# **COMPASS-U**

**Basic design issues** 

#### **Basic parameters of COMPASS-U**

#### **Basic dimensions and parameters:**

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R = 0.84 \text{ m}
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$$a = 0.28 \text{ m}$$

$$B_T = 5 T$$

$$lp = 2 MA$$

$$P_{NRI} = 4-5 MW$$

$$P_{FCRH} = 4 MW (170 GHZ) - later phase$$

Flat-top pulse length 1-5 sec

Aspect ratio = 3.2

Elongation = 1.7 - 1.9

Triangularity = 0.4 - 0.6

Plasma volume ~ 2 m<sup>3</sup>

Metallic first wall device

High-temperature operation ~ 300°C (maybe 500°C)

Single and double null geometry (possibly single and double snow-flake geometry upto 1 MA)

- Closed and well diagnosed high density divertors
- High power fluxes in the divertor  $(\lambda_q \sim 1 \text{ mm} => \approx 15 \text{ MW/m2})$
- Possibility to study physics of advanced modes (QH-mode, I-mode, EDA-mode, etc.)

High capability to address the key Plasma Exhaust Physics challenges

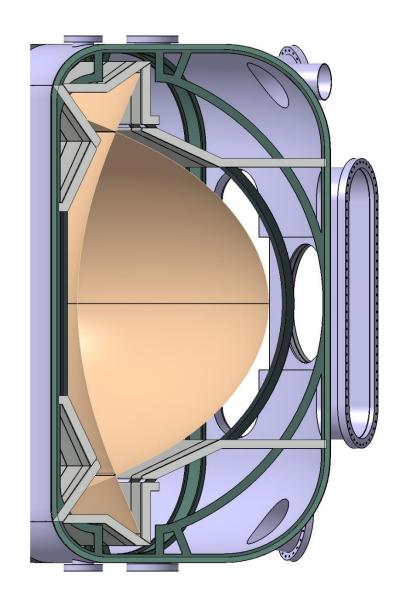
Design has to enable installation of Liquid Metal divertor technology (capillary porous system)

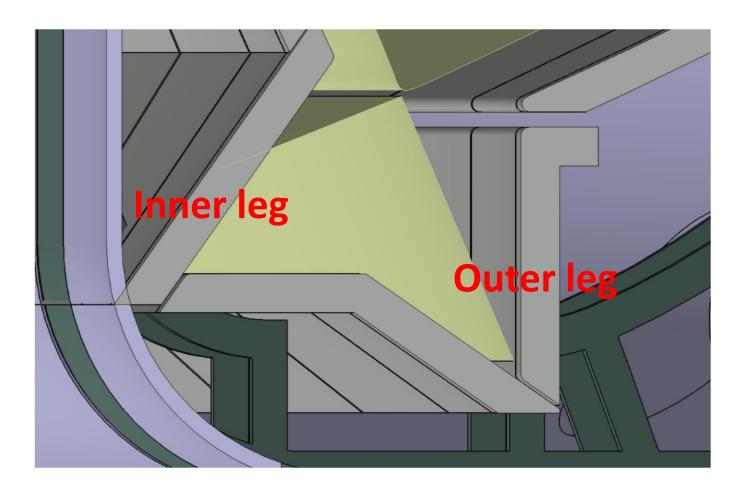
#### **Energy and power requirements for COMPASS-U:**

- TF coils: 70 MW, 130 MJ
- PF coils: <90 MW, <110 MJ
- Additional heating and reserves: 70 MW, 150 MJ (for later increase of additional heating)
- In total: 180-230 MW, 300-400 MJ

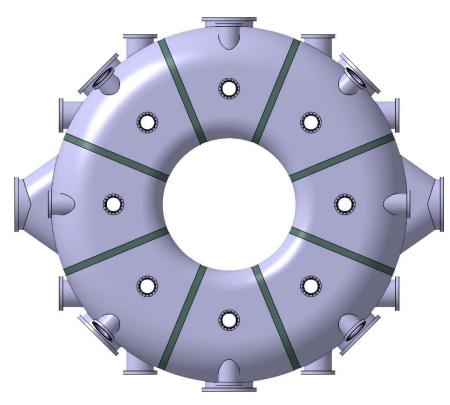
Single and double null configuration Horizontal ports DN150mm Inner ribs to hold limiters and magnetic diagnostics 56cm 100cm 150cm Closed divertors Large LFS ports 350 mm x 800 mm 32cm Horizontal ports DN150mm Vertical ports 51cm 4cm gap 3cm gap DN100mm

## **Details on divertor geometry**



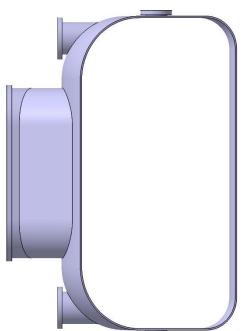


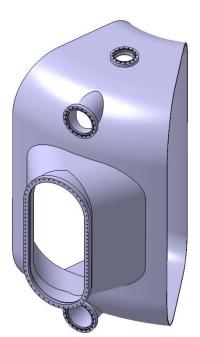
## General view on vacuum vessel and ports

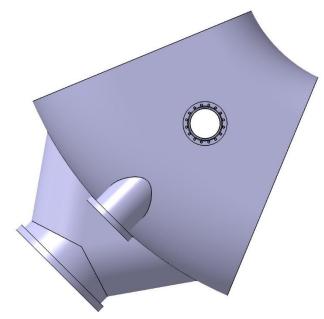


Top view on the vacuum vessel

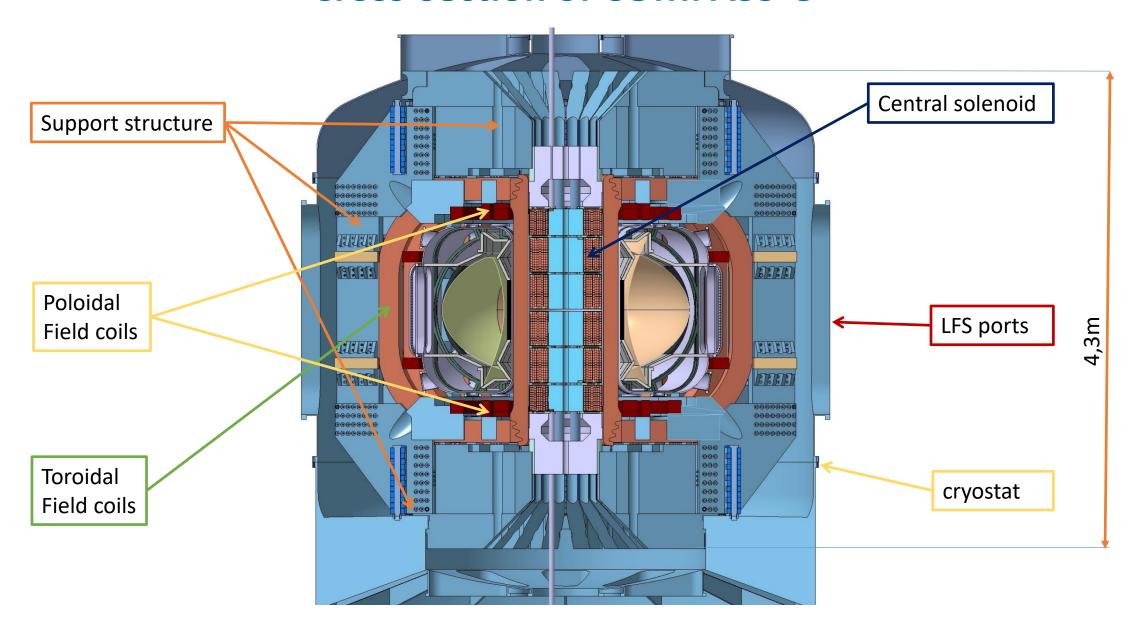
Large ports enabling also tangential vie





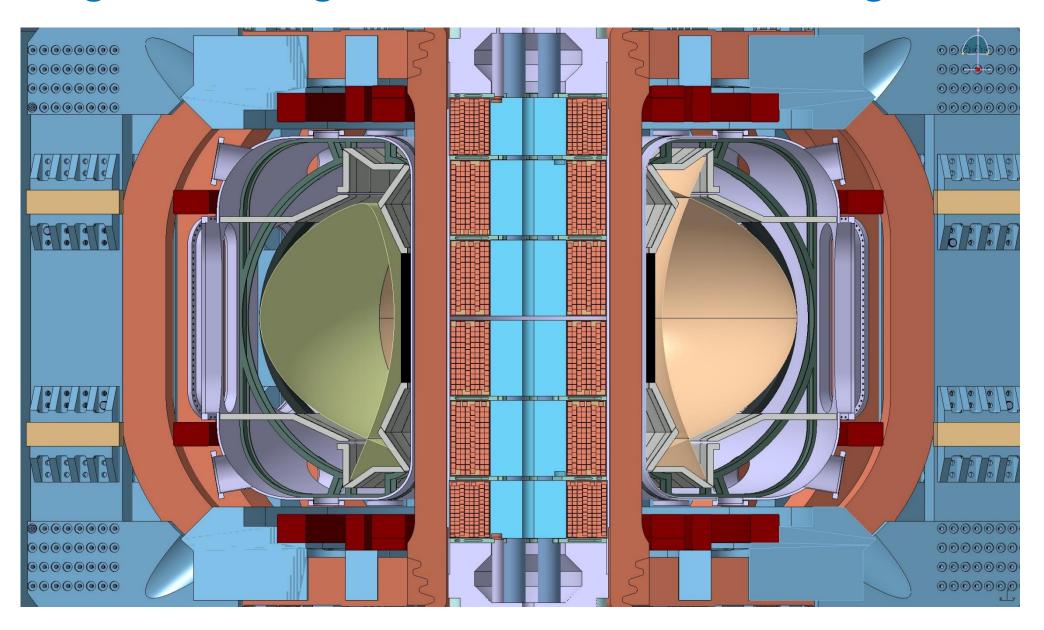


#### **Cross-section of COMPASS-U**



## **Single-null configuration**

#### **Double-null configuration**



## Top view on the vessel, coils and support structure

