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LABORATORY OF **MOUSE MOLECULAR GENETICS**

hybrid sterility, Prdm9, meiotic recombination, mouse chromosome substitution strains

In the picture:

1. Liu Wang | 2. Václav Gergelits | 3. Petr Jansa | 4. Emil Parvanov | 5. Jana Perlová | 6. Diana Wiatrowska | 7. Soňa Gregorová | 8. Barbora Vališková | 9. Vladana Fotopulosová | 10. Jří Forejt Positional cloning of the first vertebrate hybrid sterility gene Prdm9 [Meisetz], encoding a meiotic histone H3 lysine-4 tri-methyltransferase, revealed a role for epigenetics and meiotic recombination in speciation and opened a window to a systems approach to the hybrid sterility gene network. The second hybrid sterility gene, Hstx2, showing Dobzhansky-Muller incompatibility with Prdm9, was mapped to a 4.7 Mb interval on Chromosome X. The same interval of mouse Chromosome X was shown to carry a major gene regulating meiotic recombination in male but not in female hybrids. Chromosome substitution, or consomic strains C57BL/6J-Chr # PWD/Ph/ForeJ, constructed in our laboratory are used for dissecting the genomic architecture of the sterility of Mus m. musculus x Mus m. domesticus hybrids and for many other quantitative traits of biomedical significance. Using chromosome substitution strains we have studied meiotic X-chromosome inactivation and pairing, and synapsis of homologous chromosomes in carriers of male-sterile autosomal rearrangements and in male-sterile inter-species hybrids.

Selected recent papers:

Forejt J: Genetics: Asymmetric breaks in DNA cause sterility. Nature. 2016 Feb 11;530 (7589):167-8.

Balcova M, Faltusova B, Gergelits V, Bhattacharyya T, Mihola O, Trachtulec Z, Knopf C, Fotopulosova V, Chvatalova I, Gregorova S, <u>Forejt J</u>: Hybrid Sterility Locus on Chromosome X Controls Meiotic Recombination Rate in Mouse. **PLoS Genet. 2016** Apr 22;12[4]:e1005906.

Eorejt J: Hybrid Sterility, Mouse. In: Reference Module in Life Sciences, from Brenner's Encyclopedia of Genetics (Second Edition), Elsevier ISBN: xxxx, Pages xx-xx, in press 2016. (e-book).



