enabled electron spin resonance^{4,5}, we find a magnetic moment of (10.1 ± 0.1) Bohr magnetons and we prove the magnetic origin of the tunneling bias voltage dependent 2-state switching observed with spin-polarized current. We briefly review the used measurement concept of ESR-STM and illustrate new avenues for this technique.

1. Donati, F. et al. Magnetic remanence in single atoms. *Science* 352, 318–321 (2016).
2. Natterer, F. D. et al. Reading and writing single-atom magnets. *Nature* 543, 226–228 (2017).
3. Natterer, F. D., Donati, F., Patthey, F. & Brune, H. Thermal and Magnetic-Field Stability of Holmium Single-Atom Magnets. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 121, 027201 (2018).
4. Baumann, S. et al. Electron paramagnetic resonance of individual atoms on a surface. *Science* 350, 417–420 (2015).
5. Natterer, F. D. et al. Upgrade of a low-temperature scanning tunneling microscope for electron-spin resonance. *ArXiv181003887 Cond-Mat Physics* (2018).

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