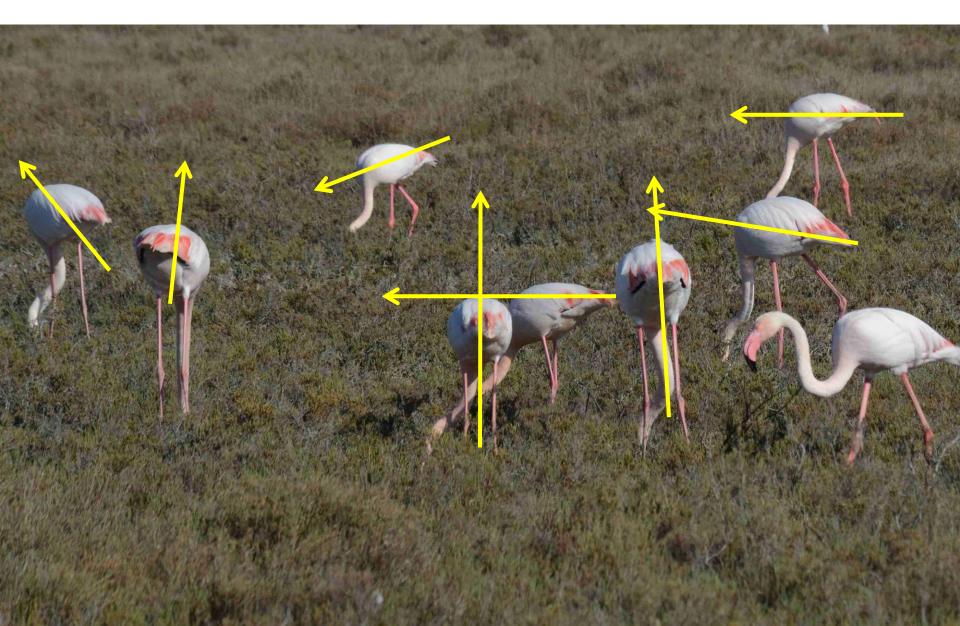
PN511

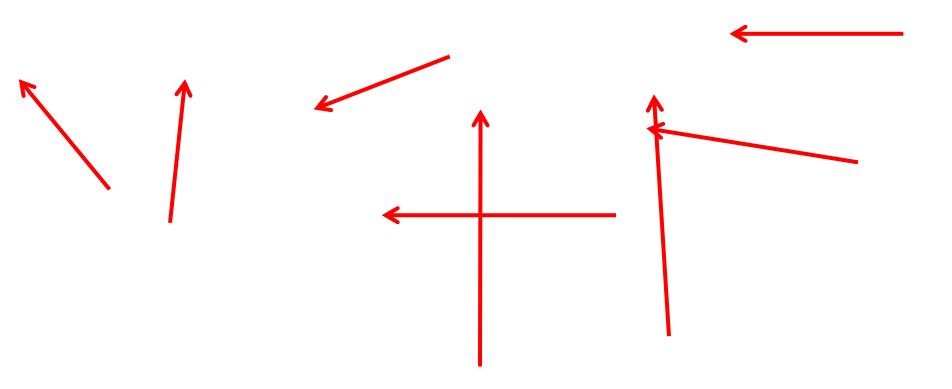
The code of each photograph includes information on locality (in this case Camargue, France), date (09.04.2015), time (16:15), weather (sunny), compass direction of photographing (190°)



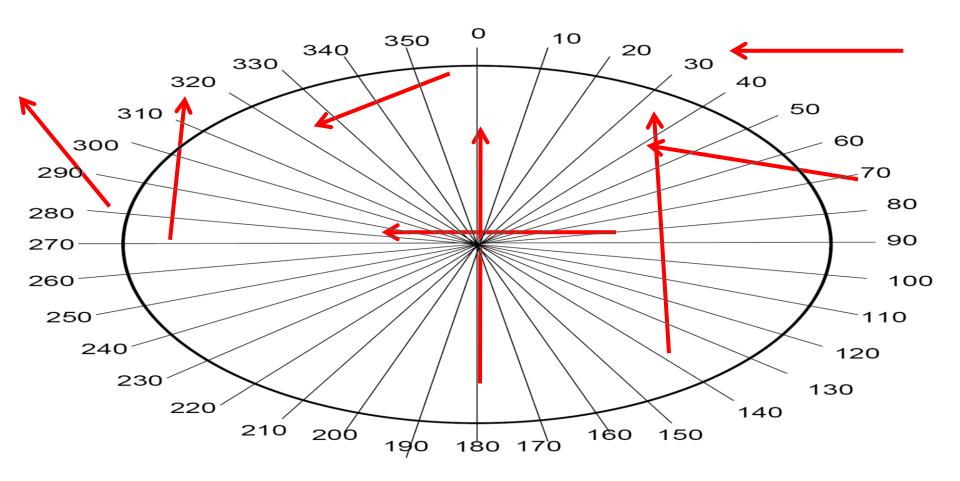
The photograph is cropped and blown up on the screen and arrows along the body axis (towards the head) of birds performing a specific activity (in this case **feeding**) are drawn.

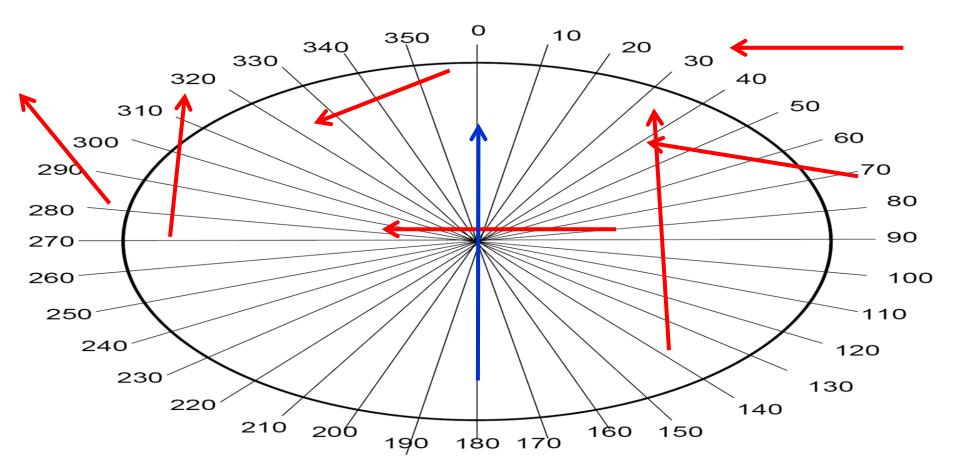


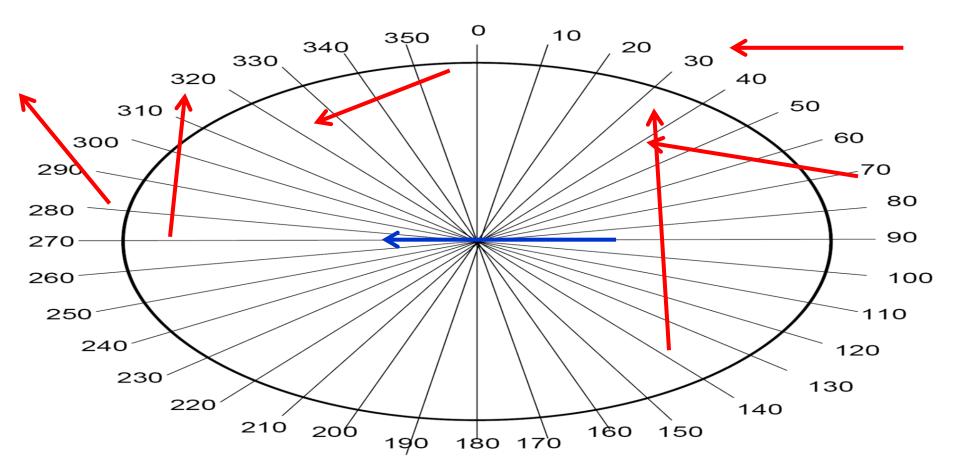
In the next step, the underlying photograph is removed. so that only arrows remain on the screen.



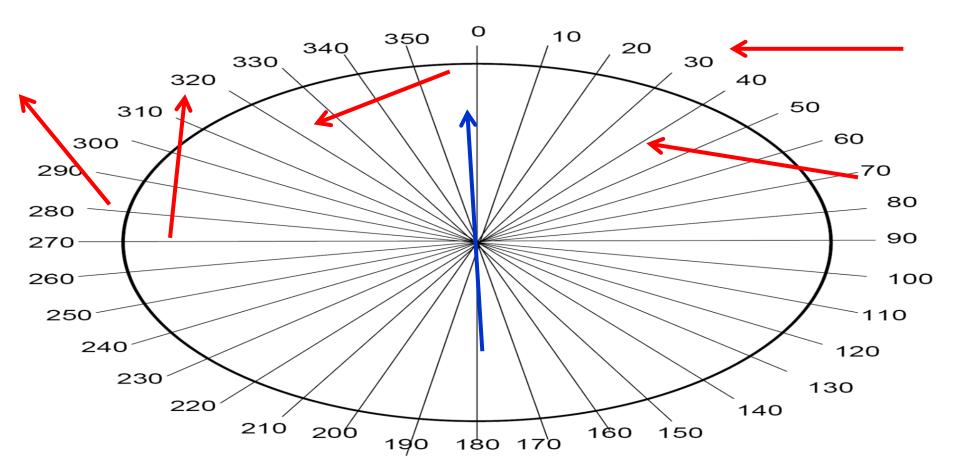
Subsequently, the compass rosette (the perspective of which was adapted to the perspective of the photograph) is added and arrows, one by one are drawn to the centre of the rosette, and after their bearing is noted they are removed, see subsequent screenshots

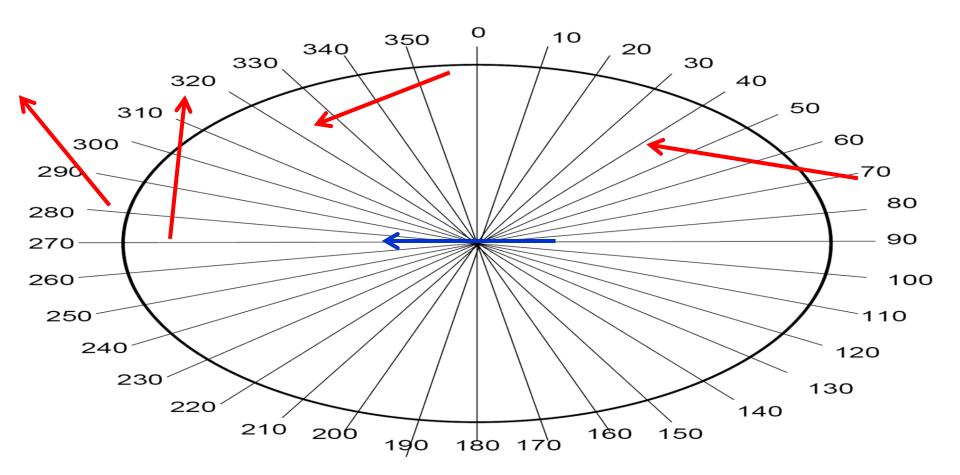


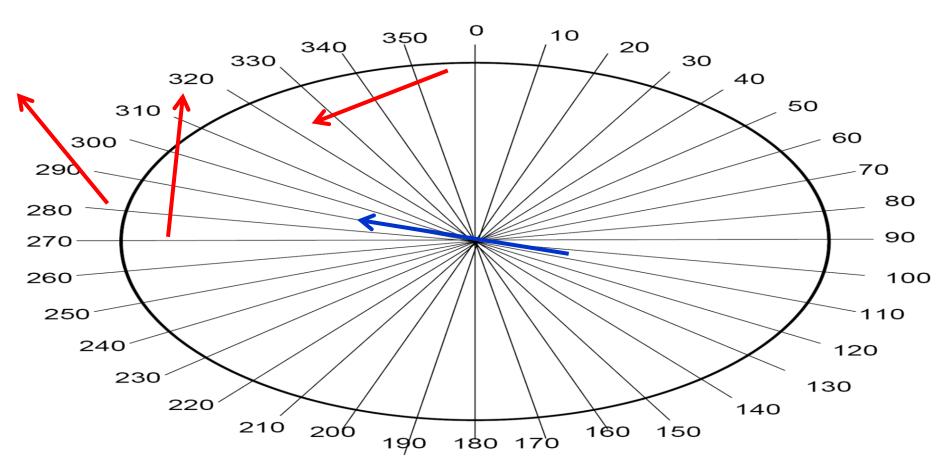


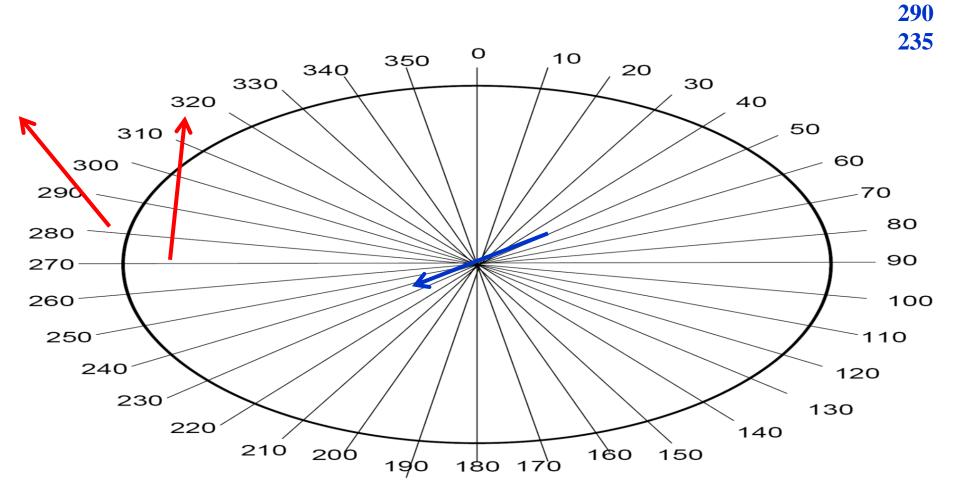


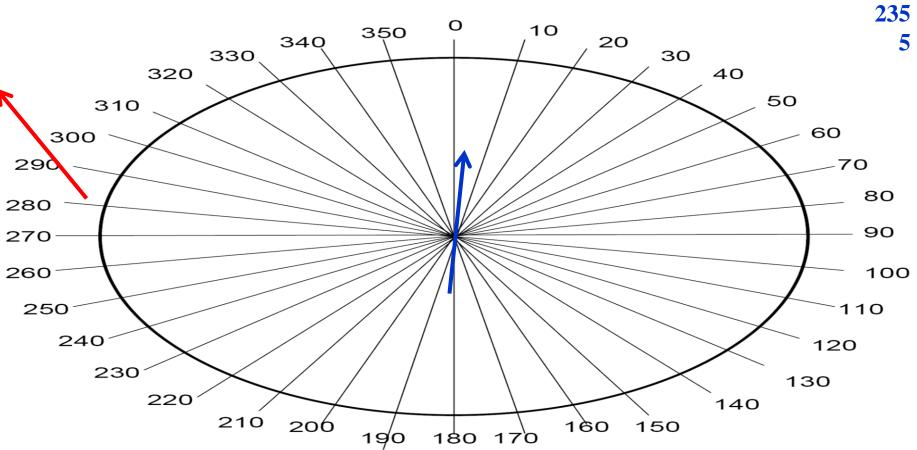
0 270

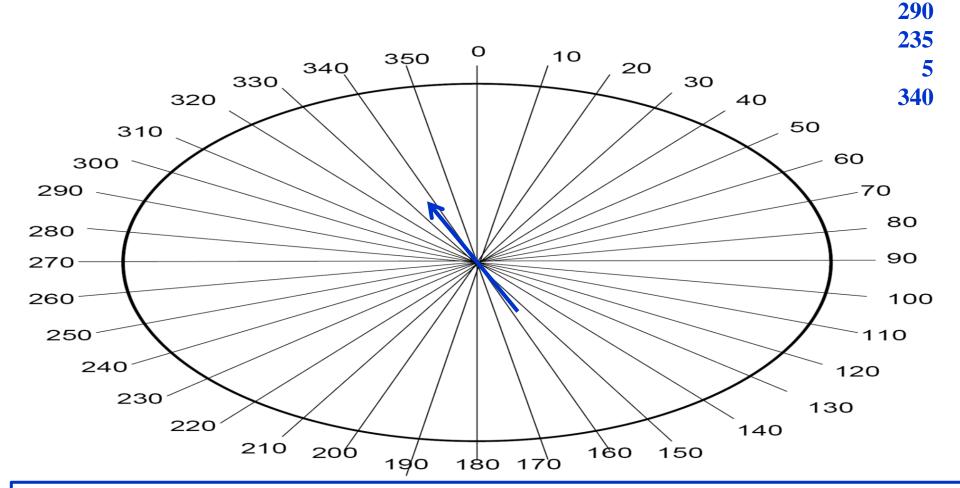












0

0

270

270

After bearings of all well recognizeable flamingos performing given activity on a given photograph (all the croppings) were measured, the values will be transferred to real absolute compass values by another team member who knows the true heading of the photograph.