

LABORATORY OF

ADAPTIVE IMMUNITY

Immunity, T cells, signalling, disease models

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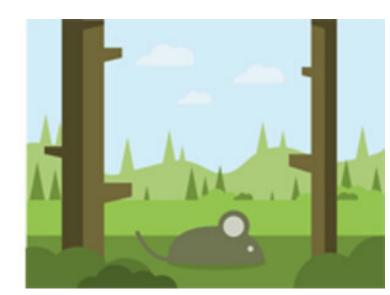
In the picture: 1. Prasai Avishek | 2. Cupák Ladislav | 3. Uleri Valeria | 4. Andreyeva Arina | 5. Kratochvílová Anna | 6. Janušová Šárka | 7. Mašková Kristýna | 8. Paprčková Darina | 9. Cesneková Michaela | 10. Neuwirth Aleš | 11. Sprague Carly | 12. Tsyklauri Oksana | 13. Štěpánek Ondřej | 14. Huranová Martina | 15. Ivashchenko Olha | 16. Cimermanová Veronika | 17. Niederlová Veronika | 18. Michálik Juraj

bodies. Unlike the vast majority of other somatic cells, each T cell is genetically unique, because it shuffles the pieces of DNA that encode its antigenic receptor. It means that each single T cell has its unique antigenic receptor with a unique specificity. We can compare the T cells to an army of soldiers, each of them carrying a unique weapon used in a specific situation. When the organism is infected with a pathogen, there are always a couple of T cells with the right weapon/receptor that initiate the adaptive immune response. On the other hand, too much of T-cell reactivity might induce friendly fire, or autoimmunity in immunological terms.

We elucidate how T cells make the proper fate decisions to elicit a potent immune protection and maintain self-tolerance at the same time. Our current research projects focus on the mechanisms of T-cell signalling via antigenic and germ-line encoded receptors, characterization of particular T-cell subsets, and mechanisms of signalling induced by a prominent T-cell cytokine, IL-17. Moreover, we study the biology of a protein complex called BBSome in immune cells and ciliated cells, to understand a rare disease called Bardet-Biedl Syndrome.







Impact of antigenic exposure on the immune system

Selected publications:

- 1. Knizkova D, Pribikova M, Draberova H, Semberova T, Trivic T, Synackova A, Ujevic A, Stefanovic J, <u>Drobek A, Huranova M, Niederlova V, Tsyklauri O, Neuwirth A, Tureckova J, Stepanek O*, Draber P*</u>: CMTM4 is a subunit of the IL-17 receptor and mediates autoimmune pathology. Nat Immunol 2022 23: 1644–1652
- 2. <u>Paprckova D, Niederlova V, Moudra A, Drobek A, Pribikova M, Janusova S,</u> Schober K, <u>Neuwirth A, Michalik J, Huranova M, Horkova V, Cesnekova M,</u> Simova M, Prochazka J, Balounova J, Busch DH, Sedlacek R, Schwarzer M, <u>Stepanek O*</u>: Self-reactivity of CD8 T-cell clones determines their differentiation status rather than their responsiveness in infections. Front Immunol 2022 13: 1009198.
- 3. <u>Tsyklauri O, Niederlova V, Forsythe E, Prasai A, Drobek A, Kasparek P, Sparks K, Trachtulec Z, Prochazka J, Sedlacek R, Beales P, Huranova M*, Stepanek O*: Bardet-Biedl Syndrome ciliopathy is linked to altered hematopoiesis and dysregulated self-tolerance. EMBO Rep 2021, e50785.</u>
- 4. <u>Draberova H, Janusova S, Knizkova D, Semberova T, Pribikova M, Ujevic A,</u> Harant K, Knapkova S, Hrdinka M, Fanfani V, Stracquadanio G, <u>Drobek A, Ruppova K, Stepanek O*,</u> <u>Draber P*</u>: Systematic analysis of the IL-17 receptor signalosome reveals a robust regulatory feedback loop. EMBO J 2020, e104202.
- 5. <u>Horkova V, Drobek A, Mueller D, Gubser C, Niederlova V, Wyss L, King CG, Zehn D, Stepanek O*</u>: Dynamics of the Coreceptor-LCK Interactions during T Cell Development Shape the Self-Reactivity of Peripheral CD4 and CD8 T Cells. Cell Rep 2020 30(5): 1504-1514.e7.